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Krupp Arms Plant Hit By Two Tons of Bombs

R.A.F. Ranges Far and Wide In Search of Nazi Targets

London, Oct. 7.

TWO tons of high-explosive bombs were dropped on the Krupp armament factory at Essen in a lightning R.A.F. attack made from a high level on Saturday night, says the news service of the Air Ministry.

In addition to military objectives at Hamm, Osnabrueck, Cologne, shipping at Rotterdam and Brest and transport concentrations at Gravelines, targets included docks at Amsterdam and Flushing and the aerodromes at Schipol, Texel, Aldebroek and Bussum.

Weather conditions were extremely bad over the entire area of operations and bomber crews had to contend with severe frost conditions, violent electrical storms and widespread low clouds which necessitated blind-flying over a great part of the route.

Quays were smashed and a dry-dock damaged by salvoes of heavy bombs during an attack on Brest. One pilot reported that his bombs, which struck on a road by the side of one of the quays, caused a series of explosions as if ammunition sheds had been hit.

Raiding forces which succeeded in reaching the Ruhr, located an oil plant at Gelesnkirchen and for nearly half an hour the target was repeatedly bombed. A series of minor explosions followed the bursting of heavy bombs and incendiary bombs scattered across a factory area started several fires, one of which quickly developed into a great blaze.

Sidings Set Afire

In the raid on Hamm, explosions, followed by outbreaks of fire, were seen in goods yards. More fires were started in railway sidings near Osnabrueck, where heavy explosions occurred after bombs had burst.

At Rotterdam, heavy bombs burst along the dockside and buildings on the north bank, opposite the docks entrance, were set on fire. The dock area on the south side of the river was the chief target at Amsterdam and here great fires resulted from bombing. At Flushing heavy-calibre bombs, which struck a dock, started many explosions lasting ten minutes and caused fires which could be seen far out to sea.

Results of the "master plan" of the Royal Air Force for the scientific bombing of Germany since the start of the war were outlined for the first time in detail yesterday.

Formidable Blows Struck

The story of the formidable blows struck at more than 200 military targets is of particular interest with the appointment of the man who was responsible for their delivery to a position where he will direct the bigger R.A.F. offensive now planned. That man is the new Chief of the Air Staff, Sir Charles Portal, the relentless former Chief of the Bomber Command.

Maps and facts prepared by the Ministry of Information are supported by the full list of major bombing attacks over Germany between September 3, 1939, and the night of September 29/30, 1940, as reported by communiques issued by the Air Ministry. Minor bombing attacks, leaflet and reconnaissance flights are not included in this list.

Little fresh light, writes Mr. Ralph Walling, Reuter's air correspondent, is thrown on the "anti-invasion" campaign of the Royal Air Force, mainly directed against German-occupied territory, but the Ministry of Information points out that the bombing of barge concentrations at invasion ports not only removes the threat a Nazi landing in Great Britain but inflicts a severe handicap of Germany's use of an important form of her internal transport system inland waterways.

The Ministry makes this important observation in regard to the success of the "master plan" of bombing Germany proper:

[Reuter.

(Continued on page 2, col. 3 *)

Chiefs Discuss U.S. Fleet Plans

Washington's Diplomatic Circles Anxiously Await Decision on Disposition

Washington, Oct. 7.

Diplomatic circles today anxiously and nervously awaited the outcome of this morning's vital naval conference at which decisions as to the disposition of the United States Fleet, joint Anglo-American use of Singapore and American determination to maintain the status quo in the Far East may be discussed.

Admiral James O. Richardson, Commander-in-Chief of the United States Fleet, and Colonel Frank Knox, Navy Secretary, met this morning in conference. They were assisted by their aides.

With the Far Eastern situation hanging in the balance, Colonel Knox and Admiral Richardson were expected to discuss a wide range of subjects, bearing on the United States' ability to maintain its position as supporter of the status quo in the Far East.

F.E. Bases Question

Among the matters presumably to be examined are America's Far Eastern bases, including the possible joint Anglo-American use of Singapore and Australian bases.

Diplomats speculated that other naval questions which probably would be discussed included:

1. Whether the U.S. Fleet could be sent to the Philippine bases and used from there in an emergency.
2. Whether the fleet could remain indefinitely at its Hawaiian bases without endangering its effectiveness.
3. Could the Asiatic Fleet be strengthened?
4. What would be the relations between the newly-created Atlantic patrol force and the main fleet based in the Pacific?

Diplomats said the future mapping out of America's entire Far Eastern policy may hinge on the outcome of the conference.—United Press.

Further Changes Seen in Churchill Government

London, Oct. 7.

Further changes in the Churchill Government are expected to be announced shortly.

Miss Ellen Wilkinson, Parliamentary Secretary to the Minister of Pensions, will go to the Ministry of Home Security as Parliamentary Secretary in place of Mr. W. Mabane. This will place two Labour representatives in this Ministry, which deals with all problems of home security. It is thought that another Government post will be found for Mr. Mabane.—Reuter.

U.S. Expects Axis Powers to Turn Attention to the East

Gibralter and Suez Thought Lively to Be First Objectives of Campaign for Food and Oil

Washington, Oct. 7.

WITH Chancellor Adolf Hitler's plans for crushing Britain by air power apparently having reached a stalemate, military observers in Washington predicted today that Germany and Italy would turn their attention to the East during the coming winter.

Military observers here predict winter attacks by the Axis Powers against Gibraltar and Suez in an effort to reach vitally needed oil and food supplies. Such an offensive, it was pointed out, might be undertaken jointly by the combined German and Italian military machines.

Military experts here regard Turkey as the key to the entire Near Eastern situation because Turkey stands directly in the path of the new German move toward the Near East.

Turkey, it was pointed out, is friendly toward Britain and could be expected to resist German and Italian pressure. Some circles also believe that Soviet Russia fears an Axis thrust against her friend, Turkey, and may attempt to prevent any Axis military action against this key nation.

Turks May Be Obstacle

The Turkish Army, it was said, is well trained and well equipped and would prove a serious obstacle to any invader.

An alternate path which the Axis Powers might follow to the Near East, it was pointed out, runs through Africa, Egypt and Trans-Jordan.

Natural obstacles on this path to the Near East, however, are considered quite formidable. Italy, it was pointed out, is making slight progress in her drive across the desert toward Suez. It would be extremely difficult for Germany to supply any substantial reinforcements for the Italians in this region, it was said.

Military experts here pointed out that any Axis expansion in the Near East would further encircle the Soviet Union which already has potentially hostile Powers on her eastern and western borders. Consequently, Russia's reaction to the next Axis military moves will be closely watched for signs of increasing co-operation with Britain and the United States.—United Press.

Italian Threats

Rome, Oct. 7.

Axis war efforts will assume a new intensity as "the phase of meetings and political talks is now closed," Virginio Gayda predicted editorially in the "Giornale d'Italia" here yesterday.

"Soon we shall see their effects. Plans and timing will reveal themselves at the right moment, as ever on our own initiative.

"Thus also will be answered the gossip of the alleged failure of the German *Blitzkrieg* against Britain and the Italian drive in Africa.

"The history of this war already has shown that a lightning war is only the deciding phase of long prepared action exploding with irresistible violence," the writer declared.

Gayda warned in closing, "the same will happen in the forthcoming axis operations."—Domei.

Hit-and-Run Nazi Planes Are Repulsed

German Aircraft Driven Away From London

London, Oct. 7.

Hit-and-run German raiders began their activities over Great Britain early yesterday. Taking advantage of a low cloud, several German planes crossed the coast and flew towards London. They were met by intense anti-aircraft fire and were turned back before they could reach the centre of the city.

In the north-west district of the capital, a lone German bomber swooped out of the clouds and dropped a number of bombs. A Spitfire got on its tail and the German crashed.

Later, during the second alert in the London area, enemy planes, flying singly passed up the Thames estuary in the direction of London, while enemy planes were again seen over the north-west district of the metropolis.

During yesterday morning's air battles over south-east England, a German fighter was shot down.

"During Sunday, enemy aircraft, flying singly or in small formations, made attacks on a number of places in south-east England and the London area," says a communique issued by the Air Ministry last night.

Machine-Gun Attacks

"Few bombs were dropped in the east Midlands and East Anglia. At Folkestone and a town in Northamptonshire, high-explosive bombs demolished some houses and caused a small number of casualties, some fatal. At several other places, enemy aircraft dived from the clouds, delivered short bursts of machine-gun fire and quckly flew off. Few persons were injured as a result of these attacks.

"Elsewhere, though bombs fell in a number of widely-separated places, little damage was caused and the number of casualties was small. Weather conditions made interception by our fighters difficult, but reports so far received show that one enemy bomber was shot down."

During the week ending at midnight October 5, confirmed German plane losses in battles over Great Britain amounted to 104 machines, not including machines damaged or probably lost. On the basis of confirmed plane losses alone, German pilot losses are estimated to exceed 250 men. In the same period, the Royal Air Force lost 40 machines in or around Great Britain, but from these 21 were saved.—Reuter.

Peaceful Midnight

London, Oct. 7.

For the first time since September 7, no raid on London was in progress at midnight last night and there had been no activity in the London area since the all-clear signal sounded earlier in the evening.

Occasional gun flashes could be seen a considerable distance east of London, but German raiders appeared to be avoiding London's massive anti-aircraft batteries, the most powerful ever assembled.

German attacks on other sections of the British Isles also dwindled late yesterday and at midnight no reports of German night raids had been received from other parts of England since dusk.—United Press.

Opening of Burma Highway Rumoured

London, Oct. 7.

Mr. Winston Churchill, British Prime Minister, notified Dr. Quo Tai-shi, Chinese Ambassador to London, on October 3 that the Burma-Yunnan highway will be reopened October 18, following expiration of the closure period, reliable sources reported here today.

Following consultation with the United States, the British decision would be made public in the House of Commons this week, it was understood.

Meanwhile, it was recalled that the British Government had held frequent cabinet meetings since the conclusion of the Tripartite Pact and a decision to maintain policies aiming at a readjustment of relations between Japan and Britain had been made.—Domei.

Huge Air Battles Over Britain

London, Oct. 7.

After the quietest night since the beginning of the air Blitzkrieg, the battle of Britain flared up again today when terrific battles were fought out between German and British aircraft.

Early reports indicate that a number of enemy raiders were shot down, including two bombers and a fighter. The centre of the air assault was the Kent coast, where a large formation of bombers accompanied by hordes of protecting Messerschmitts was broken up by fighters.

In the London area bombs were dropped at several places. Property was damaged and a number of persons killed. Some victims were buried under debris.—Reuter.

Nazi Bomber Crashes on House

The wreckage of a Junkers bomber, which hit a house and fell in a street after being shot down by the R.A.F. over a south coast town in England. The house, which the bomber struck, fortunately was unoccupied.

German Troops Take Over Rumanian Oil Fields

Complete Division Expected to Follow Vanguard; Headquarters Established in Bucharest

Bucharest, Oct. 7.

FOUR or five trainloads of German soldiers totalling less than a division have arrived in Rumania during the past 24 hours, reliable quarters reported here early today.

A complete German division, numbering about 15,000 men, is expected to arrive in Rumania within the next 24 hours, it was said.

The German troops apparently were taking over control of Rumanian oil fields.

Three German divisions were reported to have been ear-marked for Rumania, but this figure could not be confirmed officially.

Rumanian quarters hinted that the arrival of German forces and the despatch of Italian troops were the direct consequence of the arrest of Britons accused of plotting sabotage.

Neutral quarters, however, pointed out that Russia might not interpret the Italo-German move as a measure to protect the oil fields, especially if several divisions arrived in Rumania.

The German troops which have arrived in Rumania thus far were reported to be based in the oil field areas between Polesti and Port Gurgiuon on the Danube.

Barracks Evacuated

A German expeditionary corps already has established headquarters in Bucharest and made contact last night with the Rumanian General Staff. Rumanian Army barracks were evacuated in the oil field areas last night to house the German troops.

Arrival of German troops in Rumania followed predictions by foreign diplomatic quarters last night that Germany and Italy were prepared to strengthen immediately all phases of military cooperation between the Axis Powers and Rumania.

Evidence of closer Rumanian collaboration with the Axis Powers was seen here yesterday when the Rumanian Premier, Gen. Jon Antonescu, former opponent of the Iron Guards, created a sensation by appearing for the first time in the green shirt of the Iron Guardists before a huge Sunday rally of Iron Guards in Bucharest.

The German troops apparently were taking over control of Rumanian oil fields.

Axis Approval Expected

Within the next three or four days, it was understood, Germany and Italy would signify their approval of the Antonescu Government, now controlled by the Iron Guards.

Italo-German approval of the present regime in Rumania is expected to result in placing into more definite form the promise made by Germany and Italy at the Vienna Conference to protect Rumania against aggression.—United Press.

Rumanians Still Holding Briton

Kidnapped Man Confined To Bed with Injuries From Treatment

Bucharest, Oct. 7.

Sir Reginald Hoare, British Minister to Rumania, went to Ploesti on Saturday and saw Mr. Percy Clark, British engineer, who was still in bed and hardly able to move as a result of the limb-twisting to which he had been subjected during his abduction.

His abductors, several Rumanian youths, it is learned, offered to release him for 10,000 lei. Mr. Clark paid the money and was allowed to go.

When he was a short distance from his captors, more young men fired at him with revolvers, but without hitting him.

A party of 280 Rumanian intellectuals from Hungarian-occupied Transylvania has arrived at Curtici, Rumania, in goods trains, says the semi-official Bucharest agency.

The Rumanians declared they had been ordered to leave without warning by Hungarian authorities.

The Hungarian Government has been "compelled to take reprisals and expel certain Rumanians" because of the "intransigent attitude" of Rumanian authorities in negotiations for the return of refugees, says a fraction of the number of Hungarians expelled by the Rumanians.

"If Rumania continues these expulsions, Hungary will be compelled to take stronger reprisals," the statement warns.—Reuter.

Yugoslav-Russian Relations

London, Oct. 7.

Yugoslavia could give a good account of herself if opposed only by Italy, but unfortunately a large part of the Yugoslavian frontier now backs upon Germany and this double pressure might prove a severe strain even upon the indomitable spirit of the Serbs, observers in London point out.

The position of Bulgaria is exceedingly interesting. Bulgaria is grateful to the Axis for help in obtaining a satisfactory settlement of the Dobrudja question.—Reuter.

Mr. Suma Declares U.S. Attitude Bars Way to Readjustment of Relations

Agreement Said Prevented By Washington's Stand For Settlement of Outstanding Issues First

Tokyo, Oct. 7.

The Japanese Foreign Office spokesmas, Mr. Yakichiro Suma, told the press here today that the attitude of the United States toward Japan prevents any concrete outline of a programme for the readjustment of Japanese-American relations at the present time.

Mr. Suma said there was no hope presently for a basic readjustment of Japanese-American relations because Washington insists on settling pending issues between the two countries first.

Asked whether there had been any indication that the United States had accepted the invitation of Premier Prince Fumimaro Konoye for American "understanding" of Japan's programme in East Asia, Mr. Suma replied: "We must be patient for official word from Washington."

Mr. Suma said that the United States, "which has been very keen to rectify pending cases in China," had not yet made any concrete suggestions on which general talks could be held.

Mr. Suma said he could not comment on questions regarding Japan's attitude toward any American commission of investgation which might come to Japan to determine conditions there as suggested recently by Mr. Roy Howard, head of the Scripps-Howard newspapers.

Mr. Suma avoided giving a direct answer when asked whether American embargoes against Japan would be considered by the Japanese government as a challenge. He stated he had already said everything along this line that he could say and that in spite of this, the United States had declared further embargoes.

Mr. Suma said that Japan had taken no action yet regarding the expiration of the Anglo-Japanese agreement for the closure of the Burma Highway, which ends on October 17, and declined to say whether Japan planned any immediate steps in this direction.

One correspondent pointed out to Mr. Suma that in Premier Prince Konoye's interview with the Japanese press in Kyoto last week he made mention of Britain. The correspondent asked if there was any significance in this pact and whether the warning sounded by the Premier did not apply to Britain.

Mr. Suma said the Premier's interview had been given without prepared notes and merely in reply to questions and therefore did not constitute a complete statement of policy or indicate any lack of official Japanese interest in Britain's actions.—United Press.

B.B.C. Broadcast To Far East

A cable has been received from London announcing that the new hours for broadcast to the Far East will be as follows:

	M. BAND	MC.	GMT
GSV	16	17.810	10.40—13.45
GSD	25	11.750	14.00—16.30
GSB	31	9.510	do

News—1100—1300—1600

U.S. Said Ready to Call Japan's Bluff

Mobilization of Reserves Regarded as "Stand-By," Preliminary Warning

Washington, Oct. 7.

The calling up of all naval reserves, which was officially described yesterday as a "stand-by" warning to be followed by specific assignments to active duty posts on land and at sea, coming, as it did, right after the warning by Colonel Frank Knox, Navy Secretary, on Saturday to "international brigands" that the United States would be ready if a fight was forced on her, emphasizes the determination of the Administration to call Japan's bluff, it is stated in political quarters here.

After struggling for three years to subdue China and getting more deeply involved economically every month, it is believed Japan's swashbuckling declarations that the United States supports the *status quo* in the Far East at its peril, arouse only sardonic laughter among American officials aware of the true situation.

Japan is felt to be banking on political difficulties of the United States, but, as Colonel Knox declared, the American public have never taken kindly to attempts of intimidation. If Japan wishes to make a suicidal attack on the United States, it is stressed here, the United States Fleet will be found ready and Japan's hopes that Isolationist opinion will prevent any firm stand being made, will, according to the best observers, be found to be a fatal miscalculation.—Reuter.

Noble Rescue Work of British Airmen

500 Shipwrecked People Saved by Coastal Planes

London, Oct. 7.

Drifting helplessly on the wastes of the Atlantic, two boatloads of people, survivors of a lost ship, suffered severely from thirst. Suddenly, a Sunderland flying-boat, searching for submarines while escorting a convoy, swooped down. The crew had spotted two dots on the ocean.

The survivors signalled that they had food but no water. The crew of the flying-boat dropped their own fresh water supply and then went off to fetch a rescue ship to the scene.

A few days later, two women on a raft were sighted from the air and they also were saved.

Telling these stories, the news service of the Air Ministry states that nearly 500 survivors of ships lost in the Atlantic have been saved in the last few months by good work of aircraft of the Coastal Command.

Sunderland flying-boats—both of the Royal Air Force and the Royal Australian Air Force—and other aircraft patrol far out into the Atlantic every day, escorting convoys, the Ministry said.—Reuter.

"France Will Not Fight England," Says Vichy

Spain Also Expected to Remain Non-Belligerent

Vichy, Oct. 7.

The Vichy Government announced again last night that the French Government has no intention of waging war against Britain at the side of the Axis Powers.

French officials at the same time privately expressed the opinion that Spain would also remain a non-belligerent despite Italo-German efforts to drag the Madrid Government into the conflict.

The French Government last night formally denied reports that France had been "invited" to conclude a formal peace treaty with the Axis Powers and join Germany and Italy in war against the British Empire.—United Press.

Japan Warned To Be Prepared "For Worst"

Fear of Grave Developments Voiced Following New Pronouncement By Mr. Matsuoka; Foreign Minister Asks Third Powers to Stop China Aid

Tokyo, Oct. 7.

THE Japanese Premier, Prince Fumimaro Konoye, today warned the Japanese people that Japan should "perpetually be prepared to meet the worst situation possible, which may unfortunately arise."

The Premier sounded his warning shortly after the Japanese Foreign Minister, Mr. Yosuke Matsuoka, told Third Powers with interests in China that if they wished to minimize their losses in China, they should withdraw all aid from the Chungking Government.

The Premier and Foreign Minister both made their statements before the local meeting of the prefectural governors of Japan.

The Premier asked the governors to "guide your people properly" in the difficult days which may lie ahead for Japan.

Prince Konoye also reiterated that the objective of Japan's new military alliance with the Axis Powers was to "prevent further expansion of the ravages of war and expedite the restoration of peace in the world."

Without further elaboration, and without any direct reference to the United States, the Premier then proceeded with an explanation of Japan's basic domestic policies.

The Foreign Minister, Mr. Matsuoka, told the governors that Japan was "prepared to share nature's bounties" with any nation "that does not interfere with our project for the creation of a new East Asian chain of mutual prosperity."

Significance of Pact

Mr. Matsuoka also reiterated that the conclusion of the new Triple Alliance did not signify that Japan would immediately plunge into the European War. He said it also did not mean that Japan regarded all Powers except Germany and Italy as her enemy.

Reviewing the circumstances which led Japan to conclude a military alliance with the Totalitarian Powers, Mr. Matsuoka said the Japanese invasion of China was an "ideological conflict."

"Should other Powers wish to reduce losses to their interests in China," Mr. Matsuoka said, "they should wish for the termination of the China affair as soon as possible."

Although Japan had no desire to wage a war against any Power, Japan would be forced to curb efforts by any nation to disturb peace in the Far East by prolonging the Sino-Japanese conflict through the extension of aid to Chungking, Mr. Yosuke Matsuoka, declared.

Quarrel Not Sought

"Japan has no intention to pick up a quarrel with any country," Mr. Matsuoka said.

"However," he added, "Japan must peremptorily reject all efforts of nations" which attempt to disturb peace in the Far East by prolonging the Sino-Japanese conflict through extending assistance to Chungking.

If and when Chungking "should come to realize the true intentions of the tripartite alliance, which has a two-fold purpose: to prevent the European war from turning into a world conflagration and build up a new world order. I feel sure that General Chiang will realize the wisdom of rallying to support the alliance for co-operating with Japan in the construction of a Greater East Asia and solidarity in this sphere instead of continuing the folly of killing innocent Chinese people by playing a role from the line of European and American capitalism."—United Press.

Action Threatened If Highway Opened

Anticipated Move Said Only "Prelude" to New Anglo-U.S. Opposition

Tokyo, Oct. 7.

The Japanese press warned today that Japan would adopt "measures of self-defence" against Britain and the United States if the Burma Highway was reopened this month to the shipment of war supplies to the Chungking Government.

The "Asahi Shimbun" said the reopening of the Burma Highway would merely be a prelude to greater "Anglo-American opposition to Japan."

"However," the paper commented, "all Japan should do in such a situation is to take self-defence measures to the last with strong determination."

In a news story from Hanoi, the "Asahi" also said that the reopening of the Burma Highway would not harm Japan and warned that Japanese planes might bomb the Burma Highway.

Air Supremacy Claimed

The article said that with the landing of Japanese planes in Hanoi on October 5 under the terms of the Franco-Japanese agreement, the Japanese army "now has complete air supremacy in Yunnan and Szechwan provinces."

The destruction of the Burma route by bombing was considered an easy undertaking" by Japanese Army chiefs in Hanoi, the report said.

The report concluded with the remark that Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek "now can no longer escape attack by Japanese planes."

At the same time, the Japanese press today alleged that the Far Eastern policy adopted by the Roosevelt Administration was unpopular with "some sections of the American public."

Actualities "Realized"

"It is significant," said the "Yomiuri Shimbun," "that some sections of American public opinion are beginning to realize the actualities of the situation and are coolly reconsidering America's future attitude."

In this connection the paper cited the recent suggestions by Mr. Roy Howard, head of the Scripps-Howard newspapers, and Mr. C. V. Whitney, Pan-American airways director, that a joint Japanese-American commission be formed to examine the Far Eastern situation.

The paper also pointed to recent criticism of Washington's Far Eastern policy by Senator Arthur Vandenberg, Republican isolationist, and Mr. Hamilton Fish, Republican Representative of New York.—United Press.

Former Japanese Party Leader Urges "Force to Meet Force"

Occupation of N.E.I. Recommended If Oil Supply Cut Off By Britain and United States

Tokyo, Oct. 7.

JAPAN would have to retaliate with military measures if America attempted to interfere in the Pacific, and if America refused to allow the export of oil and scrap iron to Japan, Japan would have to secure oil in the Netherlands East Indies by restoring it as an Asiatic country and acquiring control over its resources, declared Mr. Seigo Nakano, head of the former Tohokai Party in Japan, in an interview given to the "Nichi Nichi Shimbun" in connection with the Germany-Italy-Japan pact.

Mr. Nakano went on to say that not only in that, but in other parts of East Asia, must Japan take effective measures for the creation of a new order in Greater Asia. The task should be started by taking over the Tientsin and Shanghai concessions. British evacuation of Hongkong must be requested, he asserted.

Britain and the United States seemed to be negotiating behind the curtain for the use of naval bases within the Greater Asia sphere, he observed. If indications became clearer that the scheme was going to be realized, Japan must forestall it by seizing points of strategic importance. German occupation of Scandinavian ports was a great adventure, but by it, Germany was able to forestall a British atrategic superiority.

Invincibility Navy's Aim

"Was not it the aim of the Navy's preparations to be invincible against the combined Anglo-America fleet in the West Pacific? The British Fleet is busy defending the British Isles, while the United States' Navy may be compelled to send part of its fleet to the Atlantic to succour the British. Such being the situation, what have the Japanese Navy to fear?" he asked.

"Japan must not expect help from the Axis but must depend on herself alone to build up a new order in Greater East Asia. In other words, Japan must start on the path of creation of a greater Asia co-prosperity sphere, on the basis of the tripartite pact.

"If economic pressure on Japan is redoubled by the United States to obstruct Japan's effort to this end, Japan must reply to it by controlling trade in the Greater East Asia economic sphere.

"If America refuses to send us oil or scrap iron, we should secure the oil in the Malay Peninsula and the Netherlands East Indies, and suppress the sending of zinc and oil to America. And if America resorts to arms, we must meet the attack in the Western Pacific.

"For economic pressure we will retaliate with economic pressure, for military pressure with military pressure. If Japan made it clear that she has no intention of challenging the United States, the United States will not challenge Japan's leadership in Greaer East Asia.

"We should not be content with a success in negotiations with the Dutch East Indies for the supply of oil. The Netherlands Government which claims suzerainty over the East Indies are refugees in London, a robot of the British capitalists, who cooperate with the American capitalists, who are supported by their Government.

"A news report said that German Government observers believe the pact constitutes a powerful restraint on third nations which are likely to go to war to check the inevitable course of world events toward a new order. The pact however, provides that it does not affect existing relations between the Soviet Union and the three powers. The German circles also think it now impossible for the United States to declare war on Germany, because in doing so she must be prepared against Japan in the Pacific. This view of the German side is on the whole correct."—Reuter.

American Newspapermen on Tour of South Pacific

Tremendous Confidence in Australia, New Zealand In British Victory; N.E.I. Strongly Fortified

New York, Oct. 7.

COMPLETE confidence in Australia and New Zealand in an ultimate British victory, a well-established defence system in the Netherlands East Indies and professed lack of grave concern among the Chinese regarding a Japanese southwest China drive were some of the impressions gained by American newspapermen who returned here last night from an aerial tour of the Orient and the south Pacific.

The newspapermen, guests of the Pan American Airways, travelled to Hawaii and then toured southwards to New Zealand, Australia, the East Indies, China, Hongkong and the Philippines.

The correspondents' impressions were based on their personal observations and unofficial talks.

They reported that they had seen such fine preparedness as to indicate that any conquest of the South Seas and Australia would be less easy than might be generally supposed.

U.S. Aid Expected

All of the correspondents asserted that the Dutch in the East Indies are well prepared to resist an invasion, but expect the United States to assist them in any long struggle because they consider their vital exports of raw materials vastly more important to the United States than some people imagine.

The Chinese, while professing not to be too gravely concerned over the Japanese invasion, admit that the Japanese have acquired a considerable portion of Chinese territory and also caused heavy Chinese casualties, according to the correspondents.

The Chinese, however, believe that the Japanese eventually will wear themselves out and will be forced to retire, they reported.

It was apparent, they added, that most of the leaders in the Philippines were inclined to regret the independence agreement and were seeking a graceful way to retire from it and remain under the protection of the United States flag.

Australia and New Zealand are making every effort to help win the war and the leaders are finding one great difficulty in the sublime refusal of the people to admit the possibility of the British Empire suffering a defeat, the correspondents added.

People Confident

The leaders, they continued, are anxious to find some way of arousing the people to the possible danger without spreading the spirit of alarm.

One difficulty is that the people in Australia and New Zealand get only British-censored news. Hence they develop an incomplete picture of the situation, the American newsmen said.

Australians, they continued, consider the possibility of direct attacks against their homeland rather remote, but nevertheless they are preparing for such an emergency.

The Australian aircraft industry is producing ten planes weekly and most of them are being sent through the Suez for British war efforts in the Mediterranean and elsewhere.

Australia also has started the production of munitions, the travelling correspondents said.

The Dutch East Indies, under an administration remaining loyal to Queen Wilhelmina, is producing the normal quota of oil, minerals and other vital materials.

Japanese Mission Fails

The vessels of many nations are plying the southern seas and Japan's efforts to acquire the preponderant share of trade have been unsuccessful, they reported.

The Japanese Mission's trade experts and 75 newspapermen, in effect, have been rebuffed and the leader has been unable to obtain an audience with the Dutch Governor-General, they pointed out.

The various islands are well fortified and the correspondents concluded that the Japanese would be forced to suffer heavy casualties should they attack the Indies. The correspondents revealed that all of the oil fields in the East Indies have been heavily mined.—United Press.

Free China Trade May Be Resumed

Local Merchants Counting On Reopening of Burma Route to Interior

Chinese native goods manufacturers and export merchants are now reported to be meeting in order to discuss the question of sending their goods to "free China" through Burma, since there is no other way of finding an outlet for Shanghai products owing to the Japanese blockade of the China coast and the tense situation in Indo-China.

According to the "Sin Wan Pao," Chinese merchants, many of whom have already suffered the loss of goods stranded in Indo-China because of the Japanese move, are turning their attention to the Burma route which is expected to be re-opened soon by the British Government.

The tentative arrangement is to get in touch with British shipping circles so that the numerous Chinese goods in Shanghai may first be shipped to Hongkong for temporary storage and then to Burma, whence to Yunnan.

Heavy Losses Suffered

It is admitted in the report that Chinese native goods manufacturers and import and export merchants have have suffered great losses as a result of the closing of the Burma route and the Japanese move in Indo-China. Goods transported by these two routes, it is explained, are mostly commercial goods, with military goods occupying a secondary place.

Shanghai has been the pivot of transportation of all such goods through the international routes in the southwest. Thousands of dollars worth of goods were sent to Haiphong from Shanghai monthly in the past.

Local Chinese merchants have now lost all hope of sending their goods to "free China" through Indo-China. It is stated that since the destruction by the Chinese of the international bridge or the Laokay bridge of the railway connecting Yunnan and Indo-China, communication has been interrupted and that even should the Shanghai-Haiphong shipping be resumed there will be no means of transporting goods to the interior through the Indo-China route.

STOP PRESS NEWS

Kennedy Wants Americans to Leave

London, Oct. 7.

Mr. Joseph Kennedy, United States Ambassador to London, today requested an American ship to take immediately all Americans who have no urgent or important reasons for staying. Among Americans he wants to evacuate from Britain are students and businessmen.—United Press.

Correspondent Asked To Leave Italy

London, Oct. 7.

The Rome radio states that Mr. Herbert Matthews, chief correspondent of the New York "Times" in Rome, has been asked to leave Italy. The reason given is that Mr. Matthews has sent reports likely to disturb relations between the Axis powers and America.—Reuter.

P. I. Relations With China

Manila, Oct. 7.

General Wu Te-chen, Chinese Overseas Minister, former Shanghai Mayor, prior to leaving on goodwill trip to islands near here, today told press Philippines "occupies such strategic position in Pacific area that it acts as link for strengthening cordial American, Philippine and Chinese relationships. Owing to geographical propinquity, friendly relations with Philippines are bound to become closer and closer.—United Press.

Bombing of Burma Road Threatened

Japanese broadcast in English last night stated Burma Highway would be bombed if it were opened, declared late message from London last night. Message added Britain keeping in close touch with United States regarding developments in Far East.

Admiral Domville Seeks Freedom

London, Oct. 7.

The King's Bench Divisional Court today adjourned an application on behalf of Admiral Sir Barry Domville for a writ of habeas corpus in order that notices may be given to the governor of Brixton Prison, the coolee and Home Secretary.

Admiral Domville has been confined to Brixton Prison under defence regulations since July 8. His affidavit states that no charge has been made against him and it was quite untrue that he had been acting in a way prejudicial to public safety or defence of the realm.—Reuter.

S.M.R. Trains Economize

Mukden, Oct. 6.

In order to fall in with the national policy advocating economy on the use of coal, the South Manchuria Railway Co. has decided to curtail heating on their trains and waiting stations next winter.—Havas.

Revue Nationale Chinoise

The latest issue of the "Revue Nationale Chinoise," contains a series of articles of interest to the general public as well as to the student of Far Eastern Affairs.

R. Muzillac, an experienced commentator of things Chinese, who has just returned from one year's trip of investigation in the interior of free China outlines the "Birth of a new national conscience in war-torn China," while R. Loewenthal, professor of Journalism at Yenching University, publishes the first part of an exhaustive study, accompanied by numerous charts, on "The Catholic Press in China." The mixture of styles in modern paintings of Chinese, Japanese and European artists living in the Far East is the topic of a profusely illustrated article by P. Flogny, while J. E. Loret and G.S.-D. give, under the heading of "Refined Modernity," a vivid description of Shanghai's best known and most popular Cantonese restaurant, an article illustrated by many original photographs.

An analysis of the Nanking agreement, an article of Mr. Mei Sze-ping on the return of Japanese occupied factories of Shanghai to their Chinese owners, together with the permanent features, such as book review, Far Eastern press review, local news and other information complete the October issue.

Britain, U.S. Seen Blockading Japan

Alaska to Australia Line For Defence of Western Hemisphere Envisaged

Vichy, Oct. 7.

The French press predicted today that Anglo-American naval cooperation will soon extend to a defensive blockade across the Pacific from Alaska to Australia to hold off the Japanese Fleet from a possible attack against the Western Hemisphere.

French Government officials today were anxiously awaiting President Roosevelt's speech of October 12 during which, it was speculated here, he might announce the conclusion of an Anglo-American accord, permitting the formation of a "sanitary cordon" the length of the Pacific Ocean to keep the Japanese Fleet confined to Asiatic waters.

Mobilization of the United Navy's Organized Reserves over the week-end was seen here as another indication of expanded American naval activity in the near future.

The newspaper "Le Temps" said yesterday that "if President Roosevelt succeeds in his plans, a new defence line will be established which would definitely block off the Japanese Fleet and prevent the Japanese Navy from suddenly menacing the coast of Chile."

Extension Seen

"If the new continental defence plan works out," the paper said, "the present naval defence line from Hawaii to Australia will be extended across the Pacific to the British Far Eastern naval bases.

"Recent conversations in London and Washington point toward the extension of American naval defences to British bases in New Zealand and Singapore."

One of France's outstanding military experts, Gen. Duval, wrote in "Le Journal" yesterday that it is doubted by French experts that Japan could ever menace the American continent in the event of a Japanese-American war.

He said that any such conflict probably would be entirely fought by aerial and naval forces which would be concentrated in the China Sea or the waters around the Philippines.

War Idea "Accepted"

"The idea that war will come sooner or later between Japan and the United States is generally accepted throughout Europe," he said. "For years such a war has been impossible because of Japan's economic dependency on America.

"But by assuring herself a larger and larger commercial and industrial footing in China," he said, "Japan can to a certain measure escape her subordination to America.

"Any operations by Japan against the American continent are inconceivable under present political as well as military conditions. There can be no other setting for a naval conflict than around the Philippines.

"Japan has gradually built a barrier in front of the Asiatic continent, but Japan has no bases to allow her to force her way across the Pacific to reach the American continent.

"If the United States were not obliged to abandon the Philippines early in any such war, she would have to win the first naval engagement and establish her mastery over the Pacific."—United Press.

★Krupp Arms Plant Hit by R.A.F.

(Continued from page 1)

"The most telling proof of all of the damage which British bombers have inflicted on Nazi soil is contained in the German press. Gaged as it is, it is now having to make cautious admissions in view of public opinion."

The German public has evidently been stirred into clamour for news as a result of the 700 R.A.F. blows from the Baltic Sea to Switzerland and from the North Sea hundreds of miles inland to Berlin and beyond.

The chief objectives of the Royal Air Force in weaving the web of destruction which is clogging Herr Hitler's great industrial and war machine, have been oil depots and refineries, armament works, aerodromes, docks and naval bases, goods yards and railway junctions, barges and shipping. There has been no variation of the plan.

As the Ministry points out: "While Nazi flyers are dropping their bombs indiscriminately on British beauty spots, lonely villages and residential areas, our raids, based on carefully-conceived and long-prepared plans, attack targets of economic and immediate military importance."—Reuter.

Alleged Murder for Four Dollars

Because his employer, a carpenter of 194 Avenue Joffre was unable to pay him $4 being the balance of his wages, Kiang Zee-koh, 55, an assistant, last night was alleged to have slashed his throat with a knife, killing him almost outright. He was dead upon arrival at the St. Marie Hospital to where he was conveyed in an ambulance.

The assistant is said to have been dismissed from his employ on Saturday. He called at his victim's home last night and demanded to be paid $4 which was due him. An altercation arose. He was arrested soon after by detectives of the French police.

Blockade Supported by U.S. Professors

Any Attempt to Send Food Said "Improper, Unfair"

New York, Oct. 7.

Fifteen noted American college professors, among them President James B. Connant of Harvard, issued a joint statement today urging Americans not to send food to German-occupied parts of Europe unless Great Britain agreed.

"It is our strong conviction," the statement declared, "that any efforts by private American citizens to use pressure on other governments or to arouse American sentiment for that purpose (sending of food) would be improper and unfair as well as directly contrary to America's essential interest and should be firmly resisted by every clear-sighted leader with public opinion."

Professor Carleton B. Hayes of Columbia University, Mr. Herbert Bayard Swope and Mr. John W. Mavin were among the names of those signing the statement.—United Press.

Worldwide Spread of De Gaulle's Movement

Free French National Committees Formed

London, Oct. 7.

Free French national committees are being created in all foreign countries where there are important colonies of French people, states a communique issued from General Charles de Gaulle's headquarters.

Already they have been set up in Brazil, the Argentine, Uruguay, Chile, Mexico, Canada, the United States, Egypt, South Africa, Australia and Mauritius. In 20 other countries, private individuals of French nationality have offered their services, and General de Gaulle has appointed representatives to form committees.

From all parts of the world, the headquarters of the free French forces have received messages reaffirming loyalty to the free French movement. These messages, it is pointed out, have particular significance after the Dakar incident, General de Gaulle has replied, "reaffirming belief in final victory in co-operation with the Allies."—Reuter.

Mussolini Reviews Army In North Italy

Leaves by Plane for an Unknown Destination

Mome, Oct. 7.

Troops of Italy's northern army massed in the vast plain of Parma were inspected yesterday by Signor Mussolini, who flew to Piacenza for the purpose.

Infantry, artillery, an engineer corps and auxiliary services of the Littorio Division, which had its baptism of fire in the Spanish campaign, were drawn up in a serried array.

Standing on a platform, the Duce watched the famous "rapid march" of the Bersaglieri (snarpshcoters), followed by a procession of armoured cars and motorised batteries.

Signor Mussolini, who earlier in the day inspected at Trieste a motorized division which participated in fighting in the Alps in June, took off later in his private plane for an unknown destination.—Reuter.

"Piece of Impudence" Says U.S. Daily

New York Paper Ridicules Japanese Suggestions

New York, Oct. 7.

The "New York Daily News," in an editorial, today described the Japanese suggestion that the United States abardon Pearl Harbour naval base as the prerequisite to determine Japanese-American relations, a piece of impudence.

An Axis victory in Europe may result in a Japan-Axis attack on America, it added, and therefore urged that the United States accelerate its Pacific defences with arrangements for immediate "digging in" at Hawaii ..."about twice as firmly as they were already dug in there..

"Our main object should be to concert our defences on our side of the Pacific... and brush off any further idea of defending the Philippines... the Dutch East Indies... French Indo-China... or British India."—United Press.

New Peace Offensive Expected

But Britain Ready for A Long War

Berne, Oct. 7.

An Axis peace offensive following the Brenner Pass conference now appears to be materialising, according to observers here. The Berlin correspondent of the "Basler Nachrichten" says German newspapers discuss conditions under which a "compromise pease with England would be possible."

The correspondent adds however that most people in Britain are preparing for a second winter of war as they now believe the conflict will be long and will be extended only to a finish when both adversaries are fully exhausted.

The Rome correspondent of the same newspaper says the meeting of the dictators will lead to reopening of the offensive against Egypt.—Reuter.

Brazil-Argentine Trade Pact Signed

Rio de Janeiro, Oct. 7.

Mr. Federico Pinedo, Finance Minister of Argentina, and Mr. Arthur de Souza Costa, Finance Minister of Brazil, jointly signed a trade programme which will be submitted to their respective governments for the purpose of increasing the two countries commercial interchange.

The signing of the programme took place in the Ministry of the Foreign Affairs at 7.07 o'clock this evening. Two minutes later, both finance ministers signed a declaration suggesting other American nations make similar agreements.—Domei.

Tension Grows in Indo-China

Thailand's Territorial Demands Followed by Shooting Incident

Hanoi, Oct. 7.

Tension was mounting over the demands of Tailand for territorial concessions from Indo-China as the French today offered to set up a Franco-Thailand commmission to investigate a shooting incident.

Major Chai Pradipasena, head of the Thailand Mission to Indo-China, departed for Bangkok last night after Vice-Admiral Jean Decoux, Governor-General, had refused to comply with Thailand's demands.

Prior to leaving, the Thailand mission chief saw Major-General Raishiro, new Japanese Mission Chief, General M.P.A. Martin, commander of the French Indo-China forces, and Admiral Decoux.

Admiral Decoux refused the Thai demands for an extension of Thai's borders to natural boundaries to the Mekong River, and control of Cambodia and Laos.

High quarters in Hanoi believed that the Bangkok press and the military clique there were exerting pressure on the Thailand Government to take immediate action for the occupation of the Laos and Cambodia sectors.

The French have agreed to form a joint Siamese-French commission to investigate the shooting incident of September 29. The Siamese claim that the French shot a native of Thailand, while the French assert that the person shot by French police was an ex-convict of Laos.

The French further stated that the Laos native stabbed a police official who discovered that he lacked identification papers and then escaped to Thailand despite a gunshot wound. The incident occurred in a Vientiane opium den on the border, the French said.—United Press.

More Planes in Thai

Vichy, Oct. 7.

A foreign Office spokesman denied today that the French Government had asked the United States to suspend delivery of American fighting planes to Thailand but said that Washington's decision to suspend such shipments was very satisfying in view of the present tension.

As far as was know here, Thai now has 100 modern American bombers and fighting planes which is a greater number than France maintains in Indo-China.

It was considered likely that the early initiative to urge establishment of a mixed frontier control commission to examine possibility of reaching a compromise on Thai's claims to the Mekong River islands. That dispute appears easy to settle because the islands have no tactical and only slight economic value. They are flooded for several months each year after which the rich soil deposits are used for rice crops before the high water comes again.

Thai, with a smaller rice harvest than Indo-China, needs this output and her claim to the islands is based chiefly on their productive capacity. According to the French, the whole problem could have been settled easily had not the Thailand Government injected another demand which involved transfer of territory in Cambodia and Laos, which France is not prepared to cede because it would affect the integrity of Indo-China. Thai has demanded the region between the Mekong River and the present frontier at a point west of Vientiane, in the extreme north, where the river ceases to be the frontier. Thai has also asked extension of Thailand territory to the Mekong River at a point near Melouprey.—United Press.

Japan's Rice Crop Shows Decrease

Tokyo, Oct. 7.

An estimate by the Agriculture and Forestry Ministry of the 1940 rice crop in 12 prefectures comprising the early crop district indicates that the yield will be 2.8 per cent. below that of 1939.

The Ministry estimates the crop at 453,241,000 koku for the 12 prefectures, which produce about one-fourth of the rice grown in Japan proper.

The estimate of the crop in these 12 prefectures (Gumma, Saitama, Tokyo, Toyama, Ishikawa, Gifu, Aichi, Kyoto, Kagawa, Ehime, and Saga), however, is about 184,000 koku larger than the average actual crop in these prefectures during the past five years, the Asahi says.—Reuter.

Goldsmith Abducted By Armed Kidnappers

Zee Poo-seng, proprietor of the Toong Feng Yoong Goldsmith shop was abducted in his private car bearing Municipal licence No. 1560 outside an address in Love Lane near Medhurst Road yesterday afternoon.

Four kidnappers, three of whom were armed with pistols got into the car with him. At the point of the gun one of the kidnappers took over the wheel from the chauffeur and drove off to Jessfield where the chauffeur was forced to alight.

"Liberty, Fraternity, Justice" in France

Baudoin States Former Principles Alive

Berne, Oct. 6.

France is still faithful to her principles of liberty, fraternity and justice, M. Paul Baudoin, French Foreign Minister, declared to a representative of the Swiss paper, "La Suisse," in an interview granted a few days ago.

"France has not resigned these principles," he said, "but feels, on the contrary, that she is drawing nearer to them by strengthening national discipline and consolidating the authority of a Government which loathes privileges and which works exclusively for the people."

Asserting that France wants a Government which commands, M. Baudoin proceeded:

"In the new order which is being established, wealth will not give right either to leadership or to a command. The new French state will recognize no other hierarchy than that of personal ability. In its eyes, the only equality will be that which creates a national homogeneity prepared by a sane and ardent youth, in which all social classes amalgamate."—Havas.

Mr. Willkie Calls for "No Third Term Day"

Appeal Issued on Eve Of New Jersey Tour

New York, Oct. 7.

Mr. Wendell L. Willkie, Republican Presidential candidate, last night called on all "who believed that American liberties must be preserved" to join him on October 23 "in observing a 'No Third Term Day' throughout the nation."

Mr. Willkie made this appeal on the eve of his stumping tour through industrial and northern New Jersey and the strongholds of Jersey City's Mayor Frank Hague, whose democratic organization Mr. Willkie has termed a "corrupt political machine."

The G.O.P. candidate said that "no matter how capable or well-meaning he may be, there is no indispensable man in democracy.

"When we accept the idea that any one man is indispensable we take a long stripe from democracy in the direction toward dictatorship—in fact if not in name."—United Press.

Chungking Price Level Said Firm

Profiteering, Hoarding Believed Suppressed

Chungking, Oct. 7.

Steadiness of prices here during the past few weeks is regarded in local circles as an indication of the success of the Government's efforts to end hoarding and profiteering.

The prohibition of imports of luxuries has resulted in a rise of the prices of such luxury goods, but native commodities remain at a steady level. Rice, which once sold at as much as $100 per picul, is now freely available at the official rate of $54.

Twenty consumers' cooperatives, it was stated, will shortly be established in the suburbs of Chungking by the Social Welfare Board of the Kuomintang. Each of the cooperatives will be capitalized at $20,000, and will be formally organized on the Double Tenth, celebrated as China's Independence Day.—Havas.

Tokyo Police Irritate Foreigners

Mr. Matsuoka Asks for Better Treatment

Tokyo, Oct. 7.

Police interference and restrictions against foreign visitors and residents in Japan is "lacking good sense," and should be discontinued "as much as possible," foreign Minister, Mr. Yosuke Matsuoka admonished the assembled prefectural governors today. "It seems that the police attitude towards foreigners is unnecessarily irritating. To tell you frankly, our nation has been the loser in her international relations on that account," Mr. Matsuoka stated.—Domei.

Tombstone Competition

The starting time for the Hungjao Ladies' Golf Club Tombstone Competition today follow:—

9.20 Mrs. C. F. King *v.* Mrs. Bowden
9.24 Mrs. Hawkins *v.* Mrs. Piercy
9.28 Mme. Laffond *v.* Mrs. Harrison
9.32 Mrs. Sheridan *v.* Mrs. Ham
9.36 Mrs. Wentworth *v.* Mrs. Buyers
9.40 Mrs. Gardener *v.* Mrs. Crawford
9.44 Mrs. Cleland *v.* Mrs. Maitland

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Socialist Candidate Sees War Threat

Administration Accused By Mr. Norman Thomas

Washington, Oct. 7.

Mr. Norman Thomas, the Socialist Party's Presidential candidate, last night accused the administration of placing the United States in the immediate peril of becoming involved in war with Japan, Italy and Germany in an effort to preserve "western imperialism."

The Socialist leader, in his radio broadcast, said that a "Far Eastern war....would have for us absolutely no economic justification....The Philippines would be safer....if we did not tempt Japan to attack them ....Not a single economic or political problem in the long history of Asia would be permanently solved by victory.

"We would still have to reckon not only with the Japanese, but with China's ambitions."

Mr. Thomas accused Mr. Wendell L. Willkie, Republican Presidential candidate, of advocating a foreign policy similar to that of President Roosevelt.—United Press.

Final Suner-Ciano Conference Reported

Madrid, Oct. 7.

Before leaving Rome for Spain on Saturday, Senor Serrano Suner, Spanish Minister of the Interior and special emissary of General Franco, is reported to have had a 40-minute conversation with Count Galeazzo Ciano, Italian Foreign Minister, after the latter's return from the Brenner meeting.

Messages from Rome and Berlin continue to assure Spain that the meeting was neither a preliminary to a peace offensive nor denotes weakness of the Axis. Papers here all make much of Senor Suner's return but no indication is given of the nature of the conversations. "Arriba," official organ of the Falange Party, of which Senor Suner is the head, counsels against speculation, making it clear that nothing will be published about the talks.—Reuter.

Japanese to Construct Y.M.C.A. in Shanghai

During a three-hour conference of directors of the Japanese Young Men's Association of Shanghai, held at the Japanese Club on Boone Road yesterday afternoon, it was unanimously decided to construct a building to house the Association it was reported in the "Tairiku Shimpo." The directors' agreed to expend Y.150,000 for the construction of the proposed building. This amount will be made up by public contributions while each member of the Association will contribute Y.1 toward the fund.

Terrorists Admit Murder Of Japanese at Kiangyin

Soochow, Oct. 7.

Arrested by the Japanese gendarmerie some time ago, Wang Erh, 30 years of age, and one other member of an anti-Japanese terrorist gang, under Chang Pao-kun, self-styled commander of the Special Labour Corps, which is alleged to belong to a bogus Executive Committee of the Kiangyin District Kuomintang, admitted their guilt in connection with murder of Japanese, it was revealed in an official statement made public by the headquarters of the Segawa Gendarmerie Detachment today.

As a result of investigations, it has been discovered that this gang was responsible for the assassination of Mr. Tokujiro Tokunoh, a Japanese businessman, last December, and Mr. Mansaku Yoshiki, a staff member of the Kiangyin branch office of the salvage department of the Sennan Kogyo Kabushiki Kaisha, in April.

The official statement declared that the arrested culprits had confessed that on December 30, at about 10 a.m., Mr. Tokunoh was on his way back to his office in town coming from the Japanese Naval Landing Party headquarters at Kiangyin and was in difficulty with his bicycle which was out of order.

When making adjustments on his bicycle, Mr. Tokunoh was suddenly attacked by four members of the gang. Brutally murdered, his body was thrown into a creek, the statement said.—Domei.

German Envoy Seen Off By Foreign Minister

Tokyo, Oct. 7.

Mr. Heinrich G. Stahmer, Germany's Special Envoy to Japan, having successfully completed his diplomatic task in Japan, left the Tokyo Station at 9 o'clock this morning en route to Berlin.

Mr. Yosuke Matsuoka, the Foreign Minister, Major-General Mario Indelli, Italian Ambassador, Mr. Toshio Shiratori, Adviser to the Foreign Office and many other officials were at the station to bid farewell to the German diplomat.—Domei.

No Statement Made on Hakone Maru

Tokyo, Oct. 7.

Declining to comment on the detention of the N.Y.K liner Hakone Maru in Bermuda, spokesman Suma told pressmen today that no announcement would be forthcoming until a full official report was received here.—Domei.

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French Journal Believes Return of Gibraltar to be Demanded by Spain

No German-Spanish or Italian-Spanish Agreement Believed Signed During Suner Talks

Lyons, Oct. 6.

A formal demand for the return of Gibraltar to Spain may be made by Madrid shortly, "Le Temps" stated in an editorial today, commenting on Spain's position in the European war and the visit recently made to Berlin and Rome by Senor Ramon Serrano Suner, the Spanish Home Minister.

"Although no details can be obtained at present on the demands Spain will submit to Great Britain when the time comes for her to do so, it was indicated in Madrid that Spain would not ask for any territories which are not clearly Spanish," "Le Temps" added.

"This, of course, means Gibraltar" the paper continued. "It was also indicated that Spain would not give up her historical role in Africa and the Mediterranean."

In conclusion, "Le Temps" said that as far as is known no German-Spanish or Italian-Spanish agreement was signed during Senor Suner's visits to the axis capitals.—Havas.

Sequel to Car Accident Heard At Inquest on Briton

Motorman of Tram Involved Questioned in Court By H. M. Coroner; Medical Evidence Called

THE tragic death on September 28, of Mr. Joseph Robinson Maughan, F.R.I.B.A., in a motor accident in the French Concession was investigated by Mr. C. H. Haines, Coroner, in H. M. Police Court yesterday when medical and other evidence was called. The principal witness heard was the motorman of the tram which collided with a car driven by the deceased. Mr. A. E. Seddon watched the proceedings for Mrs. Maughan. The inquest was adjourned till tomorrow morning.

Evidence of identification having been furnished on a previous occasion, the first witness called yesterday was Mr. G. A. Markoff, an auxiliary member of the French police who proved certain photos which he took at the scene of the accident.

Medical evidence was given by Dr. F. T. Ranson, medical practitioner of 2 Peking Road, who told the Coroner that he was summoned to the Russian Hospital on Route Say Zoong on the afternoon of September 28, when he saw deceased who had been attended by two other doctors attached to the hospital and who was suffering from a compound depressed fracture of the skull with lacerations of the brain. He was also injured on the right elbow region and had sustained injuries to both knees and was deeply unconscious. He succumbed shortly after admission to hospital, within an hour after witness had seen him.

After observing that the skull was "stove in," in simple language, witness gave it as his opinion that deceased was struck by the steering wheel of the car, owing to the absence of any close chest injury. He thought that death was due to the compound depressed fracture of the skull and injury to the brain.

In reply to the Coroner witness added that he had not seen deceased professionally for years and consequently was unable to give any indication regarding the state of his health.

Mr. E. Kosloff, attached to the traffic department of the French Police, next gave a brief account of his investigations into the case. After proving a plan he had made giving the position of the vehicles, he said he had examined the tram track and the road and noticed traces of fresh sand between the track, for about nine metres. After the driver of the car had been conveyed to hospital, witness saw that the front drive wheel of the car was broken, but did not see any skid marks. The road was quite dry at the time and witness also saw a little blood on the right window of the car, but none on the steering wheel.

Single Tram Line

Continuing, witness said he examined the tramcar and found that the hand brake was damaged, adding that there was only a single tram line on the east side of the road and that normally there was sufficient room for a car to pass a tram. There was no street turning in the immediate vicinity, he said, the nearest turning being 100 to 150 metres away. Usually the road was congested, but there was not much traffic when he arrived on the scene. The tram strike was on at the time, and police escorts were posted on the trams.

Wu Yue-ling, motorman 113 of the Compagnie Francaise de Tramways et d'Eclairage Electriques de Shanghai (French Tramways), then gave his version of the affair. The tram involved in the accident was 43-F he said, adding that the mishap occurred at about 2.49 p.m. on September 28, when the tram was proceeding north on Route Say Zoong.

Witness said he saw a car approaching from the opposite direction and applied the brakes. The car hit the front part of the tram, he continued, and explained that there was a head-on collision resulting in damage caused to the front of both vehicles. The tram was stationary at the time, while the car was being driven along the tram track.

Asked by the Coroner if he was travelling on the wrong side of the road, witness replied that although the track was on the east side, the remaining portion of the road width sufficed for the passage of two vehicles. The question was repeated and witness agreed with the Coroner that he was proceeding on the wrong side of the road.

Special Instructions

In reply to another question as to whether he had any special instructions regarding the course he should take when he was on the east side of the road, he replied that the only instructions he received were to stop the tram if anything happened, when he was driving against oncoming traffic. Asked if he had not been instructed to exercise special caution, he answered in the affirmative, adding that he was told to stop the tram; to allow other traffic to pass.

He was positive that there was no other traffic on the road at the time, not even a lorry or rickshaw. He agreed with Mr. Haines that his proper course was to stop the tram after ringing his bell to warn the approaching vehicle. He said he had expected the car to keep out of his way. The car was approximately 60 feet away. when he applied his brakes, he explained, he could bring the tram to a standstill eight feet away, irrespective of the speed it might be going at the time. After the impact, he said, the bumper of the car was in contact with the bumper of the tram. After the accident he alighted to inspect the tram, while the conductor called a policeman. In reply to the Coroner he added that later an official of the company ordered him to reverse his car which he did, backing the tram three or four yards.

Internee Wounded While Escaping

Russian Volunteer Fires After Warning Deserter; Two Pedestrians Injured

Another shooting took place at the "Doomed Battalion" Internment Camp in Singapore Road yesterday morning when a sentry of the Russian Regiment guard, which has been detailed to the camp since November 1937 when a battalion of Chinese troops, after a brief but heroic resistance against Japanese in the Joint Savings building in North Soochow Road, surrendered to the British, was forced to fire to avert the escape of an internee.

The shooting took place shortly after 10 a.m. The sentry, detailed to guard the main entrance to the Camp, saw a Chinese soldier on the roof of a barrack close to the outside wall of Singapore Road. The internee was in the act of jumping down when the Russian soldier called out, realizing that the internee was attempting to escape, since it is definitely forbidden for the Chinese to climb on top of the roofs. At the same time, the Chinese jumped over the wall and barbed wire and started running in a westerly direction along Singapore Road.

There were many people in the street at that time and the deserter took the opportunity to hide among the pedestrians. For the second time, the sentry shouted to the man to stop, but the Chinese paid no attention and continued running. The sentry then whistled to bring the guard out, while the internee kept on dodging down the street.

Man Brought Down

The Russian volunteer placed his rifle in the firing position and waited for a chance when the internee would be in the open. A second later the opportunity presented itself and the sentry fired, bringing the deserter down. The guard, together with the officer, arrived at the same time and took the wounded Chinese to the Guard Room. An S.F.B. emergency ambulance was called out and the man was taken to the Lester Chinese Hospital with a wound in the neck.

Only one shot was fired by the sentry and the same bullet, it was learned, hit two pedestrians, a Chinese man and woman. They were, however, only slightly hurt.

According to very reliable sources, the internee who attempted to escape was under close arrest in the old detention room, since a man was seen there early in the morning. It was this man, these circles believed, who made a hole in the roof and jumped down into the street.

No Incidents

Major G. H. Mann, Camp Commandant, and other S.V.C. officials were in the Camp a few minutes after the shooting, but there were no untoward incidents and conditions were normal soon after the shooting.

It will be recalled that the Internment Camp was the scene of one of the worst riots here some three weeks ago when the internees mutinied against repairs to the camp. A tense situation prevailed there for several days, and on one occasion Col. J. W. Hornby, S.V.C. Commandant, was assaulted by the rioters. The trouble reached its apogee on the fifth day when a Russian soldier fired at the internees and killed one of them. The misbehaviour of the Chinese battalion also forced Major Mann to order that no visitors and food be allowed into the Camp and this was followed with a protest filed by the Chungking Government with the British and American Ambassadors. The incident was finally ironed out and the camp had been quiet until yesterday when another soldier was wounded in an attempt to escape.

Winter Clothes Week Opens on Thursday

Local Chinese to Raise Fund for Soldiers

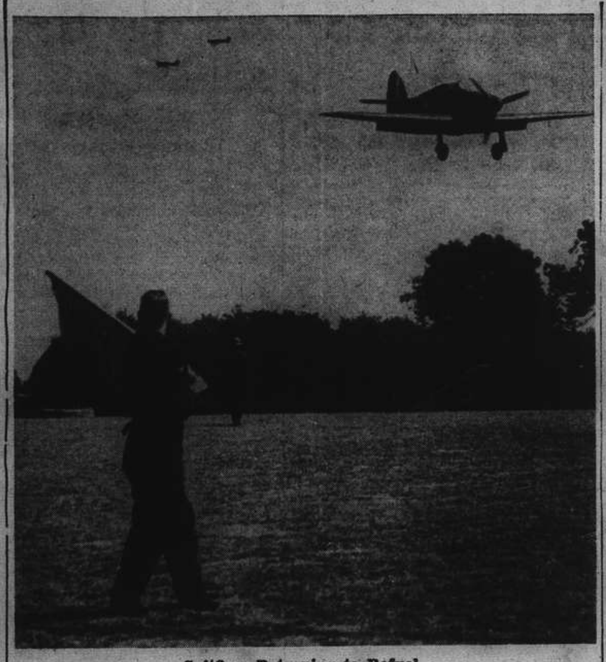
Chinese in Shanghai will do their best to contribute towards the "winter clothes fund" movement started by Chungking for soldiers and refugees, and to celebrate their Independence Day on Thursday, the contribution campaign will be started on a large scale. The campaign will be closed on October 17, after which time the money collected here will be sent to Chungking by the local committee.

Although the original aim was to contribute $500,000 in Shanghai towards the fund, the committee now wants to collect $1,000,000. The various trade associations here have been approached for cash contributions, but individuals have also been asked to do their bit. On Thursday, all shops will be asked to hold a sale and to set aside the day's profit for the purpose.

The "Winter Clothes Fund Week" will start on Thursday (October 10). Cash contributions should be sent to Government banks or Chinese newspaper offices. The Committee in charge of the campaign here is winding up its business and is prepared to ask those who have promised cash contributions to make payments.

Rice Stealer Jailed

A middle-aged Chinese woman was sentenced to two months' imprisonment yesterday by the First Special District Court for participating in the theft of six bags of rice from a wheelbarrow man on Hardoon Road on Sunday. While pushing his cart loaded with rice the wheelbarrow man was confronted with a mob of poor people who took six bags of rice and escaped. Accused was caught by a foreign policeman who dashed from his residence near the scene and dispersed the mob.



Spitfires Returning to Refuel

This picture was taken during the progress of one of the recent great air battles, when 169 German planes were shot down. It shows Spitfires returning to their aerodromes from fights with the Nazis, for refuelling and to be re-ammunitioned. This is done in a few seconds, and the machines are ready to take to the air again and continue the fight.

FUNERALS

Mr. O. S. Benbow Rowe

The funeral of the late Mr. Oswald Stanhope Benbow-Rowe, member of a family well-known in China, took place at the Roman Catholic Cemetery, Happy Valley, Hongkong, on October 3. The services in the chapel and at the graveside were taken by the Rev. Frs. N. Maestrini and P. Gorgan.

Among those present at the funeral were Messrs. B. C. Field, H. J. Tebutt, Capt. S. R. Kerr and Dr. F. J. Farr.

Floral tributes were from:

"Your loving sister, Ethel," Elsa and Bevan, Mr. and Mrs. E. S. Benbow-Rowe and family, Mr. and Mrs. H. J. Tebutt, Mrs. Grace Schnoeter, Edward Bernard and Ernest, Mrs. W. G. Worcester and Alma, Mrs. M. Rowe, Major and Mrs. A. N. Macfadyen and Quentin A. A. Macfadyen, Mr. T. H. G. Brayfield, and Capt. and Mrs. S. R. Kerr.

Mr. J. A. B. Barton

The Bubbling Well Chapel was filled to overflowing yesterday afternoon when funeral services for the late Mr. James Alexander Barclay Barton were conducted by Dean A. C. S. Trivett. Deceased, known to his many friends as "Jimmy," has been attached to the British Embassy here for the past several years. He was a popular sportsman and prominent in the A.D.C.

The eldest son of Sir Sidney and Lady Barton deceased died last Thursday at the Country Hospital after a brief illness at the age of 34 years. Besides his parents Mr. Barton is survived by his wife, Margaret, child, Hugh, and a brother, Mr. Hugh D. M. Barton of Messrs. Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd.

Mr. A. H. George, Consul-General for Great Britain, was present representing Sir Sidney and Lady Barton and family. Mr. C. F. Thomas and Dr. T. B. Dunn represented Mrs. Barton's family. Among others attending were Mr. Philip Broadmead, Counsellor of H.M. Embassy, Sir Andrew and Lady Noble, Sir Arthur and Lady Blackburn, Sir Frederick Maze, Mr. G. W. Boissevain, Consul-General for the Netherlands, Admiral and Mrs. Glassford, Lady Mossop and many other intimate friends.

A spray of red roses from "Bunga" and Hugh rested on the casket, a wreath of flowers from "Mum and Dad" stood at the head and a pillow of red carnations from "Molly, E. Z., Rosie and Jugs" was placed at the foot. Although it was requested that flowers be omitted, offerings were received from:—

Tony and Jocelyn; Ted and Helen; Bob and Susan; Billy; Vera and Bill; Cyril and Colette; Emma and Kenneth; Maisie and Joyce; Phyl and Vic; the British Ambassador and Lady Kerr; the British Embassy; British Consulate-General; Committee and members of the Hungjao Golf Club; President, committee and members, St. Patrick's Society of Shanghai; Amateur Dramatic Club of Shanghai; Mr. and Mrs. William R. B. McBain; M. et Mme G. W. Boissevain; Mr. K. M. Cumming; Joe Farren; Mr. and Mrs. Walter William Fowler; Mr. L. Handley-Derry; Dr. and Mrs. Laidlaw; Mr. and Mrs. Duncan McNeill (Argyll); Mr. and Mrs. John McNeill; Mr. C. F. Thomas; Jan and Erica van der Verg; W. C. Wong; Mr. Erik Watts; washing amah, coolie, chauffer and baby amah and Boy Shoes Ah Paing.

Funeral arrangements were under the direction of the International Funeral Directors.

Mr. W. J. Milne

In presence of a large attendance of friends and business associates the funeral (cremation) service for the late Mr. William John Milne of Messrs. Rielley, Simmons and Milne, who passed away at the Country Hospital on Friday, was held in the Bubbling Well Cemetery Chapel yesterday afternoon. The Rev. C. Wilfred Allan of the Union Church was the officiating clergyman. The chief mourners were Mrs. Thomson and Mr. A. Henderson, who represented Mrs. Milne. On the coffin rested beautiful floral tributes from Phemie, Helen and Bertie, Murphie and Marion, while surrounding it were floral contributions from the following, among others:—

Sandy, Mr. and Mrs. James Macbeth, Mr. Duncan Clark, Messrs. Herlofson, Gordon and Reeves, Margaret and Alastair Clark, Mr. R. E. Linnestad, Dorfred and Harold, Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Gomersall, Marie and Leslie Wood, Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Mauchan, Jardine Matheson and Co., Ltd., the General Electric Co., Ltd., Engineering Works, Ewo Cotton Mills Ltd., Mr. and Mrs. Claud Ivery, Norah and Arthur, Leona and Joe, St. Andrew's Society of Shanghai, Mr. Jas. Willoughby, Kobe, Maude, Jess and Margaret, Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Burns, Mr. and Mrs. Alec L. Davidson, Mr. and Mrs. A. Falkenstein, Daphne and Charles, Mr. and Mrs. R. M. Johns, Mr. and Mrs. G. T. Gambling and Doreen, Gladys and Russell, Belfast, Ireland, Mr. and Mrs. H. J. Anderson, London, Alen and Madge Atkinson, Mr. and Mrs. Josef H. Hartzenbusch, Mrs. J. E. O. Davidson, Arthur and Betty, Mrs. K. Harrot, and family, Alfred and Margaret, Amy and Richard, Paignton, Devon, England, Beth, Rosemarie and Harold, Hartzenbusch Motors, Mr. and Mrs. W. Thomson, Mr. and Mrs. Hans Berents, Mr. and Mrs. T. Hutchison, Mr. and Mrs. E. S. Elliston, Capt. and Mrs. P. Ch. Pooiga, Mr. and Mrs. P. H. Rumberg, Mr. and Mrs. T. H. Gillett, Olga J. Fane Brister, Mr. J. D. A. Hutchison, Mrs. D. C. Pearson, Mr. W. McAllan, Mr. and Carol Lunt, Mr. Fred L. Robbins, Shanghai Wheelers, Victor and Mabel, Mr. Lambert Chapman Smith, Mr. F. J. Grew, Ann Rogers, Mr. and Mrs. Percy Kwok, Miss Miranda Cheng and Miss Chang, Mr. Kyat Tong, the Chinese Staff Joyce Shen, Zao Soong-zee, Miss Anita of Rielley, Simmons and Milne and Parker Rielley and Co., House Servant, etc.

Funeral arrangements by Messrs. Thomas Macdonald & Co.

Alleged Suspects Face District Court

In Connection With Theft Of Cloth Worth $20,000

Eight suspected thieves were brought before the First Special District Court yesterday in connection with the theft of many pieces of cloth from a Russian firm at 96 Yuen Min Yuen Road. They were remanded in custody after a short hearing pending further investigations.

The theft was alleged by the police to have been committed early on Sunday morning. A constable attached to Central was forced to fire when several wheel-barrow men refused to halt for a search. The wheelbarrow men were hauling more than $20,000 worth of cloth to some "buyers" in a room in the Yangtze Hotel in Yunnan Road. Three were arrested on the spot and one pedestrian was wounded. The other accused were arrested in the Yangtze Hotel.

Cost Study Group Entertained

Assistants to Council's H.C.L. Inquiry Rewarded At Tea Party

Families who had assisted in the Foreign Cost of Living Study carried on by the Shanghai Municipal Council for the last twelve months were entertained yesterday afternoon in the American Women's Club as guests of Asia Theatres, Inc. The Board of this organization made this gesture as an appreciation of the services which had been rendered. Many other firms provided "gifts in kind", products which the study had shown to be most used by Shanghai foreign families. Prizes were distributed to those who had kept the best records during the year. Prize winners were as follows:—

First Prizes-gifts of $100 each:—Mrs. C. G. Flook, Mrs. J. S. Barr, Mrs. J. M. E. Lopez, Frau O. Flocter, and Mrs. N. S. Tokmakoff.

Second Prizes-gifts of $25 and a basket of commodities:—Mrs. M. O. Williams, Mrs. H. W. Householder, Mrs. N. G. Dronnikoff, Mrs. C. A. Popov, Mrs. M. V. Elisseyef, and Mrs. V. S. Roukaishnikoff.

Eighty other families who attended and had kept good records for the whole period of the study received baskets of tinned goods and other commodities.

The following is the list of those who made gifts:—

Cash:—Shanghai Telephone Company, American Trading Company, and Mr. L. M. Pharis.

Gifts in kind:—Henningson Produce Company, Bata Shoes Company, Imperial Chemical Industries (China), Ltd., Connell Bros., China Printing & Finishing Company, Yee Tsoong Tobacco Distributors, Ltd., China Soap Company, A. B. C. Company, Slow & Company, Ma Line Canned Goods Company, Dodge & Seymour, American Food Company, China General Edison Company, James Neil & Company, Chocolate Shop, and Geddes Trading and Dairy Farm Company, Ltd.

Helpers Thanked

Among the families keeping records, the following permitted their names to be mentioned in a radio broadcast over Station XMHA last night by Miss Eleanor M. Hinder, Chief of the Council's Industrial Section, which undertook the task of studying foreign living costs. Miss Hinder spoke of the letters she had received from collaborators. One had written "Do use my name. It has been such fun keeping back of the pay cheque. It is rather sad to finish the year". Another said "I have received so much help from record keeping. My reward is more lasting than gifts". And yet another "Your notes of encouragement through the year made me feel I was doing something worthwhile".

Among others, the thanks of the community are due to:—

Mrs. M. O. Williams, Mrs. R. H. Goodwin, Mr. R. M. Jordan, Mr. Alex Wurm, Mrs. L. Uydens, Mrs. J. H. H. Buckman, Mrs. G. Swan, Mrs. R. C. Wells, Mrs. C. Lacy, Mrs. J. S. Barr, Mrs. A. H. Buckley, Mrs. J. M. E. Lopes, Mrs. K. Ilyin, Mrs. A. S. Braga, Mrs. H. Bouch, Mrs. C. Flook, Mrs. N. M. West, Mrs. A. E. Cornwell, Mrs. J. M. Diniz, Mrs. F. M. Roberts, Mrs. N. G. Dronnikoff, Mrs. A. Gutteres, Mrs. W. Emmerich, Mrs. W. H. Tipton, Mrs. D. Damsgaard, Mrs. V. J. Dmitrieff, Mrs. F. B. Dykstra, Mrs. V. A. Borzenko, Mrs. K. Wilkinson, Mrs. A. Kay, Mrs. H. Kazak, and Mrs. E. A. Roberts.

Japanese Blood Donors Leaving for China

Tokyo, Oct. 6.

Thirty young men from Nagoya will leave Japan shortly for China in order to donate their blood to wounded soldiers at the front.

No less than three hundred volunteered to leave for China, and thirty of them are being selected by the authorities.

A special blood transfusion organization was set up in Nagoya as early as 1937 and to date its members have donated 15,000 grams of blood to wounded Japanese soldiers.—Havas.

Luxury Articles Vanish In Japan

Tokyo, Oct. 7.

Luxury products disappeared from Japanese markets as the three month period granted to merchants by the government following the issuance of a ban on all luxuries reached its expiration date.

It was expected here, however, that several commodities previously designated as "luxuries" will continue to be manufactured under special license since substitutes for them are unavailable.

Although manufacturers, wholesalers, and retailers were permitted to dispose of their wares at former prices during the three month period, henceforth the value of all precious stones, costly textiles, lacquer ware, jewellery, trinkets and the like will be greatly diminished.—Domei.

See
"COQ d'OR"
and you will patronize every production of
LE BALLET RUSSE

New CHAMPION SPARK PLUGS
Bring BETTER ACCELERATION
Spits and jerks when accelerating put a strain on your car and on your nerves. New Champions improve acceleration and enable your car to pull smoothly. This saves fuel, too. So much, in fact, that you soon are repaid the cost of your new Champions ...and more! Champions save you money.
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Our fighting men are ready—at sea, on land, and in the air. The men and women in our munition plants are working day and night.

Now comes the full opportunity for **you** to help with all the means in your power.

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THE SPORTS PAGE

Detroit Triumphs Over Reds To Take World Series Lead

Mourning His Father's Recent Death "Buck" Newsom Pitches Masterly Game and Blanks Cincinnati

Detroit, Oct. 6.

WITH a heavy heart and a grim countenance, 31-year-old Louis "Buck" Newsom pitched one of the masterpieces of his career—leading the Detroit Tigers to an 8 to 0 win over the Cincinnati Reds at Briggs Stadium and giving them a 3 to 2 lead in the 1940 World Series.

Newsom pitched this game for his father who passed away three days ago after seeing the opening game in which the elder Newsom had watched his son rout the Reds by a score of 7 to 2. Before he breathed his last, his father told "Buck" that his greatest wish was for him to win another—and "Buck" redeemed that promise by hurling the Tigers to a glorious triumph today.

That three-hit performance combined with the tremendous 13-hit barrage laid down by the Tigers had the Reds running for cover throughout the game. The devastating attack in turn drove Gene Thompson, Lloyd Moore and Johnny Vander Meer to the showers after which Johnny Hutchins, the rookie from the West Coast, finished out the game.

The Tigers started hitting early in the game but it wasn't until the third frame that the Detroit club really got under way. In that inning, Thompson was greeted by successive singles off the bats of Bill McCosky, who hit to short centre, and Charley Gehringer, who collected a single into right field. Gehringer's single sent McCosky to third base.

That set the stage for Big Hank Greenberg and the slugging outfielder laid on the wood with all his weight, sending the pill roaring into the upper left field stands—the longest home run of the series—clearing the bags and giving Detroit a three-run lead.

The Tiger came bouncing back in the next inning with a four-run attack to put the game on "easy street." Bill Sullivan led off and got a free ticket to first and went to second on a long sacrifice fly by Newsom. Dick Bartell came through with a crashing two-bagger, sending Sullivan across the platter with the first tally of the inning.

Bartell went to third on a passed ball after which Bill McCosky drew down a free pass to the base paths and Thomrson was sent to the showers. Lloyd Moore taking over the mound duties, then walked Gehringer, loading the bases.

Greenberg's Sacrifice Fly

Greenberg poled a fly to deep centre and Bartell crossed the plate after the catch with McCosky moving into third base. Rudy York then drew a pass to first, sending Gehringer on to second and loading the bases again. Campbell then singled to left field, sending McCosky and Gehringer scampering across the plate.

In the eighth inning Greenberg singled and went to third on Campbell's single. He scored when Rookie Hutchins tossed a wild pitch.

Campbell led the Tiger attack getting three hits in four times at the platter, followed by McCosky and Gehringer, each of whom collected two for three.

The score follows:—

	R.	H.	E.
Cincinnati	0	3	0
Detroit	8	13	0

Detroit

	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Bartell, ss.	4	1	0	0	1	0
McCosky, cf.	3	2	2	3	0	0
Gehringer, 1f.	6	2	3	1	0	0
York, 1b.	4	0	0	7	0	0
Campbell, rf.	4	0	3	2	0	0
Higgins, 3b.	2	0	0	0	0	0
Sullivan, c.	4	1	1	10	2	0
Newsom, p.	4	0	0	0	2	1
	34	8	13	27	8	0

Cincinnati

Werber, 3b.	4	0	1	0	0	0
M. McCormick, cf.	4	0	1	2	1	0
Goodman, rf.	4	0	0	1	0	0
F. McCormick, 1b.	4	0	1	8	0	0
Ripple, 1f.	2	0	0	4	0	0
Baker, c.	2	0	0	2	0	0
Wilson, c.	1	0	0	3	1	0
Joost, 2b.	3	0	0	2	1	0
Myers, ss.	2	0	0	2	0	0
Thompson, p.	1	0	0	0	1	0
Moore	0	0	0	0	0	0
Vander Meer	0	0	0	0	0	0
Hutchins	0	0	0	0	0	0
C. Grey *	1	0	0	0	0	0
Riggs **	1	0	0	0	0	0
	29	0	3	24	5	0

* Grey batted for Moore in Fifth Inning.
** Riggs batted for Vander Meer in Eighth Inning.—United Press.

Composite Batting Averages

Detroit

	AB.	H.	Pct.
Campbell	20	9	.450
McCosky	16	7	.438
Greenberg	22	8	.364
Higgins	17	6	.353
York	18	4	.223
Gehringer	19	4	.211
Bartell	19	1	.053
Sullivan	5	0	.000
Tebbetts	8	0	.000
Newsom	4	0	.000
Rowe	1	0	.000
Gorsica	2	0	.000
Bridges	3	0	.000
Trout	1	0	.000
Smith	1	0	.000
McKain	1	0	.000
Averill	1	0	.000
Fox	1	0	.000
Team	159	39	.245

Cincinnati

Werber	18	8	.444
Wilson	12	3	.400
Walters	3	1	.333
Lombardi	3	1	.333
Ripple	16	5	.312
Goodman	21	6	.286
M. McCormick	22	6	.273
Baker	4	1	.250
Joost	19	4	.210
F. McCormick	20	4	.200
Myers	16	2	.125
Derringer	4	0	.000
Moore	2	0	.000
Riggs	3	0	.000
Craft	1	0	.000
Turner	2	0	.000
Erey	1	0	.000
C. Grey	1	0	.000
Arnovich	1	0	.000
Team	170	41	.249

Composite Fifth Game Box Scores

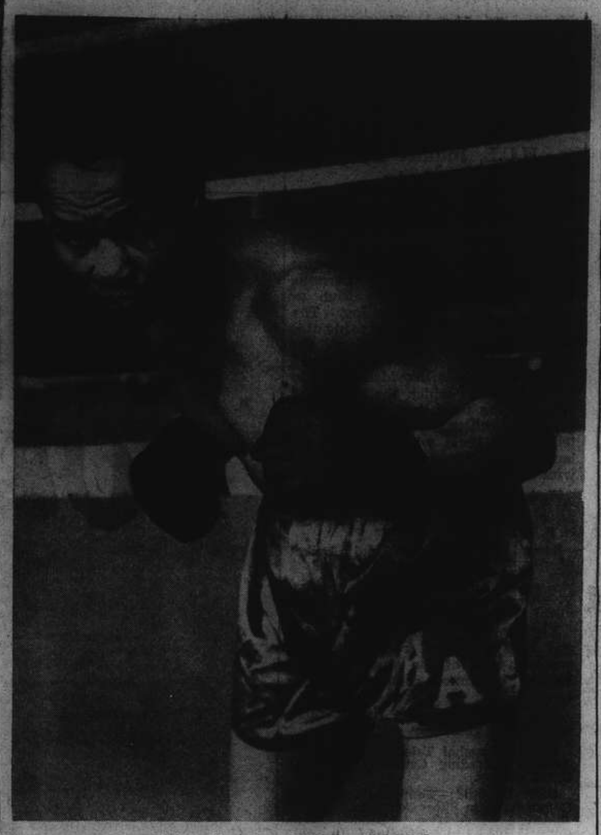
Detroit

	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Partell, ss.	19	2	1	10	6	1
McCosky, cf.	16	5	7	15	0	0
Gehringer, bb.	19	3	4	8	14	0
Greenberg, lf.	22	5	8	9	0	0
York, 1b.	18	3	4	15	2	0
Campbell, rf.	20	4	9	13	0	0
Higgins, 3b.	17	2	6	3	21	1
Sullivan, c.	5	1	0	6	1	0
Tebbetts, c.	8	0	0	6	1	1
Newsom, p.	4	1	0	1	0	0
Rowe, p.	1	0	0	0	1	0
Gorsica, p.	3	0	0	0	1	0
Bridges, p.	3	0	0	0	1	0
Trout, p.	1	0	0	0	1	0
Smith, p.	1	0	0	0	1	0
McKain, p.	1	0	0	0	0	0
Averill	1	0	0	0	0	0
Fox	1	0	0	0	0	0
	159	26	39	116	50	3

Cincinnati

Werber, 3b.	18	4	6	7	10	1
M. McCormick, cf.	22	1	6	13	1	1
Goodman, rf.	21	4	6	5	0	0
F. McCormick, 1b.	20	1	4	47	2	0
Ripple, 1f.	16	2	5	11	0	0
Wilson, c.	12	1	3	20	2	0
Baker, c.	4	1	1	7	0	1
Lombardi, c.	3	0	1	4	0	0
Joost, 2b.	19	0	4	7	7	0
Myers, ss.	16	0	2	7	12	2
Derringer, p.	4	0	0	0	4	0
Moore, p.	2	0	0	0	1	0
Riddle, p.	0	0	0	0	0	0
Beggs, p.	0	0	0	0	0	0
Hutchins, p.	0	0	0	0	0	0
Walter, p.	3	1	1	0	2	0
Turner, p.	2	0	0	0	0	0
Vander Meer, p.	0	0	0	0	0	0
Turner, p.	2	0	0	0	0	0
Thompson, p.	1	0	0	0	1	0
Riggs	3	1	0	0	0	0
C. Grey	1	0	0	0	0	0
Craft	1	0	0	0	0	0
Frey	1	0	0	0	0	0
Arnovich, lf.	1	0	0	2	0	0
	170	16	41	130	42	5

—United Press.



Negro Champion Finally Defeated

Henry Armstrong, after many years "on top of the heap" holding three titles simultaneously, lost his last crown, the welterweight emblem, last Friday to Fritzie Zivic.

Soccer Season Opens This Saturday

A.S.F. to Meet S.F.X.; J.R.C. draws Tung Hwa

Soccer will make its formal debut on Saturday when the A.S.F. and S.F.X. meet in the opening match at 2.30 p.m. at the Canidrome. Admission price of $.60 has been fixed. The two teams have already met in a friendly encounter and, unless the A.S.F. produce some trump card, they should bow before a more aggressive and faster team.

Another game has been slated for Sunday at 10.30 a.m., the same venue, where Tung Hwa, reinforced by K. H. Hwang and N. Lee, will oppose the Jewish Recreation Club in the latter's first senior game. The Jewish players have had two practice games so far and fared well in both, beating P.T.H. in the first, and holding A.S.F. to a 1-1 score last Sunday. Admission for this game has been set at $1 and $0.60.

Fine Closing Day Ceremonies

Shanghai Lawn Bowls Club Prize Presentation; Good Sum to British War Fund

In glorious weather on Sunday and with the greens fully recovered from the saturation they had received during the earlier part of the week, there was a large attendance of members to take part in the closing day games of the Shanghai Lawn Bowls Club, nearly 50 participating in the rink game played during the forenoon and in the revolving progressive rinks game in the afternoon.

The ladies also turned up in good numbers in the afternoon and eight pairs competed in the ladies progressive pairs game. The members present sat down to an open-air tiffin on the greens and in the afternoon a large number of visitors were entertained to tea, following which the prizes won during the season and during the day's play were presented to the successful competitors by Mrs. F. J. Drakeford, who also received a souvenir of the occasion and the thanks of the members for her part in this pleasant ceremony.

Successful Season

The season as a whole has been quite a successful one for the Club in the various inter-club and open competitions and Sunday's official wind-up was an unqualified success and thoroughly enjoyed by players and spectators alike. The greens will still be kept open for play until the end of the months and all members are looking forward to another full day of bowling next Sunday when the annual game between the Scottish members and the Rest will be played.

The prizes distributed yesterday were as follow:—

Club Championship: winner, C. Richards; runner-up, B. H. M. Broomhall.

Singles handicap: winner, W. C. Walker; runner-up, W. J. Ward.

Club pairs: winners, B. H. M. Broomhall and L. J. Hughes; runners-up, T. S. Parry and J. Case.

Wednesday evening game: winner, E. R. Harmer; runner-up, A. A. Chalmers; hidden prize, W. Train.

Novices prize: winner, R. G. Southerton; runner-up, W. C. Walker.

Closing day rinks: W. J. Ward, H. S. Bell, J. Henry, F. M. Young.

Revolving progressive rinks: winners, W. J. Ward, D. R. Harbottle, A. H. Childs and A. R. Eisenhut; runners-up, A. H. Harvey, F. Hill, J. Case and A. A. Chalmers.

Ladies progressive pairs: winners, Mrs. T. S. Parry and Mrs. F. Hill; runners-up: Mrs. E. Owen and W. J. Ward; consolation: Mrs. E. R. Harmer and Miss M. Southerton.

All prizes were in the nature of souvenirs and of nominal value; the balance of the Prize Fund, which will amount to at least $1,500, will be donated to the Central British War Fund when the final account has been made up.

Laraine Day, Nurse Mary Lamont of "Dr. Kildare Goes Home," is in addition to a director of Little Theater productions, a poetess of talent.

Yacht Club Race Cancelled

Four Boats Start But Without Enough Breeze, Run Abandoned

Yet another attempt was made by "A" Class Yachts to sail off a Woosung Series on Sunday, but whereas the first attempt was cancelled owing to a typhoon, the races had to be abandoned owing to lack of wind. Four yachts were at anchor at Woosung over night and set off for a race in the Yangtze on Sunday morning.

The obliging and long suffering Commodore was elected to sail Viking in the absence of her owner and Dr. Parsons sailed Valerie; Ingomar and Mignon being sailed by their respective owners.

A course was set round the Quarantine and Blockhouse, but the yachts had hardly got out of the Whangpoo when the wind died down and they had to anchor.

Negative Flag Hoisted

At noon precisely the negative flag was hoisted on Mignon, cancelling the race, whereupon Viking and Mignon up anchored and endeavoured to get back into the Whangpoo. The tide carried them beyond the mouth of the river and Mignon had to resort to the use of frying pans as a means of propulsion. Ingomar hung on a bit to see what Valerie was up to and made frantic signals to her, but the doctor like Nelson put his blind eye to his telescope and carried on. At 1.30 p.m. Valerie rounded the Quarantine but the flood was setting in strongly by this time and with the wind failing again she was unable to reach Block House and had to give up, later accepting a tow back from Restless.

Shanghai Union Hockey Club

The Shanghai Union Hockey Club is holding its annual meeting today at 5.30 p.m. on the third floor of the Foreign Y.M.C.A., at which time the season's programme will be discussed.

Shanghai Golf Club

Members entered for either "A" or "B" Class Championships are requested to notify the Secretary by tomorrow if they are unable to play on Sunday.

Members are also informed that additional entries for "A" and "B" Class will be accepted up to 3 p.m., tomorrow. Presentation of prizes will be made on Sunday at Seekingjao at 6.30 p.m.

Friendly Swimming at Foreign Y.M.C.A.

Y. Seniors Lose by Small Margin to S.R.C.

The Seniors swimmers of the Shanghai Rowing Club won a friendly swimming match yesterday from the Foreign Y.M.C.A. team in the latter's pool—43-41. The results follow:—

50 yd. freestyle: 1, Lumsdaine; 2, Butt; 3, E. Smith.—time, 26⅕ sec.

50 yd. breast stroke: 1, Dodd; 2, Gilchrist; 3, Maher—time, 32⅘ sec.

50 yd. back stroke: 1, Lumsdaine; 2, E. Smith; 3, Rotewk—time, 33⅘ sec.

100 yd. free style: 1, Hyatt; 2, Dodd; 3, Stephen—time, 1 min. 6⅘ sec.

200 yd.: 1, Gilchrist; 2, Riggs; 3, Lumsdaine—time, 29⅘ sec.

Relay race: 1, Rowing Club; 2, Foreign Y.M.C.A.—time, 1 min. 33⅘ sec.

Diving: 1, Johnstone; 2, Ozorio; 3, Griffith.

200 yd. relay: 1, Foreign Y.M.C.A.; 2, Rowing Club.

Totals—Rowing Club 43, Foreign Y.M.C.A. 41.

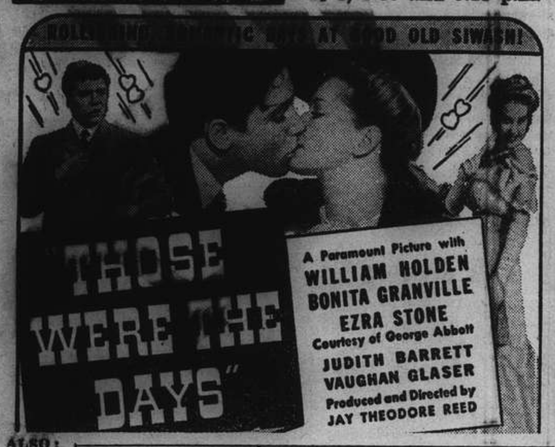
PARC DES SPORTS (AUDITORIUM)
HAI-ALAI
TO-DAY AT
14 EVENTS 14
2 TEAMS 2
7.30 P.M.

SHANGHAI RACE COURSE
8TH EXTRA RACE MEETING, 1ST DAY
THURSDAY, OCTOBER 10, 1940
At 11.30 A.M.

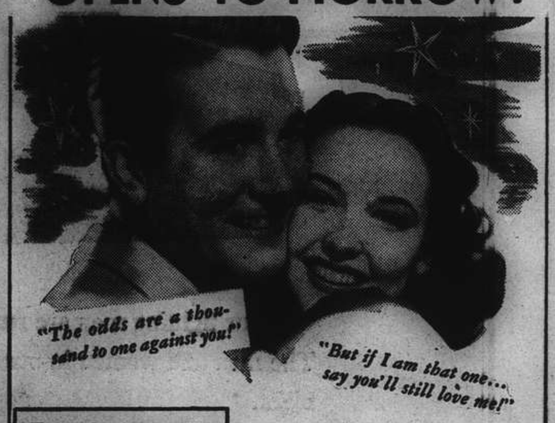
A PROGRAMME OF TWELVE FLAT RACES
THE SPECIAL RACES FOR AUSTRALIAN PONIES ARE—
Race 5 The Austral Maiden Plate—3/4 Mile—A Section at 1.40 p.m.
Race 6 The Austral Maiden Plate—3/4 Mile—B Section at 2.00 p.m.
Race 8 The Austral Trial Plate — 1 Mile— at 3.00 p.m.
TIFFIN INTERVAL AFTER THE THIRD RACE
From this day's racing the Club will forward a donation to British War Funds.
Special Guests' Admission Tickets $5 each. Archway Entrance, 304 Mohawk Road. These Tickets give admission to Members' Sections of Grand Stand and Pari-Mutuels, etc.
Entrance for Public, 304A Mohawk Road
Admission $1 each.
Men in uniform admitted free.
CASH SWEEP TICKETS
All through chances for Sweeps on Seven Races, each Race Day at $20 each.
Special Sweeps on the Champions, Autumn Race Meeting, 13th November 1940, $10 each Ticket of Eleven Sections.
Single Sections $1 each.
10% of the Gross Sweep will be donated to Charity and War Funds.
For further information regarding Sweeps apply to
A. W. OLSEN,
304 Mohawk Road.

METROPOL TELEPHONE 93322 NOW SHOWING! at 2.30, 5.30 and 9.15 p.m.
The Greatest Adventure Epic of All is Back to Thrill You Once Again!
BRAND NEW PRINT;
RAFAEL SABATINI'S WORLD-FAMED ADVENTURE CLASSIC!
CAPTAIN BLOOD
ACTUALLY THE MOST EXCITING PICTURE EVER FILMED!
Starring
ERROL FLYNN ★ OLIVIA DE HAVILLAND
LIONEL ATWILL * BASIL RATHBONE
ROSS ALEXANDER * GUY KIBBEE *
HENRY STEPHENSON * ROBERT BARRET
NOTE: Main Feature Starts Promptly at Times Advertised Above
90 cts., $1.20, $1.60 $1, $1.30, $1.60, $2

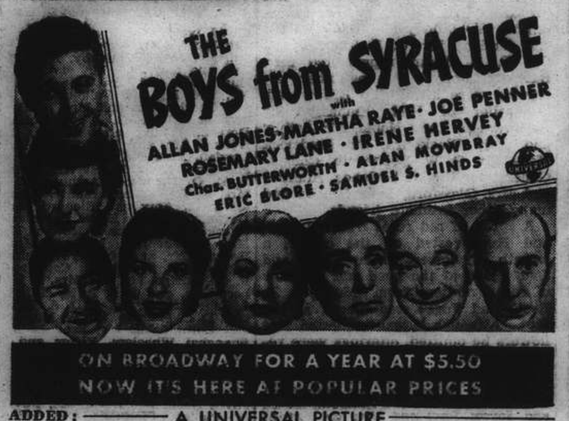
OPENS THURSDAY!
Walt's Most Whimsical Creations in A Fun Feast for the Young of All Ages!
AN RKO RADIO RELEASE
1940's New-WALT DISNEY PROGRAMME
All in Technicolor
BOOKING NOW OPEN!
BOOKING AT THE THEATRE From 8.30 a.m. to 10 p.m.

CATHAY TELEPHONE 31565 TO-DAY ONLY! at 3, 5.30 and 9.15 p.m.


ALSO: "POPEYE CARTOON" * Paramount News * Symphony Orchestra

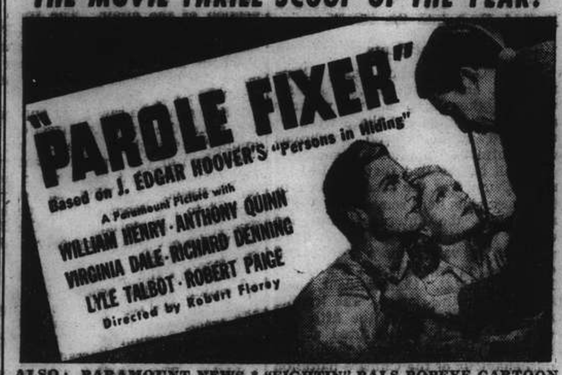
OPENS TO-MORROW!


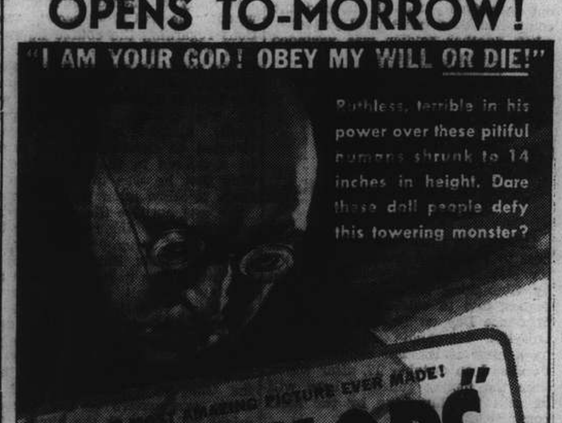
Two plucky small-town youngsters . . . bruising their hearts, finding out things about love ...in the great adventure that is Hollywood!
LINDA DARNELL
in
STAR DUST
with
John Payne · Roland Young
Charlotte Greenwood
William Gargan · Mary Beth Hughes
Mary Healy · Donald Meek
Directed by Walter Lang
A 20th CENTURY FOX PICTURE
BOOK YOUR SEATS NOW!

NANKING TELEPHONE 84133 TO-DAY ONLY! at 2.30, 5.30 and 9.15 p.m.

THE BOYS from SYRACUSE
with
ALLAN JONES · MARTHA RAYE · JOE PENNER
ROSEMARY LANE · IRENE HERVEY
Chas. BUTTERWORTH · ALAN MOWBRAY
ERIC BLORE · SAMUEL S. HINDS
ON BROADWAY FOR A YEAR AT $5.50
NOW IT'S HERE AT POPULAR PRICES
ADDED: A UNIVERSAL PICTURE
"FOLIES PARISIENNE"—musical GOING PLACES

OPENS TO-MORROW!

Youngest old maid in the world, who doesn't think men are human!
World's leading expert in heart trouble . . terribly superior to women!
When a guy like that goes for a girl like this, watch out for fun-packed fireworks!
LORETTA YOUNG · RAY MILLAND
The Doctor Takes a Wife
with RONALD GARDINER · GAIL PATRICK
EDMUND GWENN · GEORGES METAXA
Screen play by George Seaton and Ken England
Directed by ALEXANDER HALL
A Columbia Picture
DOWNTOWN BOOKING AT SAM LAZARO BROS!

GRAND TELEPHONE 13125 TO-DAY ONLY! at 2.30, 5.30 and 9.15 p.m.
THE MOVIE THRILL SCOOP OF THE YEAR!

"PAROLE FIXER"
Based on J. EDGAR HOOVER'S "Persons in Hiding"
A Paramount Picture with
WILLIAM HENRY · ANTHONY QUINN
VIRGINIA DALE · RICHARD DENNING
LYLE TALBOT · ROBERT PAIGE
Directed by Robert Florey
ALSO: PARAMOUNT NEWS * "FIGHTIN' PALS POPEYE CARTOON "BLUE STREAK"—Sports * "Television Preview" * Musical
$1.20, $1.70, $2.30 $1.20, $1.80, $2.50, $3.20

OPENS TO-MORROW!
"I AM YOUR GOD! OBEY MY WILL OR DIE!"
Ruthless, terrible in his power over these pitiful humans shrunk to 14 inches in height. Dare these doll people defy this towering monster?


SEE Dr. Cyclops inject his new radium formula . . . shrinking his victims to pygmy size!
SEE a normal sized cat become a ravening monster!
SEE a beautiful young woman shrunk to miniature size!
SEE the little people plot their revenge against the gigantic mad genius!
with
Albert Dekker, James Ellison, Thomas Coley, Charles Halton, Victor Kilian, Frank Yaconelli
Directed by Ernest Schoedsack
BOOKING NOW! OPEN!

Woman's Page

A LONDON LETTER

By Olive Dun

London, Aug. 31.

There can be no great celebration of Queen Wilhelmina's 60th birthday today, although one may be sure that her subjects wherever they can will have some festivity and drink the Queen's health and speedy return to her throne.

In Holland the slightest exhibition of loyalty to the Queen has been made a crime. The wearing of orange colours and of the white carnation which is Prince Bernhard's favourite flower is absolutely taboo by the Germans. They have even begun to remonstrate through the wireless with ladies who fancy wearing little hats made like British military forage caps. To be sure that does not imply any particular affection for the House of Orange. But anything suggesting sympathy with the Queen's friends, even if they were not the hated "Englander," would inexpressibly shock the good German's feelings.

Queen Wilhelmina is living very quietly in a house in Eaton Square, with but a few servants and all the meals strictly kept to the common rationing pattern. She does a good deal of work with the Netherlands Government in London chiefly concerned with the Netherlands colonies. She also has rented a small house in the country to which she occasionally goes. Otherwise walking is her chief recreation. Prince Bernhard has a couple of rooms in her house, though he moves about considerably among the Netherlands troops in Britain. The Queen does no entertaining. Her subjects in this country will send her a joint token of loyalty today and there will be a service in the quaint old Netherlands church in the City. But it is Queen Wilhelmina's wish to remain as retired as possible while in exile.

* * *

Another Exiled Ruler

Another fugitive Royalty arrived here yesterday, the Grand Duchess Charlotte of Luxemburg, with her husband. She lunched with the King and Queen and Queen Mary at Buckingham Palace today.

When the Germans invaded Luxemburg the Grand Duchess and her family slipped out just in time. She had been advised to follow the French Minister. He was held up and taken by the enemy, but the Grand Duchess's inconspicuous black car managed to get past the Germans without being noticed. She went to France and thence, when Marshal Petain surrendered, to Portugal. From there she has flown to London. What she will do now has not yet been announced, but one imagines she will find England good enough in spite of the German raiders.

The Grand Duchess is a strikingly handsome woman. She succeeded to the throne of Luxemburg after the last war when the people of the tiny Duchy considered that her elder sister Adelaide had been much too pro-German in the war. The sister retired into a convent and has since died. The Grand Duchess married a brother of the ex-Empress Zita and has five children. She and her husband are ardently pro-British and her eldest son, the Hereditary Grand Duke John, was educated at Ampleforth, the Roman Catholic school in Yorkshire.

* * *

Bombing Season

This has been a somewhat trying week with Hitler's raiders coming over night after night to cruise about, sometimes dropping bombs, more often just trying to keep us in suspense. You will remember that Mark Twain, in his restless night in "The Tramp Abroad," "suffered more when the mouse wasn't gnawing the woodwork, waiting for him to begin, than when he was at work." Which is equally true of the bombers.

But one soon begins to adapt oneself. In the theatres when a warning sounds it is quite the regular thing now for the audience to stay on and get up an impromptu entertainment of their own and to have dancing on the stage. Now, however, the theatres and concerts have put forward the opening hour to 6.30 so as to be finished before nine, the usual hour for the raiders to drop in. There is little falling off in the audiences, except for one or two plays which were already beginning to wear out their welcome and were due to be taken off in any case.

Englishmen are either singularly unimaginative or fatalistic. I think they are a good deal of the latter. I was asking a gardener today, near whose cottage a bomb had dropped two nights ago, though without doing damage, how he was feeling.

"Oh, one gets along all right," he replied. "My missus she's a bit scary. She sleeps down in the kitchen. I look in on her now and then. But what I say is, if your number's up it's up and you can't do anything about it, so it doesn't seem much good worrying. Oh, one gets along."

* * *

More Women Wanted

It is interesting to see that there is to be a considerable expansion of that notable survival of the last war, the Wrens, otherwise the Women's Royal Naval Service. It is a jealously argued point whether the Wrens or the Fanys (also dating from 1914-18) are the most aristocratic of all the women's war organizations. Certainly none wear a more becoming uniform than the Wrens. And the work they do is specially useful and attractive.

Now an appeal for some 700 more a month is issued. They take no civilian's place but only that of a man who can be released for service afloat. Some will work as cooks, being trained in the naval kitchens if they cannot already cook. Others will become stewards and clerks. The expansion of the Fleet Air Arm calls for the employment of many more Wrens. Hitherto they have been mostly recruited from coast towns, as one might expect. But now recruiting officers are to go inland. Lantern slides showing what the Wrens do have been prepared for display at the cinemas.

This appeal is the more noteworthy in that there is a strong feeling in some quarters that not nearly as much use is being made of women's help as might be just before Parliament rose. A meeting of the Committee on Woman Power was held at the House with Miss Irene Ward, M.P., in the chair at which it was complained that, while everyone was being told to "go to it," when women did try to go there seemed too often nowhere for them to go and no machinery for using them.

According to figures published by the "News Chronicle" about 1,250,000 women are doing war work, of whom 300,000 are giving their services free, while 700,000 are registered to voluntary jobs in their spare time. As there are about 14½ million women in Britain between the ages of 15 and 55 of whom 6¼ million were "gainfully employed," as the official phrase has it, at the outbreak of the war, there is evidently a large reserve to be drawn upon.

The vast majority of women would undoubtedly be only too glad to feel that they were definitely helping the country, but they do not know what to do. Needless to say, this feeling is not confined to women. One hears many bitter complaints from men that they have applied again and again for any work, not necessarily for remuneration, and can get no further than to have their names put down on some roll which seems forthwith to be lost. The Home Guard has opened a way of service for hosts of these men. But that is useless for women, though I have seen appeals that women should at least be trained in the most effective way of wielding the kitchen poker so as to defend themselves if parachutists drop at their doors. They might even be taught how to throw a hand-grenade.

* * *

Looking Ahead

While some of our intellectuals continue to importune the Government to say what they mean to do with Europe after the war, a far more important point has been raised by the practical, namely, what we are going to do for our splendid airmen, for whom some new occupation will have to be found. Are we going to allow a repetition of the pathetic efforts of the demobbed to find any sort of employment after the last war?

Evidently this question goes very far. Besides soldiers, sailors and airmen there will be thousands of women who have been doing men's work and of them only a limited proportion will find an outlet in marriage. To make definite plans is obviously impossible. Whether the war ends soon or late, the upheaval will have been so tremendous that some hardships are inevitable. It seems certain that the war will lead to a tremendous expansion of civil aviation, in which numbers will find work. But even if no cut-and-dried scheme can be evolved now, we might at least begin the plan on general lines instead of waiting till the last moment as we are ever too prone to do.

Something is already being done to school soldiers to trades and crafts. This is the more welcome as there appears every prospect of our having a million men or more under arms all the winter with comparatively little for them to do. And nothing is more demoralizing than that, as Dr. Watts taught in familiar verse. But in whatever plans are made the women ought to insist that they are properly considered.

* * *

Improving Physique

Meanwhile the Board of Education has launched a scheme of physical training for the nation with a board of directors, one of whom is a woman, Miss Colson. The object is to improve the physique of boys and girls between the ages of 14 and 20, the growing age.

Miss Colson is described as "Britain's No. 1 woman P. T. expert." She was trained at the Bedford Physical Training College and after working in two schools was made secretary of the Central Council of Recreative Physical Training five years ago. Her ideas for girls are that grace of movement should be the first aim. And it seems clear that you cannot be graceful unless you are fit. She is a great believer in dancing of the right sort. Pavlova would have applauded that, and certainly she was as fit as a fiddle as all great dancers are. Games of course there will be, and it is interesting to hear that Miss Colson stoutly upholds hockey for girls. In many schools it has been dropped in recent years in the belief that it tends to develop girls lopsidedly. For cricket Miss Colson has no great enthusiasm. Might one add, And rowing too? And football?

* * *

Popular Coffee

When Lord Woolton, the Food Controller, was urged by the temperance folk to extinguish beer and thus save barley and make us all blue-ribbonists, he said that it was not his job to change the nation's habits. Yet he is doing so, though involuntarily. With the rationing of tea coffee-drinking is increasing as coffee is not rationed. It has never been able to compare with tea partly because it has always been so much more expensive, partly because it is usually so vilely made.

Nowadays expense is no object. Either you have still some money or you haven't, and in either case it is obviously the thing to spend it as freely as possible. As regards the second point the improvement in coffee-making in recent years is a thing that historians ought to note. Are we going to turn into a nation of coffee-drinkers Delicious as good coffee is (and may I urge the extra delights of drinking it without sugar?) the unequalled power of tea to buck you up will always give it the advantage in our rather soft climate.

* * *

Do you remember my writing of two girls, both of whom had been presented at court, who started a marriage bureau in Bond Street and the success they made of it? I remember wondering how long it would be before one or both found it better to keep one of the male clients for herself instead of wasting him on another girl.

Well, one of them, Miss Heather Jenner, has done it and was married this week. Her partner Miss Mary Oliver is carrying on and Miss Jenner says that she means to rejoin her after her honeymoon. But it cannot be long before Miss Oliver treads the rosy path. Will they then keep to marriage-broking or sell out? They should be able to ask a good price for since they started only a year ago, they have arranged no fewer than 800 marriages.

At the beginning of the war they offered a bonus of £50 for the first war-baby to be born to any of their clients; the only condition being that the father must be in one of the fighting services. The prize has been won, twice, by a colonel whose wife produced twins. So the marriage bureau had to pay up £100, and did so with becoming grace and promptitude.

"Spare A Trinket" Fund

The "Spare a Trinket" Fund in Britain is the subsidiary branch of the Duchess of Northumberland's Comforts Fund for the Auxiliary Territorial Service. In the picture Queen Mary is seen looking over the trinkets. With her are Mrs. Gordon Barry and Mrs. Brian Thursby, chairman and founder of the Trinket Fund.

Queen Elizabeth Inspects Women's Legion

Once a week uniformed women drill at the Royal Mews, Buckingham Palace. They are members of the Women's Legion, the famous corps founded in 1914. The Women's Legion is a voluntary corps which has been included in the Army List since it began in 1914. The picture shows the Queen inspecting the women.

Housewives Remain Calm in Coastal Air Raids

Shopping Excursions Between The All Clear Sirens

London, Aug. 17.

HOUSEWIVES are playing a key part in the coastal town air battles. All those interviewed recently said it was their duty to remain to cook and scrub and care for their husbands and children and their neighbours whose homes were blown up in the daily air raids. They are most resentful of the published stories suggesting that they are leaving towns pushing prams loaded with possessions.

British women are as unafraid as the men. "We are in the front line, too," they said. For the nightly raids they move the children's beds into the air-raid shelters, where the children spend the entire night undisturbed. During the whistling of the bombs, the swooping planes, and the rattling machine-guns women in the shelters look as calm as if they were at a tea party.

During the worst raid on one coastal town, when several were killed, police patrolled streets with loud-speakers, asking shoppers to take cover.

Dover housewives caught in the streets during six daily raids reduce their wasted hours by forming a shopping club. When the all-clear siren sounds one dashes to the greengrocer, another buys meat, a third attends to the groceries, then they pool all provisions. When the police pointed out the machine-gun bullets falling thickly during the Messerschmitts' attack on the barrage balloons they completely failed to persuade the women to go indoors, who were restive after hours of sheltering. "I must go, the dinner is spoiling," was the general comment.

Getting Wise to It

Women have learnt to distinguish between the noises of machine-gun, cannon, and anti-aircraft fire. They are not anxious when the dull crump indicates a bomb. Everyone takes the children everywhere with them lest they are caught in the streets and prevented from getting home. Mothers and children look bored and unanxious.

All have achieved a jolly philosophy. The wife of a postman in a small town outside Dover arrived in Dover in the middle of an air raid. "I came here to visit my sister, who came to spend a holiday with her parents right in the middle of the blitzkreig." It is a favourite joke to point to the French coast, "there's Germany."

The occupants of an entire street of tileless and windowless houses are laughing because an air raid worker was just going to bed at mid-morning after night duty, when a bomb dropped next door.

A Cheerful Lot

A housewife sheltering in a cellar with her baby heard the explosion, ran out to extricate the victims, and helped to dig out a woman from beneath a copper where she was beginning to do the week's washing. All neighbouring houses an hour afterwards looked like a scene from the film. "Gulliver's Travels," with every man sitting on a windowsill nailing linoleum or three-ply to replace the missing tiles or glass, or to cover the shrapnel holes in the walls.

When a bomb fell in the five yard space between two Anderson shelters, a young mother said, "I was a bit frightened for my ten months' old baby. He cried for five minutes, but was unhurt. We wonder what happened to the chickens in the run where the bomb fell as we have not found even a feather." Asked whether she intended to repair some shattered windows, a fat, jolly housewife who helped to dig out the victims, said. "I believe it is the landlord's responsibility, but if he takes as long as he did to repair one tile, we won't have windows until the war is over."

Shanghai Fashions Will Be No Problem

New York and America's West Coast Step Into the Breach; Interview with Mme Delbuch

America is now recognized as the fashion centre of the world. The best designers of Europe are located in New York and on the West Coast adding new life and zest to the work of already acknowledged American leaders.

In the past we have been fortunate in that many of our local modistes have brought us the latest models from Paris. At present it seems that we in Shanghai are still fortunate. Mme Delbuch of "The Dainty," 1182 Bubbling Well Road, has just returned from a shopping tour of the United States. She has brought with her beautiful models—the latest glowing colours and the newest moulded designs.

The new colours and styles seem to be especially made for the daytime and evening requirements of Shanghai ladies. The sports clothes from California are ideal for those of us in Shanghai who take advantage of the many activities constantly taking place in this city. The Hollywood models, many of them designed for movie stars, will surely add new colour and interest to our night life. Those ladies are fortunate who are to possess them.

A "War Efforts" Window

Messrs. Whiteaway, Laidlaw Have Some Suggestions to Make to All with Capable Fingers

Ladies!—Take a look when you are passing at Messrs. Whiteaway, Laidlaw's "war efforts" window at the corner of Nanking and Szechuen Roads. In the foreground, surmounted by the banners of the British Commonwealth of Nations, is that war classic, the "Daily Telegraph's" pictured assembly of the British Fleet in all its astounding might and magnitude. Heartened by this, eyes right and left will light upon specimens of knitted comforts for Navy, Army and Air Force, on each of which is tacked a neat white tag bearing the words, "Greeting from the British Women's Association, Shanghai." If you aren't a member of the B.W.A. yet feel impelled to get going right away with the knitting needles, the correct wools are stacked up with implements at hand as required to benefit sailor, soldier, airman—just as the heart inclines.

"Sew to Lend" and "Mend to Lend"—on big placards are displayed the small requisites to do either, thus enabling the wardrobe to hang together very much longer than it otherwise would (a selfless thought on the part of Messrs. Whiteaway's which is much to be commended) with the object of putting the money thus saved into Spitfires, War Loan, etc. The human touch is added by a graceful lady seated at a sewing machine, the expression of complacency on her face entirely justified by the perfect specimen of that nightmare of the war worker, a many-tailed bandage which she has obviously just completed. Portraits of Their Majesties and some good war posters make up an excellent show calculated to start a good many new hands on doing their bit.

A. W. C.

October 15.—Meeting of Membership Committee 2.30 p.m.; Executive Board 3 p.m.; Tea 4 p.m.; Literary Department 4.45 p.m.; programme consists of a book review of "Native Son" by Richard Wright given by Miss Juanita Byrd of the University of Shanghai.

October 16.—Dramatics Department 11 a.m.

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SPECIAL SALE

All kinds of rugs, from Peking-Tientsin, Tibet, Lanchow, Mongolia and Kansu. Fast colours with beautiful designs, price cheap, with 15 per cent. discount. Also all kinds of Peking arts.

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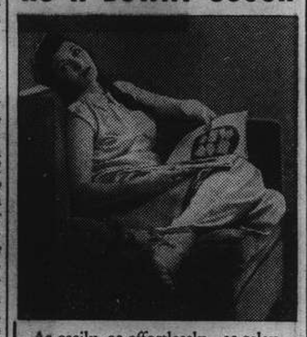

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B. W. A.

Monday, Oct. 7.—Social Service Board 4.45 p.m.

Tuesday, Oct. 8.—Sports Section Committee Meeting 10 a.m.

Wednesday, Oct. 9.—Red Cross Work 9 a.m. to 7 p.m. War Work Knitting 9.30 a.m. to 12.30 p.m.

Friday, Oct. 11.—Executive Committee Meeting 9 a.m. Red Cross Work 5 to 8 p.m. Red Cross Work at 1288 Bubbling Well Road 9 to noon.

Saturday, Oct. 12.—War Work Knitting 9.30 to 11.30 a.m.

Members of the Badminton Section are reminded that play starts on October 14.

The Social Service Board jumble sale takes place on October 15 and all jumble should be delivered on or before October 14 at the B.W.A. or at the Union Church Hall.

The bridge and mahjongg tea in aid of the Library Section postponed from last week will take place on October 17.

The Needlecraft Section have decided to postpone the meeting of Monday 7 to Monday 14 at the same place and time on account of the floods in the western district.

The Musical and Dramatic Section's concert in aid of the War Work Fund takes place on Saturday, October 26. Members requiring tickets are advised not to delay.

A sore or ulcerated mouth can be relieved by applying to it a mixture of powdered alum, bicarbonate of soda, and ordinary table salt (a dry teaspoon of each). Use the fingertips when applying the mixture.

There is nothing more disfiguring than a skin marred by pimples, boils and similar eruptions. If you are thus, troubled try

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Many a time—you'll be thankful Kotex doesn't make "tell-tale outlines"! Just compare the flat, pressed ends (patented by Kotex) with the thick, stubby ends of other napkins! It's easy to see why Kotex never makes embarrassing bulges...

Easy to see why it's so comfortable, too! Kotex is made in soft folds (with more absorbent material where needed . . . less in the non-effective portions of the pad). Naturally, Kotex is less bulky than pads with loose, wadded fillers! And the soft cotton under the gauze makes it less apt to chafe!

Kotex comes in 3 sizes, too! Super—Regular—Junior. Kotex is the only popular-priced napkin that offers you a choice of 3 different sizes! (So you may vary the size pad according to each day's needs!)

All 3 sizes have soft, folded centers . . . flat, tapered ends . . . and moisture-resistant "safety panels". All 3 sizes sell for the same low price!

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LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

Local Radio :
Better Programmes Wanted

To the Editor of the
"North-China Daily News"

Sir,—If the N.C.D.N. would sponsor a scheme to improve local radio broadcasts, it would be doing the general community a great service.

We are all fully aware, that except for station X.C.D.N. local foreign and Chinese programmes are much below the standard we would expect from a city like Shanghai. Of course, we cannot expect anything different considering such broadcasts are free.

However the solution is a tax, either compulsory or voluntary. The former is the better method but this would take considerable time to become law.

In the meanwhile, an appeal could be made to all radio users in Shanghai and outports for voluntary subscriptions. I would suggest a yearly sum of $1 per tube. This means the owner of a 6 tube set would pay $6 yearly and a 12 tube set $12 yearly, etc.

Why not form a committee from the local foreign and Chinese broadcasting stations and go into the matter? Once local stations are on a better financial footing, they might be able to dispense with some of their old gramophone records and might even be able to discontinue a part of the almost continuous and monotonous advertising.

Radio User.

Shanghai, Oct. 6.

The Union Jack:
An Error Pointed Out

To the Editor of the
"North-China Daily News"

Sir,—I note that in your issue of October 7, you publish a photograph of the first U.S. destroyers leaving for Canada, "Where," says your caption, "they ran up the Union Jack." Mr. Carroll Alcott (who is more easily forgiven) made the same mistake in a broadcast in August.

I would suggest that it is far more likely that they ran up the White Ensign and lowered the Union Jack. The American Union Jack is the 48 white star with blue background which flies from the bow of U.S. warships.

It is not often one catches out the N.C.D.N. and I am not one to quibble, but I feel I must get this letter in before the local yachtsmen and the Naval Office send theirs, to show that not all land lubbers can be caught napping.

J. A. Stericker.

Shanghai, Oct. 7.

Grateful Thanks:
Anti-Tuberculosis Assoc.

To the Editor of the
"North-China Daily News"

The Shanghai Anti-Tuberculosis Association acknowledges with grateful thanks the following contributions in cash and in kind in connection with its Second Annual Meeting on September 23:

Anonymous through Miss Connie Chun	$ 70.00
Chinese Women's Club	50.00
Wuya	19.75
Mrs. Loy Chang	10.00
Mrs. Chun Chee Shee	10.00
Mrs. Ki Chun	10.00
Mrs. Carleton Lacy	10.00
Mrs. Wuya Lao	10.00
	$189.75
The China Press	Programmes
Mrs. P. H. Dunbar	Flowers

Statement of Receipts and Expenses

Receipts (Contributions)	$189.75
Expenses	189.75

Harriet B. Lacy,
(Mrs. Carleton Lacy,)
Acting Chairman,
Sub-Committee on Arrangements,
Shanghai Anti-Tuberculosis Assoc.

Shanghai, Oct. 3.

S.V.C. Orders

Officers—Return from Leave:—Corps Headquarters.—Lieutenant H. Ibusuki returned from leave—September 28, 1940. Field Company.—Lieutenant G. E. Barker returned from leave—September 28, 1940. Lieutenant D. Sinclair returned from leave—September 30, 1940. No. 9 (Vol) Co. "C" Bn.—Captain C. P. Saveloff returned from leave—September 28, 1940.

Weapon Training — Classification (Rifle):—The undermentioned are qualified on "30 yards Range":—American Troop.—Tpr. A. R. Pure. Tpr. E. Lewin. Tpr. L. M. Schoolingin.

Amendments:—(a) Reference Corps Routine Order No. 40, para. 260, Line 4—delete "except S.M.C. Holidays" and insert "except Thursday and S.M.C. Holidays." (b) Reference Corps Routine Order No. 41, para 268, dated September 28, 1940.—under Strength—Decrease:—"B" Company.—L/Cpl. I. F. Aucott should read Scottish Company.—L/Cpl. I. F. Aucott.

Strength:—(a) Increase:—The undermentioned are taken on the strength of the Corps as under:—Corps Cavalry:—Light Horse.—Tpr. W. D. Ward-Smith, September 27, 1940. Tpr. R. Eskelund, September 30, 1940. American Troop.—Tpr. T. S. Nenpo, October 1, 1940. Corps Troops:—Signals Company:—Sgn. J. L. Mears, September 30, 1940. "A" Battalion:—"A" Company.—Pte. J. A. S. Baskett, September 30, 1940. "B" Battalion:—American Company.—Pte. S. Singer, September 30, 1940. Pte. E. Angelosante September 30, 1940. Portuguese Co.—Pte. Americo Maher (661), September 30, 1940. American M.G. Co. —Pte. C. A. Petroff, September 27, 1940. (b) Decrease:—The undermentioned are taken off the strength of the Corps as under:—Corps Cavalry:—Light Horse.—Tpr. L. H. Wade. O.M. Receipt No. 13899, September 30, 1940 Leaving Shanghai. Corps Troops:—Armoured Car Co.—Pte. F. C. Williams. O.M. Receipt No. 13788. September 30, 1940. Leaving Shanghai. "C" M.G. Company.—Pte. S. S. Grisorieo, O.M. Receipt No. 13880, September 28, 1940 Business Reasons. Chinese Company.—Pte. T. M. Liu, O.M. Receipt No. 13903, October 3, 1940, Business Reasons. "A" Battalion:—Scottish Company.—Pte. E. S. J. Blackwood. O.M. Receipt No. 13901. October 1, 1940. Leaving Shanghai. Jewish Company.—Pte. A. Bor. O.M. Receipt No. 13897, October 3, 1940. Leaving Shanghai. "B" Battalion:—Philippine Co.—Sgt. P. C. Bonno, Q.M. Receipt No. 13898. September 30, 1940. Business Reasons.

Seventy Years Ago

From the "North-China Daily News"
of October 8, 1870

The Swedish papers publish in their official columns a Royal resolution, granting to Swedish women the right to practise medicine, after passing the examination exacted from students. A special course will be created for them in the Carolin Institute, at the end of this quarter. The professors of unfeathered will be forced to take measures by which their lectures may be attended by persons of both sexes, and the Minister of Instruction is directed to see that these measures are carried out. The plea of non possumus raised by the Edinburgh professors, in answer to the claim of the ladies to admission to their university courses, is thus met in Sweden by very summary measures. The knot is cut by Government scissors. It is pointed out to ladies in England who may be desirous to attend such courses the facilities thus open to them in Scandinavia, we are by no means so unselfish as to grudge the opportunity to take up their residence in high latitudes.

Tigers v. Yanks

A Discussion of the Russo-German Pact

American Observer Believes the Relations Between The Countries to be Anything but Cordial

THE article below, which was taken from the "Christian Science Monitor," was written on the first anniversary of the Russo-German Pact signed in 1939, and consequently before the recent tripartite agreement between Germany, Italy and Japan. Events not known to the writer below have therefore altered some of his conclusions. He shows to what extent the Russo-German Pact, which startled the world a year ago, has worked out, both as to friendship and trade, and how the relations between the two dictatorships are anything but cordial.

The first anniversary of the German Russian frienship pact on August 23, following the trade pact of August 16, 1939, may bring official celebrations—possibly even another pact—but little trade or friendship.

Despite assurances of close collaboration by Soviet and Nazi leaders, the co-operation has been more external than internal, or in other words, for public consumption in foreign countries and for practical purposes in the deal in Eastern Europe.

Many Russian moves so far have been a blow to its partner of the friendship pact. When Poland was overrun by the German invasion, the Soviet stepped in and without any risk, took what Herr Hitler must have coveted for himself: the oil wells of East Poland and the frontier with Rumania.

After Joseph Stalin had thus eliminated the danger of a Nazi attack on Rumania and Russia's southern frontier, he "protected" the three Baltic States, Lithuania, Latvia, and Estonia "against British Imperialism."

Britain Under Handicaps

If the British really had wanted to threaten the three States, they would have had to do so through the narrow Straits of the Skagerrak and Kattegat first, which was impossible in the face of Germany's strong defences there. To reach home again, they would have had to retrace their steps with the prospect of being bottled up in the Baltic and destroyed by German forces.

But the fiction served its purpose. The next day Russia had taken the small nations under its wing. It was reported that the Soviets would build a "Maginot line" between them and the West. This Russian defence line was to reach from the westernmost point of Lithuania on the Baltic coast along the new German-Russian frontier through Poland down to the Hungarian border. Clearly, this would be a defence against Germany.

Then came the war on Finland. Here the Soviet took the strong Mannerheim line, the Finnish naval bases, and crippled the country's agriculture and industry, thereby preventing Finland from supplying Germany with raw materials and leaving the Finns at the mercy of Russia should any future attack be deemed necessary.

Control of Eastern Baltic

The new naval positions in Finland and in the Baltic States—which were incorporated entirely in the U.S.S.R. a few weeks ago—gave Russia complete control over the eastern half of the Baltic Sea. Up to then, it had been more or less a German "mare nostrum."

Germany, moreover, through this action has lost the important economic supplies of the Baltic States whose trade is now controlled by the Kremlin.

After a brief lull, Moscow took advantage of Germany's preoccupation in the West to seize the rich food store of Bessarabia and the Bukovina from Rumania.

While official Berlin declared that everything had been prearranged with the Führer, the spokesman of the German Embassy in Bucharest described the Russian action as a "British trick," instigated by the British Ambassador "who pushed Joseph Stalin into the Bessarabian adventure."

Occupation of the Rumanian territory was to be only a prelude to a much more serious threat to Germany and Italy: Russia is slowly but steadily driving toward a Slavic Union in eastern and southeastern Europe and closing the door to any Fascist expansion in this direction. This old Pan-Slavism has always been the most dangerous threat to Germany, even under the Kaiser. Now it is being revived by Germany's Soviet "friends."

Semi-official propaganda from Moscow and the activity of the Communist parties in Yugoslavia and Bulgaria call for "the overthrow of the Fascist governments in the Balkans."

Facts Not in Accord

These facts scarcely accord with the friendly but noncommittal words which Herr Hitler and Prime Minister Molotoff have been exchanging from time to time. But the less responsible leaders are more free to express their opinions. That may be borne out by a brief review of the controlled Soviet newspapers.

Further indications as to the state of relations between Moscow and Berlin may be found in the following collected items:

In the October issue of the Soviet Cominternational, appearing a few weeks after the treaty of friendship had been concluded, German imperialism was charged with "enslaving foreign peoples." And again, "year after year Mr. Chamberlain deliberately strengthened Hitlerism for an attack on the Soviets."

A few weeks later, the "Bolshevist" urged attack on "all forms of bourgeois dictatorship" and called upon the Communistic parties in Austria, Czechoslovakia, and Germany to urge the workers of their countries to ask for peace instead of imperialistic wars.

Press Comment in Russia

During the last week of May and the first week of June, Soviet newspapers pointed out that the Conservatives in England and France had prevented the Allies from using their whole strength against Germany. If these conservative forces, it was said, were to be pushed aside, Germany in a year or two would be in a serious position.

"Izvestia," official Soviet organ, declared that the German hope of an early victory was a gross exaggeration. The war was likely to last a long time.

"Red Star," Soviet Army organ, pointed out that the war in the West was only in the beginning stages. True, the Allies had made serious mistakes because they did not learn from the past wars. Nevertheless, there may be big surprises in store, the "Red Star" added.

"Trud," Soviet Trade Union organ, ascribed the French defeat to Munich and the readiness of the Allies to exclude Russia from European politics at the demand of the Axis.

The whole election campaign in the Baltic States was based on the slogan "liberate the Baltic peoples from the Fascist plutocratic yoke." A well-informed Socialist paper, the Stockholm "Socialdemocraten," saw in the Russian move in the Baltic a "sign that for the Soviet the Ukrainian chapters of 'Mein Kampf' are still decisive."

How deeply the Germans resented the Soviet incorporation of Lithuania, Latvia, and Estonia may be judged from the hurried evacuation of Germans from Lithuania, Latvia, and Estonia when Russia began its diplomatic offensive in the Baltic.

The final annexation of the Baltic States by the Soviet last July did not make the headlines in German papers. The fact was reported in obscure two or three-line dispatches, without editorial comment.

Two weeks ago, Ferdinand Buchansky, Slovakian Minister of the Interior, was reported dismissed after the return of Joseph Tiso, Slovak Premier, from an interview with Herr Hitler in Berchtesgaden. The punished Minister was blamed for pro-Soviet feelings. His successor, Sano Mach, leader of the Nazi Hlinka Guard, was said to have been ordered to crush any Pan-Slavic or pro-Soviet movement.

Very recently, the German Communist Party published a manifesto in "Ny Dag," official organ of the Swedish Communist Party, denouncing the European war. "The new Europe," the newspaper said, "will be a Europe of enslaved workers and peasants, a Europe of destitution and famine for the working class." It openly attacks the German rule in France and found "German imperialism manifested in the new order." Only big German industrialist leaders who want to enrich themselves by war and conquest and whose lust for power is insatiable, desire the continuation of the war of suppression of other peoples, the Communistic organ holds.

Economic Support Ignored

While the fiction of friendship between Germany and Russia is still being kept up, the much advertised economic support of Germany has not been mentioned for months. For a few months after the commercial agreement, Berlin indicated that Germany and Russia would boost their trade to many hundreds of millions of marks. By the end of the year, German military circles admitted the great disappointment.

As early as November, 1939, "Militarwochenblatt," "Military Weekly," said that Russia was unable to provide those very materials which Germany needed most: food, copper, zinc, nickel, lead, antimony, and tin. Only coal and iron could be expected, raw materials of which Germany had other means of supply.

Early in February, Vladimir Potemkin, Soviet Vice-Commissar for Foreign Affairs, informed Sir William Seeds, then British Ambassador to Moscow, that "the help Germany will get from Russia is much smaller than the British or the Germans themselves think."

The facts are that all winter the Danube was frozen and railways were jammed, throttling Germany's imports from the east and southeast. There was only the one railway line with the normal gauge from Rumania through Russian Poland to Germany. According to a Nazi-Soviet agreement on December 3, 1939, 300 freight cars were supposed to run over this line daily. By the end of February, 660 loaded and 700 empty cars had rolled over the line instead of 18,000.

Sabotage Charge Made

Neutral observers alleged that the Russians sabotaged the traffic to the Reich.

Another survey indicated that up to May 128,540 tons instead of the 450,000 expected by the agreement had been shipped to Germany over that railway line. This covers rail imports not only from Russia but also from Rumania. It would seem to indicate an unwillingness on Russia's part to fulfill both the commercial and the political agreements between the two totalitarian countries reached just one year ago.

In the light of these facts, Herr Hitler's bow to the Soviet in his speech on July 19 and the polite reply of Prime Minister Molotoff a few days later, seem to have meant agreement only on one point: that neither is ready yet to dare an attack on the other. For the time being, they do not feel strong enough to start a war against one another.

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To-day's Programme

11.30 Broadcast in Hindustani
11.45 Light Music
12.00 Dance Music
12.45 News Bulletin in English
1.00 B.B.C. recorded talk if available, followed by Light Music
1.30 News Bulletin in German
2.00 Light Music
3.00 "Tea-time Musicale" and "London Letter" from Alan Ivimey
3.30 Dance Music
4.30 Chinese Programme in Mandarin and Shanghai dialect
6.00 Spanish Programme
6.30 Netherlands Programme
7.00 French Programme, including "Demi-heure de la Femme" by Mme. Chiffon
7.45 News Bulletin in English
8.00 Symphony Concert:—
Fête Dieu à Seville .....Albeniz
Symphony No. 1 in E Minor, Opus 39 .....Sibelius
The Swan of Tuonela ..Sibelius
9.00 Songs by Alfred Piccaver
9.30 Late News Bulletin in English
9.45 Topical Comments or B.B.C. recorded talk if available
10.30 Russian Programme
11.15 German Programme
11.45-12 Dance Music

Foreign Language Broadcasts
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Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday
6.00 Polish	Spanish	Italian
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6.30 Portuguese	Czech	Netherlands

Sunday
6-6.45 Hungarian

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12.00-1.00 Light music
1.00-1.15 News in French
1.15 2.00 Light music
4.30-5.30 Light music
5.30-5.50 Chinese lesson for foreigners
5.50-6.10 French lesson for Chinese students
6.10-6.15 Chinese music
6.15-6.30 News in Chinese (Shanghai dialect)
6.30-6.35 Chinese music
6.35-6.50 News in Chinese (Mandarin)
6.50-7.20 Light music
7.20-7.30 Music by Russian composers
7.30-8.15 Causerie by Mme Claude Rivière
8.15-8.30 Light music
8.30-8.45 News in French
8.45-9.00 Light music
9.00-9.30 News in English
9.30-11 Concert:

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Mach's 3rd Brandenburg Concerto: Fugue in Ut (Buxtehude); Tartini's Concerto in D major for the cello and piano: Prelude and fugue in G minor (Buxtehude); The second movement of Vivaldi's Concerto in B minor for 4 violins: Prelude in E minor (Bach); The allegro from Bach's organ concerto in D minor: Bach's Double Concerto in D minor: Fugue in E minor (Bach): Bach's Brandenburg Concerto No. 6 in B flat major.

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Japanese Magazines Banned in Canada

Ottawa, Oct. 7.

A ban prohibiting the sale of numerous foreign magazines including the Japan "Times Weekly," published by the Japan "Times" and the "Trans-Pacific" published by the American owned and managed "Japan Advertiser" was placed here today by the Canadian National Revenue department.—Domei.

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On Wednesday, October 9, 1940, commencing at 9.30 a.m.
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6 German Police puppies, 2 months old, 4 male and 2 female.
1 Spanish Hunting dog, 7 months old, female.
1 "Stewart-Warner" Combination 6-tube radio and gramophone 110/220 volts.
1 "Zenith" Model 52, 9-tube radio 110 volts, 1 "Lumophon" 4-tube radio 110 or 220 volts.
1 "Emerson" 5-Tube radio 220 volts, 1 "Ericson" 5-tube radio 220 volts.
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JAPAN'S STAYING POWER
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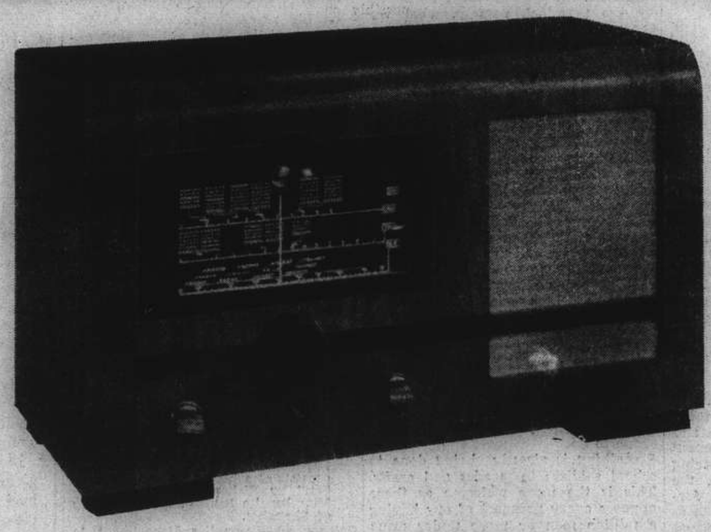

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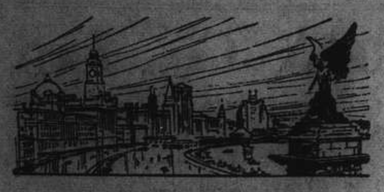

NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS

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IMPARTIAL NOT NEUTRAL

A GRAVE MATTER

The interview granted exclusively to the "North-China Daily News," by Mayor Fu Siao-en on the local rice situation should give the authorities of the foreign areas of Shanghai, as well as all residents, food for very serious thought, for he has said quite openly what many have suspected to be the case for a very long time past. Alleging that the Shanghai Rice and Bean Merchants' Association is behind the manipulation of the rice market, Mayor Fu demands as the first essential to remedying the present state of affairs that that body should be abolished, after which he would be prepared to cooperate with the authorities in the foreign areas in order to improve the situation. Mr. Fu is to be regarded as an authority on the question of the rice supply for Shanghai, for as he says himself, he was formerly in the business, and in addition to the experience then acquired has spent considerable money investigating the matter recently. In addition to manipulation he charges hoarding. The allegations are quite clear and definite, and the question which the foreign authorities have to answer is what they are going to do about it.

Dealing with the subject of high food prices in February last this journal wrote:—

> It will be noted that the Shanghai Municipal Council is granting the lower paid of its staff a rice allowance to meet these abnormal increases. That is all very well as far as it goes, but does anyone in his sober senses believe for one moment that the evil is to be cured by thus paying tribute to the profiteers and hoarders who patently exist in Shanghai?

The months which have passed since that question was first asked have answered it most emphatically. The appetite of the manipulators has increased with eating, and the price of rice has been pushed up to limits almost unbelievable. What attempts have been made to prevent this have either been half-hearted, or not calculated to defeat these unscrupulous merchants who are battening on the misfortunes of the community. The danger, if this is allowed to continue unchecked, is obvious. The patience of the poorer classes of Chinese to whom the question of the cost of rice is the all important one, marvellous as it has been, cannot be expected to last if the price of rice is permitted to go much higher.

It is consequently of imperative necessity that immediate steps should be taken to check the rapacity of those Mayor Fu bluntly declares responsible for the existing state of affairs, and not only should they be checked but steps should be taken to ensure that the price of rice in Shanghai should be more in conformity with prices prevailing at the source of supply. There is much to support the view expressed by the Mayor that the authorities could resort to drastic measures in dealing with manipulators in the rice market. "Since rice is the staple cereal needed by all Chinese," he says, "the public would never condemn the authorities for carrying out strict measures against profiteering." And it is strict measures which are necessary if an intolerable situation is to be ended. As it has been pointed out in these columns time and again, unprecedented problems require unprecedented solutions, and nothing which has happened in the past should be allowed to prevent adequate action now being taken.

Mayor Fu offers his cooperation on certain conditions,—the abolition of the Shanghai Rice and Bean Merchants' Association and the participation of his police in a joint investigation with the police of the foreign areas. There appears to be no solid reason why this could not be done. In other directions cooperation between the authorities of the foreign areas and Mayor Fu's administration has been effected. That cooperation must extend as the needs of Shanghai and its environs develop, and it would indeed be shortsighted to believe that such will not be the case. It needs to be emphasized that, if Mr. Fu's charges are correct, and he has certainly made no bones about making them, the responsibility which falls upon all the administrations of Shanghai to handle this problem with directness and courage is indeed a heavy one. The situation is grave. It will become graver unless something is done and that quickly, and it is urged with the utmost seriousness that the suggestion put forward by Mayor Fu should receive the most careful consideration with a view to putting some such plan into operation. The process of paying tribute to profiteers and hoarders must be stopped and the rice supply taken out of their hands, and controlled by those who will ensure that the Chinese working classes shall no longer be victimized as they are at present.

AN HISTORIC PARALLEL

There was a time in the Napoleonic campaigns when there was a general demand supported by Fox for the opening of negotiations with Napoleon Buonaparte. It was opposed by William Pitt, the younger, in a speech which has been preserved and might with but a few changes be a suitable vehicle in which to convey a British refusal to discuss peace with the Axis Powers should such a feeler result from the Brenner Pass conference. Pitt in his lengthy address, which reads nowadays so inspiringly, outlined the aggressions of Buonaparte and wound up that section of his speech as follows:—

> "Look, then, at the fate of Switzerland, at the circumstances which led to its destruction. Add this instance to the catalogue of aggression against all Europe, and then tell me whether the system I have described has not been prosecuted with an unrelenting spirit, which cannot be subdued in adversity, which cannot be appeased in prosperity, which neither solemn professions, nor the general law of nations, nor the obligation of treaties (whether previous to the Revolution or subsequent to it) could restrain from the subversion of every state into which either by force or fraud, their arms could penetrate. Then tell me whether the disasters of Europe are to be charged upon the provocation of this country and its allies, or on the inherent principle of the French Revolution, of which the natural result produced so much misery and carnage in France, and carried desolation and terror over so large a portion of the world."

It only requires a few changes of names in the foregoing passage to apply with complete appropriateness to Hitler and his Nazi Germany, and shows that the way of dictators may be measured by common denominators.

But the parallel between Napoleon and Hitler and their two systems is even clearer:—

> Its first fundamental principle was to bribe the poor against the rich, by proposing to transfer into new hands, on the delusive notion of equality, and in breach of every principle of justice, the whole property of the country. The practical application of this principle was to devote the whole of that property to indiscriminate plunder and to make it the foundation of a revolutionary system of finance, productive in proportion to the misery and desolation which it created. It has been accompanied by an unwearied spirit of proselytism, diffusing itself over all the nations of the earth; a spirit which can apply itself to all circumstances and situations.... to the Catholic of Ireland, whom it was to deliver from Protestant usurpation; to the Protestant of Switzerland, whom it was to deliver from popish superstition, and to the Mussulman of Egypt whom it was to deliver from Christian persecution.....and to the natives of Great Britain, enjoying the perfection of practical freedom and justly attached to their constitution from the joint result of habit, of reason and of experience.
>
> The last and distinguishing feature is a perfidy which nothing can bind, which no tie of treaty, no sense of the principles generally received among nations, no obligation, human or divine can restrain. Thus qualified, thus armed for destruction the genius of the French Revolution marched forth, the terror and dismay of the world.
>
> Every nation has in its turn been the witness, many have been the victims of its principles; and it is left for us to decide whether we will compromise with such a danger while we have yet resources to supply the sinews of war, while the heart and spirit of the country is yet unbroken.

It was Pitt speaking nearly one hundred and forty years ago, using words which with the completest truth can be applied to what has happened during the last few years. Pitt refused to negotiate. He had already spent the greater part of his political life fighting the French Revolution, and found in Napoleon the same hideous thing incarnate in Hitler at this moment. The schemes and devices of Britain's present enemy are similar to those of the French dictator so long ago. If indeed Hitler does indulge in a little more of his plaintive peace talk it may safely be believed that Mr. Churchill will reply along similar lines. Hitler, like Napoleon, wanted war, and Britain will as surely let him have it as it did to the man of whom Hitler is so avowed an admirer and imitator.

Britain Gets Ready

Much has been heard about Axis plans for attacking Britain and for attacking Egypt and wresting the Mediterranean from British control. Very little has been heard about British counter-plans; and foreign countries have yet to learn something of the offensive spirit which animates all branches of Britain's defence forces and which reflects the same spirit in the High Command. There are, of course, sound military reasons for keeping the enemy absolutely in the dark about Britain's major intentions on land, on sea and in air. But there are equally good psychological reasons for letting the public know that Britain has made bold and detailed arrangements, not only for resisting the assaults of the enemy, but also for taking him unawares in the many weak joints of his defensive armour. That both Germany and Italy possess these weaknesses and that Britain has the means to strike at them is known to all students of war. The time is approaching when the direct threat to the security of Britain will be finally removed by force of arms. Service men and civilians alike, in all parts of the Empire, are keyed up to a high pitch of moral tension in their resolve to meet and shatter the menace. When the time comes for Britain to strike, the blow will be a hard one, for people are steeled for the final test. And, if any schemes were hatched at Brenner, Britain will be ready for them when they are put into operation. Britain's strength increases daily while the passing of each hour makes it more and more imperative for the Axis to make some desperate move to secure a quick and easy victory. That quick and easy victory will never come. Britain's plans are being laid too well.

Made in Germany

Something has gone wrong with the German propaganda machine. A short while ago it actually admitted on one occasion that the British shot down more aeroplanes than the German aviators did. Now they seek to excuse failure to destroy more British machines by the following paragraph taken from the "supplementary Army Bulletin":—

> The comparatively small number of British 'planes shot down is again chiefly due to the reluctance of the R.A.F. and particularly of British pursuit planes to engage in combat, a fact which attacking German units have been able to observe to an ever-increasing extent on their flights over Britain.

The "fact" in question needs hardly to be marked "Made in Germany," to show it to be the lie it undoubtedly is. The truth of the matter is that while the Germans make attempts to penetrate the British defences, and reach London, if they possibly can, British fighters, and intercepters have consistently made such a fine showing that the majority of German machines generally turn tail, dropping their bombs on the countryside, and make off for home just as fast as their engines will take them. There is not the slightest doubt in the minds of neutral observers, as witness the writings of their newspaper correspondents, that the R.A.F. has got the measure of the German air force, and despite superiority in numbers has given it a remarkably bad time. If the German statement were in any way true it is obvious that they would have command of the air over Britain, and the question naturally arises; if that is the case why is the invasion so long delayed? The answer is that the Nazis are apparently better liars than fighters, and that, having failed to obtain any material successes since the collapse of France, are winning splendid victories in their over-imaginative minds. Of one thing they may rest assured; stories such as these may fool the ignorant German people; abroad they are greeted with a derisive smile.

ALONG THE HIGHWAYS

Oct. 6.—Gardens of under two mow in area are considered by some people too small: it is thought that the area is not sufficiently large for development and that an attractive garden cannot be arranged on such a small plot of land. This is an erroneous idea. We know of a garden of less than half a mow which is under construction at present and which promises to be a most attractive one. We also know of a garden on Hungjao Road close to the Warren Road corner which is less than two mow in extent and which is very charming and a source of much pleasure to its owners. It is true that no space is provided for tennis. It is not required. If it were required space could easily be arranged; but to provide space for tennis one of the features of the garden would have to be dispensed with and why should it be dispensed with? The garden is a garden of remembrance, a place to go to after a busy day at home or in the office, or during weekends. A place where one can be in closer touch with nature for a time and, on returning to the city, one can discuss what one has seen and formulate plans for the next visit. In the garden we found privacy for it was effectively screened from the road and surrounding properties: the position of the garden does not permit distant views of the countryside to be seen. Space is provided close to the entrance for a car park while two small but very neat sections close to a building are full of tiny seedlings. A most attractive screened annex is located on the south side of the building and between this and the entrance gate a pathway has been arranged on both sides of which are flowering shrubs and plants in profusion. The garden proper is divided into many sections. A fair sized lawn occupies about half the area while on the east side we noticed a formal garden full of zinnias and another smaller lawn on a higher level partially hidden from view by tall zinnias and a few crêpe myrtles. At the south end of the east section there was a garden seat in a bamboo grove. A small area at the south end of the garden is reserved for vegetables, entrance being obtained through a bamboo arch in rear of a bird bath. The vegetable garden was screened from view by a pergola and a low stone wall with a flower bed in front. We also observed some nice shade trees in the garden, the chief of which were a "raisin tree" (*hovenia dulcis*) with a clump of violets at its base, some maples and a camphor. There were numerous flowering and evergreen shrubs along all boundaries and we imagine that the garden must be most attractive at all seasons.—W.J.K.

GREAT FORD MOTOR PLANT

Cross-Section of Might of Rearming U.S.

The importance of the Ford Motor Co. does not lie in the personality or the politics or the prejudices of its 77-year-old founder. Henry Ford's non-automotive philosophy never made as much hard sense as Henry Ford's automobiles. The Ford Motor Co. is important because it makes automobiles, says "Life." To make them it perfected a technique of mass production that long ago revolutionized the arts of industry and is now revolutionizing the arts of war. To make mass production more efficient, Ford built the largest integrated industrial unit the world has ever seen. This is the River Rouge plant at Dearborn, Mich., near Detroit.

Once Ford's factory could fairly be considered a reflection of Henry Ford. But River Rouge is today too vast and diverse to be the reflection of any one man. It is really the perfect image of a full-grown industrial civilization. On its 1,200 acres, in its dozens of divisions, River Rouge stands as a complete and concise cross-section of modern U. S. industry—an industry now gearing its separate wills and ways to the job of rearming a peaceful country. Although Ford is not making aeroplanes and has refused to make Rolls-Royce aeroplane engines, it has virtually completed plans for producing a new and much-needed 1,500-h.p. liquid-cooled engine for high-speed planes. There are a hundred ways in which the self-contained might of River Rouge can—and certainly will—be turned to wartime use. It is unhappy irony that the cause for all this rearming is the aggression of a country that in the 1930's borrowed the peaceful Ford production methods outright and with deadly efficiency turned them to war uses.

The first and most overpowering impact at the Rouge comes from the sheer size of the place and the things in it—the 17-acre foundry which can produce 1,000,000 castings a day, the mechanical shovels which can grab fifteen tons of ore in a single fistful, the automobile roads right inside the factories, the conveyor lines which have a total length of 125 miles. But the impact of the Rouge is just as great when the examination narrows down to the testing laboratories. Everywhere else the Rouge is obsessed with turning out great quantities at great speed. But the "labs" are fussy. They mull over individual parts to make sure that each of the countless items made or used at the Rouge is in itself accurate and trustworthy.

Precision Root of Production

Some of the ingenious machines test wool, iron, steel, rubber, leather and cotton. The tests safeguard strength, durability, precision. Precision is at the root of all Rouge production. The plant has a special squad of gauge inspectors who make daily tours, checking production gauges against Johansson blocks. These blocks, accepted world standard of production accuracy, are correct to the millionth of an inch. River Rouge, which makes so much else, also makes its own Johansson blocks.

When statistics-loving Americans learn about River Rouge they gloat over the curious manifestations of its size—the fact that it can produce enough power to light all the homes of Chicago, that it uses enough water to supply the homes of Detroit, Cincinnati and Washington combined, that it wears out 7,000 mops a month to keep itself clean. But these facts are mere by-products. They give only a wisp of a hint of the real impressiveness of the Rouge. This infinitely skilled and resourceful factory takes ore and makes it into iron and steel. It carries hot metal from furnaces to complex casts and towering presses for molding and shaping. It takes white sand and makes clear glass, takes flaccid rubber and turns out tough tires. It schemes so that all these items (there are 15,000 parts in a Ford V8) flow steadily from the far ends of the plant to the assembly lines. There they converge and move insistently along conveyors, never pausing, jerking around corners the way oldtime movie comedians used to. Meanwhile the hands of thousands of men reach out and place the parts precisely together to form the compact vehicles which Ford sells.

Last year Ford made 945,000 cars, trucks and tractors. Some were built at seventeen Ford assembly plants over the country. But most of them were built and the vitals for all of them were made at River Rouge.

WAR FUND BAROMETER

The Voluntary War Contribution Fund has been open for 94 days and there have been 2,949 contributors. The War Savings Association has been open for 100 days and there have been 839 contributors. The latest totals follow:—

Central British	Ch.$ 4,748.00	£44,031.10. 2*
Voluntary Contributions	1,055.00	68,625.13.11*
War Savings	25,215.19	16,071. 7. 7*

*Including Transfers from CN$ into £.

IN PARENTHESIS

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"Is your married life a happy one?"

"Yes, I married the woman of my dreams. She is as beautiful to me as the day I met her. Her hands are always white and soft. Her hair is never untidy, and her dresses are always neat and clean."

"So you don't regret it?"

"No, but I'm getting pretty tired of eating in restaurants."

* * *

About Hoboes

PANHANDLER: Say, Buddy, could you let me have a quarter for a cup of coffee?

Citizen: A quarter? I thought coffee was only a nickel?

Panhandler: I know. But I got a date.

Kind Lady: Try to brace up, my poor man. Remember what you owe to society.

Panhandler: I don't owe society nuthing, lady. What you think I've been doing—playing bridge?

Old Maid: But why should a great strong man like you have to beg for dimes?

Panhandler: Dear lady, it is the only profession I know in which a gentleman can address a beautiful woman without an introduction.

Woman: Well, I'll give you a dime; not because you deserve it, but because it pleases me.

Panhandler: Thank you, ma'am. Couldn't you make it a quarter and thoroughly enjoy yourself?

Panhandler: Beg pardon, ma'am, but do you happen to have some cake or pie that you could spare a hungry man?

Housewife: Wouldn't some bread and butter do?

Panhandler: As a general rule it would, ma'am; but you see, this is my birthday.

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U.S. Paper Calls For Showdown

"Washington Star" Urges Increased Aid to China, Agreement with Britain

Washington, Oct. 7.

The "Washington Star," in an editorial entitled "Showdown With Japan," yesterday called for a stiffening of the United States attitude toward Japan.

The paper said it would be "dangerous folly" to attempt to appease the Japanese in the Far East.

The "Star" urged that "certain definite steps be taken immediately to checkmate the grandiose ambitions" of the Japanese government.

The paper said these steps should include new economic retaliations against Japan, more aid to the Chungking Government and the conclusion of a military understanding with Britain in the Far East.

"To stand aside while Japan attempts to crush China, grab the Netherlands East Indies and capture Singapore," the paper said, "would be the height of folly."—United Press.

Japan Prefers to Negotiate

War Not Wanted, States Tokyo Journal; Surprise At U.S. Attitude

Tokyo, Oct. 7.

"There is not a problem in the Far East which could not peacefully be solved through negotiation." This statement, made by Mr. Sumner Welles, United States Under-Secretary of State, before the United States Foreign Affairs Council at Cleveland on September 28, is the sentiment which forms the basic spirit guiding Japanese negotiations for the readjustment of relations with America, declared the "Yomiuri Shimbun" in an conciliatory-toned editorial today.

"This sentiment is what secured Japanese respect for American interests in China and the reopening of the lower reaches of the Yangtse, as the Japanese sought to harmonise her relations with the United States.

"We cannot suppress surprise at hearing such words from one of those Americans in authority who hitherto had not paid any attention to the Japanese conciliatory proposals," the paper added.

"We are still ready to let by-gones be by-gones, declared the "Yomiuri Shimbun" when calling for President Roosevelt's reconsideration of the United States attitude toward Japan.

The paper describes Premier Konoye's interview on Friday, in which he stated that peace in the Pacific depended upon the American attitude, as a "grave warning to the United States."—Reuter.

Big-Scale Farming For Manchoukuo

American Methods to be Used by Emigrants

Tokyo, Oct. 7.

Large-scale farming according to the so-called Hokkaido method—which is an adaptation of the system in use in the western part of the United States—will be introduced into Manchoukuo, states the daily Hochi.

Emigrants to Manchoukuo will be given special training under the supervision of representatives of the Manchoukuo Development Company, which has charge of plans for settling 1,000,000 Japanese farming families in Manchoukuo over a comparatively short period of years.

Most of the farming methods used in the Hokkaido, it is understood, were either introduced by Americans or were adapted from American farming methods. This is especially true of wheat, Hokkaido farming, therefore, is large-scale farming somewhat similar to farming in the Western part of the United States.

The Manchoukuo Development Company, the paper continues, has been experimenting with improving the lot of the emigrants to the new state. The first six groups tried out variations of the so-called Manchoukuo method, which in essence is small-scale truck farming. The seventh emigrant group, however, which was settled in Peihsuehien, North Manchoukuo, near the Nonni River, adopted the Hokkaido method.

The development firm found that these settlers used less labour and secured larger crops, especially when raising wheat and soya beans.

The Manchoukuo Development Company has decided therefore to get all of its emigrants groups to use the Hokkaido method. Manufacturers of the large-scale American type farming instruments needed for farming on the Hokkaido method are being encouraged to shift to Manchoukuo.—Reuter.

Better Axis Relations With Russia Foreseen

Berlin Optimistic About The Future

Berlin, Oct. 7.

Swift and effective rapprochement between the Italo-German axis and the Soviet Union as a sequel to impending diplomatic moves was predicted by authoritative German quarters here today.

Pointing out that the Soviet Government had been informed beforehand of the conclusion of the tripartite pact, which moreover contains explicit provisions regarding relations between the signatories and the Soviets, these circles asserted that British "wishful thinking" that the Berlin Treaty would cause a deterioration of German relations with the U.S.S.R. has been proven baseless.—Domei.

THE enforcement of the United States exports embargo is having its repercussions on Japanese cotton mills in this city as it deprives them of their supplies of raw material, reports the "Shun Pao". A meeting of Japanese mill owners was called recently to discuss ways and means of tiding over the present difficulties, and it was decided that, as long as raw materials in store have not been used up, mills would continue operation, the report states.

Britain Must Prepare For Battle of Africa

London, Oct. 7.

A warning is sounded by the "Daily Herald," against being content and scoffing at the Dictators' heroics at the Brenner Pass. "No good, but much evil has come out of all the previous meeting of these two enemies of mankind. Britain, therefore, must prepare for action, our leaders must gird themselves for the battle of Africa and the East. The episode of the Burma Road shows that the weakness of appeasement will still get the inevitable reward", the daily concludes.—Reuter.

U.S.-Japan Crisis Holds Spotlight

French Press Foresees War Eventually Between Two Countries

Vichy, Oct. 6.

Relations between Japan and the United States still held the spotlight in today's French press comment, most of the papers wondering how long the present tense situation between the two countries can last.

Writing in "Le Journal," the well-known military expert General Duval asserted that the idea of a war breaking out between Japan and the United States sooner or later is firmly established in the minds of most European observers.

"For a long time, Japan could not assume an attitude of hostility towards the United States owing to the economic ties which bound her with the North American republic." General Duval said.. "Japan's continental policy may reduce those ties, but simultaneously her activities in China clash with American interests there and the risks of a conflict are thus increased."

U.S. Opinion Stiffens

In an editorial on the same subject, the paper "La Croix" stated:

"It is certain that apart from a few diehard isolationists, American public opinion is getting more prepared every day to accept the idea of American intervention either east or west of the western hemisphere.

"The attitude of the United States has undoubtedly stiffened in the presence of Japan's desire to extend her hegemony to all those sectors in the Far East where her action is made possible by the difficulties in which the European powers are involved."

However," "La Croix" concluded, "we should not neglect the repeated indications from Washington that there is a desire to keep the United States out of a conflict if it is possible to do so."—Havas.

Mr. Suma Non-Committal On Burma Route

No Lack of Interest in Britain at Present

Tokyo, Oct. 7.

The Japanese Government has taken no step yet nor could he say whether any step will be taken by the Government regarding the Burma route which Great Britain has closed for three months starting July 18 under the terms of an agreement with Japan, said Mr. Yakichiro Suma, Foreign Office spokesman, at the press conference today.

Asked whether Japan was interested in Great Britain or whether she saw no hope of a readjustment of relations with Great Britain, judging by the absence of mention of Great Britain by Premier Konoye in his recent press interview, the spokesman pointed out that the interview in question was not a prepared statement. On the contrary, the answers, given by the Prime Minister, were to questions casually put by newspapermen Therefore, no question as to Japan's lack of interest in Great Britain could arise.—Reuter.

Severe Anti-Spy Laws Sought in Japan

Increased Activity Seen After Axis Pact

Tokyo, Oct. 7.

Foreshadowing increased anti-espionage activity in Japan as a consequence of the conclusion of the Axis Pact, the enactment of a more stringent, all-embracing anti-espionage law is being sought in government circles, it was revealed here.

The present Military Secrets Law, revised in August 1935, and the act for the protection of secrets on military resources, enacted in June 1939 is held by experts as insufficient as it provides only for the preventon of military espionage.

It is understood that the authorities are contemplating a new law which will embrace espionage in political, economic, diplomatic, transportation, cultural and national thought fields.—Domei.

Australian Flour Expected At Tangku This Month

Peiping, Oct. 7.

An agreement has been reached between the Australian authorities and the North China Relief Commission for the purchase of 8,000 tons (approximately 360,000 bags) of flour from Australia, according to the Chinese press.

This shipment of flour purchased with the $1,500,000 set aside from the silver deposits in the British Concession, it is stated, will arrive at Tangku during the latter part of this month.

The flour, it is added, will be imported by two Japanese and two British firms and will be delivered to the North China Relief Commission after its arrival at Tangku.—Reuter.

A PARTY of more than ten French women, residents at Kunming, capital of Yunnan province, left there for Indo-China by cars yesterday, in view of the tension on the Yunnan-Indo-China borders and the possibility of an early outbreak of conflicts, reports the "Sin Wan Pao".

Defending Britain's Coastline

Picture shows a four-inch gun in action during training at a west coast battery in England. If and when Hitler decides to invade England he will find batteries like the one above waiting to give him a hot reception all along Britain's long coastline.

Knox Speech Seen as Warning To Rome, Berlin, Tokyo

No Further Appeasement; U.S. Will Not Be Told What to Do; American Policy Made Clear

Washington, Oct. 7.

LEADING United States Congressmen agreed last night that Saturday's speech by the Secretary of Navy, Col. Frank Knox, and the mobilization of the United States Navy's Organized Reserves were intended as a warning to Berlin, Rome and Tokyo that the United States is prepared to meet any challenge from the Axis Powers.

Col. Knox' speech, it was said, served notice on the entire world that the United States will resist by force if necessary any further moves by the Axis Powers which directly or indirectly threaten the security of the United States.

The Navy Secretary's speech, it was said, removed all possibility of any further appeasement by the Roosevelt Administration at the expense of American interests. Several prominent Senators said that the United States may desire peace, but not "at any price."

Most Congressmen here indicated that American aid to other democratic nations and China would continue unabated despite the threats voiced by the signatories of the new Triple Alliance. Several Senators confidentially predicted closer Anglo-American collaboration with China against Japan.

"Col. Knox stated the position of this country," said Senator Claude Pepper, a member of the Senate Foreign Relations committee. "We want peace, but we do not expect to be kicked around. We won't be told whether we can send aid to the other Democracies and we do not propose to change the course we have chosen.

"If Britain and the United States want to exchange bases in the Far East or anywhere else, we will do it and pay no attention to what anyone else may have to say about it."

Senator Theodore F. Green, another member of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee, said that Col. Knox "stated the feelings of the American people and of Congress."

No Appeasement

"The speech should make the dictatorships pause," he added. "We are telling them that the people of the United States do not intend to undertake any appeasement. We are telling them that we want peace, but that we will not yield vital rights to avoid war."

"The Secretary's speech," said Senator Joseph O'Mahoney, another member of the committee, "was a perfectly straight-forward declaration of United States policy."

Senator Rush Holt, a member of the Senate Naval Affairs Committee, an ardent isolationist and critic of the Roosevelt Administration's foreign policy, said the United States does not want to indulge in appeasement. He contended, however, that Col. Knox' speech was a deliberate attempt to offend Germany, Italy and Japan.

"I have felt for a long time," he said, "that we are going to be involved in war and this brings it nearer."—United Press.

Thai's Position Unchanged

Relations with French Indo-China Unaltered; Border Clash Denied

Vichy, Oct. 6.

There will be no change in France's position in Indo-China following the recent statement made by the Thai Minister to the United States, authorized circles said here today.

The Thai Minister in Washington released a communique there in which he stressed that the Bangkok Government intended to seek a peaceful settlement to the frontier dispute with Indo-China, and denied that any clashes had occurred along the frontier between the two countries.

It was added in the communique that the Thai Legation took this opportunity to deny the reports announcing that Thailand had abrogated her non-aggression pact with France.

In the course of a press conference, the Thai Minister in Washington stressed that the Mekong constituted a natural and ideal frontier for Thailand, and added that his Government had demanded the return of Cambodia and Louang Prabang, considered vital for the defence of Thailand.—Havas.

Washington, Oct. 6.

All planes and war material ordered by Thailand in the United States and not yet delivered are to be held up, Secretary of State Cordell Hull announced here today. Mr. Hull's statement was broadcast by a leading radio concern here.—Havas.

Bubonic Plague Hits Changchun

Severe Measures Taken to Isolate Areas of Disease

Changchun, Oct. 6.

Following closely upon the heels of a severe cholera epidemic, a wave of bubonic plague has struck Hsinking and claimed fifteen victims to date, the Manchuria "Daily News" announces.

Three of the victims have died, and autopsies have established beyond doubt that the cause of death was the dread bubonic plague.

Drastic measures have been taken by the authorities to curb the disease, and a section of the city has been completely isolated. All traffic in this sector has been suspended.—Havas.

No More Luxuries For Dairen

New Laws to Be Enforced Against Extravagant Ways Of Living, Says Mayor

Dairen, Oct. 6.

With the anti-luxury law coming into effect on September 25, Dairen has joined the movement for plain living, which has gained widespread favour in Japan and other parts of Manchoukuo, according to the Manchuria "Daily News."

In a special press interview, Mayor Hideo Bekku advocated revision by Dairen residents of their living methods. Extravagant ways of life must be discarded, he said, as they do not harmonize with the present national emergency.

Those engaged in the sale and distribution of expensive goods will suffer inconvenience and hardship under the new law, the Mayor admitted, but they must know that the present emergency no longer permits traffic in luxuries.

The Mayor then referred to menus in public restaurants. These, he said, should not cost over six yen a person. However, Dairen residents should eat simply, he added, and the six yen limit should be the exception rather than the rule.

In conclusion, he stressed that goods falling under the luxury ban should not be lost, but means must be found to make active use of them.—Havas.

Japanese Envoy to Canada Returns

Canada Seen Allied With Anglo-American Bloc

Yokohama, Oct. 7.

Canadian-Japanese relations in the future will depend upon Japanese relations with the Anglo-American bloc as a whole was the opinion expressed by Baron Shu Tomii, retiring minister to Ottawa who returned aboard the Yawata Maru yesterday.

Recent closure of Japanese schools in Canada came as a direct sequel to the aggravation of Japanese relations with England and America, Baron Tomii pointed out.

Agitations against Japanese residents in Vancouver where ninety per cent. of the Japanese community in Canada is concentrated, were begun after he sailed for Japan, the retiring minister said.—Domei.

Cost of Living Goes Down in Tokyo

Reduction in Price of Provisions Enforced

Tokyo, Oct. 6.

After following an upward trend for several months, living costs in Tokyo and Osaka showed a decline for the month of September, the Statistics Bureau revealed today.

Living costs for labourers in Tokyo in September stood at 145.6 (July 1937 being then as 100), a drop of 2.3 compared with the figure for August.

Prime reason for the drop is stated to be the decline in provision costs, which decreased 5.7 per cent. from the August figure in Tokyo and 4.9 per cent. in Osaka.

The lower price of provisions is attributed to the enforcement of the official price list.

Costs for dwelling, heating, lighting and clothing, showed a rise for September both in Tokyo and Osaka.—Havas.

French Remove Gunboat From Hongkong

Hongkong, Oct. 7.

The French destroyer Marne arrived here today to call for the French gunboat Argus which it intends to tow to French Indo-China.—United Press.

THE MUNICIPAL ORCHESTRA at THE LYCEUM THEATRE
22nd WINTER SYMPHONY CONCERT SEASON
First Concert Sunday, October 13, at 5.15 p.m.
BOOKING AT MOUTRIE'S AND AT THE LYCEUM
TO-DAY still exclusive for the sale of Season Tickets for the first series of the first eight Concerts.
FROM TO-MORROW, WEDNESDAY, booking also open for single tickets.
Price (incl. Tax) Balcony: $5 and 4—Stalls: $2.50, $1.50, $1

CATHAY MANSIONS
TEA ROOM & BAR
ENTRANCE
RUE CARDINAL MERCIER
Drop in while shopping for a pre-tiffin cocktail . . . or afternoon tea.
Spend a pleasant half-hour in friendly chat.
Meet your friends and acquaintances by appointment.
THE NEWEST AND SMARTEST BAR IN FRENCH TOWN
OPEN EVERY DAY INCLUDING SUNDAY
10 A.M. UNTIL MIDNIGHT

A cosy and original place
Music: WILKENS
LYRIC TENOR FRED FERRO
742 Burkill Road
BLUE PETER BAR
corner Bubbling Well and Carter Road back of Roxy Theatre

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Strikingly beautiful NEW decorations by SCHIFF.
ROXY NIGHT CLUB
Harry C. Fisher's Swing Band
Fred Fobau
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CAPITOL
142 Museum Road
Telephone 17100
2.30, 5.30, 9.15
60cts., 85cts., $1.10
TO-DAY! "Everything Happens at Night"
Sonja HENIE, Ray MILLAND, Robert CUMMINGS
Thursday to Saturday: VIRGINIA CITY

GOLDEN GATE
745 Avenue Foch
Telephone 74456
2.30, 5.30, 9.15
60cts., 85cts., $1.10
TO-DAY! "SOCIETY LAWYER"
Walter PIDGEON, Virginia BRUCE, Lee CARRILLO
Thursday to Saturday: Everything Happens at Night

CONFUCIUS SAY:
"Good chow yields more happiness than gold."
Prove this dictum
at DD 'S
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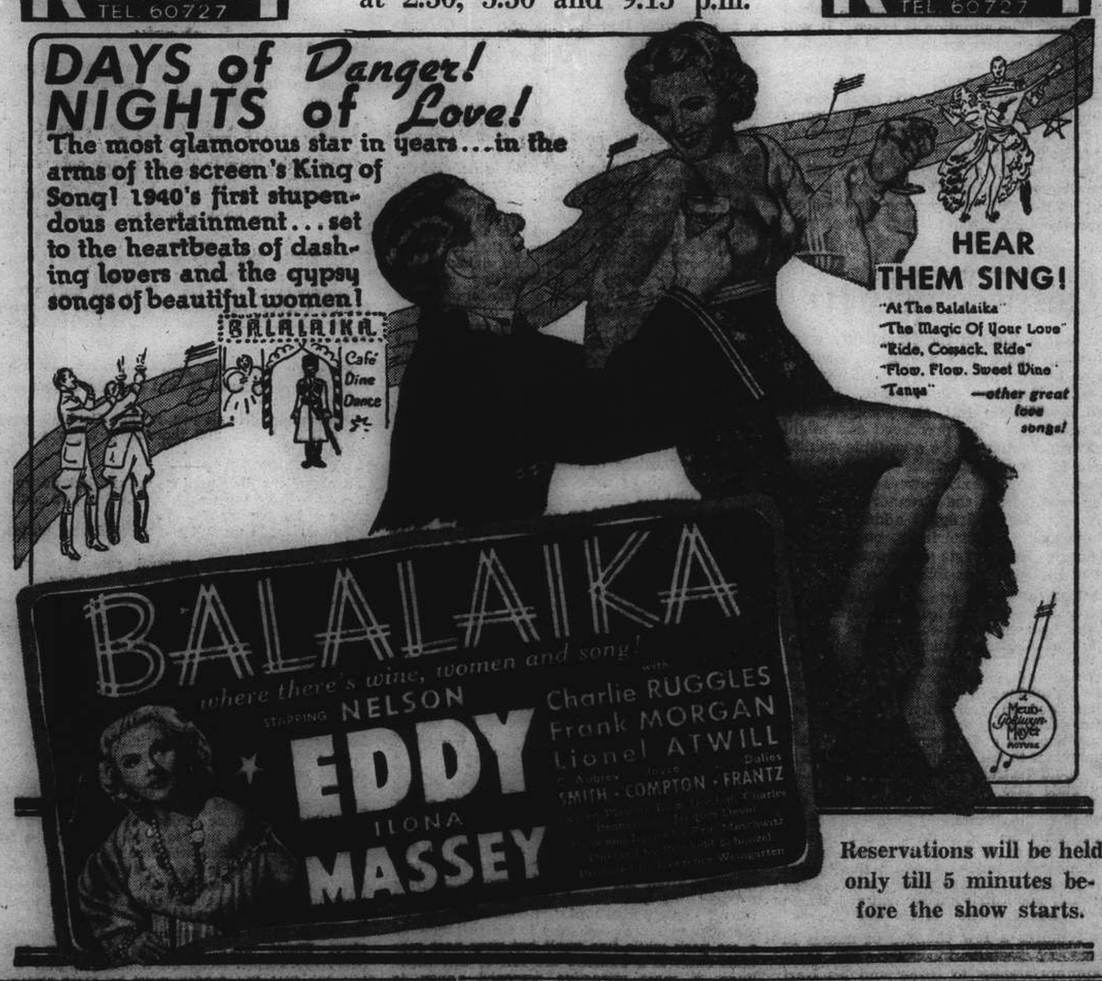
323 R. Lafayette Tel. 81200
To-day at 2.30, 4.45, 7 & 9.15 p.m.
JEANETTE MacDONALD, NELSON EDDY in "SWEETHEARTS"

Uptown
TEL. 38484 AIR CONDITIONED
To-day at 2.30, 5, 7 and 9.15 p.m.
Reno made him fight for everything—love included!
Richard DIX • Gail PATRICK in RENO
with ANITA LOUISE, PAUL CAVANAGH, LAURA HOPE CREWS
RKO RADIO Picture
PLUS: "TRUTH ACHES" (LEON ERROL COMEDY)
THURSDAY, OCT. 10.
Special Morning Show at 10.30 a.m.
Mickey Mouse Donald Duck Cartoon Programme in Color and Selected Short Subjects
All Seats 40 cts.

DOUMER TEL. 70785
Opens To-day, 2.30, 5, 7, 9.15
50 and 70 cts.
Tyrone Power—Loretta Young, Annabella
"SUEZ"
Greatest Historical Drama
Millions Spent, Thousands Cast

A Show you must not miss is
"COQ d'OR"
Fantastic and Amusing Ballet

ROXY TEL. 60727 — OPENS TO-DAY! — at 2.30, 5.30 and 9.15 p.m. ROXY TEL. 60727
DAYS of Danger! NIGHTS of Love!
The most glamorous star in years...in the arms of the screen's King of Song! 1940's first stupendous entertainment...set to the heartbeats of dashing lovers and the gypsy songs of beautiful women!


HEAR THEM SING!
"At The Balalaika"
"The Magic Of Your Love"
"Ride, Cossack, Ride"
"Flow, Flow, Sweet Vine"
"Tanya" —other great love songs!
BALALAIKA
where there's wine, women and song!
with Charlie RUGGLES, Frank MORGAN, Lionel ATWILL
starring NELSON EDDY ILONA MASSEY
Reservations will be held only till 5 minutes before the show starts.

Defendant Ejected From Court

Declares She Would Claim Damages Against Plaintiff In the Chinese Court

Mrs. W. F. Davis, defendant in an adjourned civil action for rent brought by Mr. N. Ciker, German Jewish refugee, was ejected from H. M. Supreme Court yesterday after continuously interrupting Assistant Judge P. Grant Jones while he was talking.

The claim was for rent due for a flat in Hongkew which defendant had rented from plaintiff. At a previous hearing Mrs. Davis, who refused to give her name, explaining that it was a Greek name, impossible to pronounce, declared that the roof of the flat was leaking badly, hence her refusal to pay rent for September. She said she had mentioned the leaking to Mr. Ciker who, she said, did nothing about it.

Mr. J. P. Weber, assistant to Mr. Rabinovich, architect of the building, living at 151 Muirhead Road, described his visit to the premises. There were a few water spots on the ceiling, he said, adding that in his opinion the leaking came from the balcony and would be stopped as the contractors were installing an additional pipe.

Mrs. Davis stated that during the recent heavy rainfall she had to put small baths in the flat to hold the water from the ceiling. She declared that she was filing a claim for damages against Mr. Ciker in the Chinese court. Judgment was given against her for $80, being the amount claimed and $26 costs.

Consuls Notified of Mayor's Order

Attempt to Enforce Nantao Jurisdiction Over Russians

Mayor Fu Siao-en of the Shanghai Special Municipality has notified the Consular Body here, Shanghai Municipal Council and the Executive Yuan of the new Nanking regime of his recent order requiring all Russians in Shanghai to refer their legal cases, whether they be criminal or civil, to the Nantao District Court and not to any other Chinese courts in the foreign areas here. The new chairman of the Russian residents association in Shanghai has likewise notified all members of his organization.

The Mayor's report on the arrangement made in Shanghai was recently made to the Nanking regime and his report in full was published yesterday in both the "Central China Daily News" and the "Sin Shun Pao." His chief aim is to bring local Russians under the jurisdiction of the new Chinese authorities "pending the taking over and reorganization of" the various Chinese courts now functioning in foreign areas which take orders from Chungking. These Russians living in Shanghai are "naturally" under the Chinese jurisdiction, since they are under the protection of the Chinese government, it was said.

It was revealed in his report that the order requiring Russians to refer their grievances to the Nantao District Court was issued on September 14 and subsequently the Russian leader here notified all Russian residents. It was not revealed in the Mayor's report to Nanking what he would do if the police authorities in the foreign areas refuse to hand over Russian criminals to be charged in the Nantao Court, if such criminals live in the foreign areas.

Vessels Sailing

NORTH CHINA COAST

JARDINES FREQUENT SAILINGS to NORTH CHINA PORTS.—For freight or passage please apply to Jardine, Matheson Co., Ltd., 27 The Bund. Tel. 15290.

SOUTH CHINA COAST

JARDINES FREQUENT SAILINGS to SOUTH CHINA PORTS INDO-CHINA, BORNEO, STRAITS SETTLEMENTS and INDIA.—For freight or passage please apply to Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd., 27 The Bund. Tel. 15290.

J.C.J.L. 3 SAILINGS MONTHLY TO AMOY, HONGKONG MANILA AND NETHERLANDS EAST INDIES PORTS. For Freight and Passage please apply to Java-China-Japan Lijn Agentschap, Shanghai N.V., Brunner Mond Building, 133 Szechuen Road. Telephone 16247.

AMERICA

KINAI MARU FOR SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 9. LOS ANGELES, CRISTOBAL, NEW YORK, BOSTON, PORTLAND, PHILADELPHIA AND BALTIMORE—O.S.K. LINE. TEL. 15323, 15324. 8-10

HIROKAWA M. NEW YORK, BOSTON, (Maiden Trip) PHILADELPHIA and Oct. 18. BALTIMORE via SAN FRANCISCO and LOS ANGELES. For Freight please apply to Showa Shipping Co., Ltd., 130 Hankow Road, Tel. Nos. 15080 and 16118. 16-10

The undermentioned vessels are due to leave Shanghai on the dates indicated.

For Liverpool		**For Hongkong**	
Suwa M	7/10	Tatuta M	16/10
For Bombay		Kamakura M	15/11
Haruna M	24/10	**For Kobe**	
For New York		Taiyo M	8/10
P.Cleveland	8/10	Yasukuni M	10/10
Kinai M	9/10	Anyo M	12/10
Sanuki M	11/10	Nitta M	14/10
Dona Aurora	14/10	Tatuta M	24/10
P.Garfield	14/10	**For Nagasaki**	
Nitta M	14/10	Shanghai M	9/10
Hirosewa M	16/10	Nagasaki M	11/10
Sagoland	20/10	**For Dairen**	
Chichibu M	24/10	Dairen M	10/10
Hokkai M	28/10	Tsingtao M	12/10
Dona Nati	31/10	Hoten M	15/10
For Manila		Dairen M	18/10
P Garfield	14/10		
West Cuseta	29/10		

Passenger Lists

ARRIVALS

Oct. 6, from Chinwangtao: Miss Franklin, Mr. G. Simmons, Mr. E. Winter, Mrs. Smith, Mr. S. E. Williams, Mr. W. T. Sun.

Per Pres. Cleveland, Oct. 7, from Manila and Hongkong: Mr. H. Adkins, Lt. J. Allen, U.S.N., Mr. M. Baba, Lt. Col. & Mrs. E. Beebe, Mr. & Mrs. D. Blocker, Lt. J. Chiles, U.S.A., Capt. & Mrs. J. Creighton, Mr. J. Crowe, Mr. J. Edwards, Mrs. M. Ennis, Mr. J. Fistere, Rev. P. Galdiano, Mr. Y. Gershevich, Mrs. W. Goodwin, Mrs. M. Grimes, Mrs. M. Hogan, Sister Mary, Rev. M. Legarra, Mrs. L. Mahon Mrs. R. Marvin, Mr. P. Nandhami, Mr. A. Pisarevsky, Mr. A. Rabbat, Lt. L. Richards, U.S.N., Mr. W. Roemer, Lt. Col. & Mrs. H. Sebastian, Mr. D. Skwirkis, Mrs. L. Stonham, Mrs. W. Stonham, Capt. W. Stryker, U.S.A., Mrs. C. Wall, Mr. & Mrs. J. Wray, Sister M. Yeung.

SHIPPING NEWS

Bringing a full cargo of coal for local discharge the Y. K. K. Line ss. **Tibuku Maru**, arrived in harbour yesterday morning at 11 o'clock from Tsingtao, docking at the Hoong Shin Wharf in Pootung.

* * *

The fast freighter ss. **Myoho Maru**, of the Toa Kaiun Kaisya Line, is due to sail for Japan this afternoon from the company's Wayside Wharf, where she has been discharging a load of general cargo brought from Japan last Saturday. The vessel will call at Kobe and Yokohama before reaching her desination of Osaka.

* * *

The ss. **President Cleveland**, which arrived in Shanghai yesterday morning at 10.45, from Manila and Hongkong, will stay in harbour until daylight this morning, when she will resume her eastbound trip to America. The liner, which tied up at lower buoys 12 and 13 for her stay in harbour, sails for Los Angeles, via Kobe, Yokohama, San Francisco and Honolulu.

* * *

The ss. **Keian Maru**, of the T. Y. K. Line, which is operated by the N. Y. K., arrived in Shanghai yesterday morning at 10 o'clock from Zinsen, Korea, and docked at the Toa Kaiun Kaisya Company's Pootung No. 1 Wharf, where she is discharging a quantity of mixed cargo. She will leave port again at about 4 o'clock this afternoon, on her return trip to Korea, by way of Tsingtao.

* * *

The ss. **Taiyo Maru**, Toa Kaiun Kaisya express liner on the Shanghai-Kobe run, is scheduled to leave harbour today at 4 p.m., sailing direct for Kobe. She has been tied up at the company's Wayside Wharf for the past three days, coming here from Kobe on Saturday. She carries both mail and passengers for Japan. Passengers are requested to be on board the liner at least half an hour before sailing time.

* * *

The D. K. K. express liner, ss. **Dairen Maru**, operating on the Shanghai-Tsingtao-Dairen run, is due to enter port this afternoon at 4 o'clock tying up alongside the company's Wayside Wharf, where she will remain for two days. The Dairen Maru will leave again for the Northern ports on Thursday at 9 a.m., passengers being requested to be on board at least half an hour before sailing time. Ordinary letter mail for the ship will be closed at the Post Office at 7.15 a.m. on Thursday.

* * *

The fast freighter ss. **Sea Witch**, of the American Pioneer Line, is due to arrive in Shanghai tomorrow, according to the latest local information. The vessel will be more than three days late. She will arrive here from New York, via Baltimore, the Panama Canal and Manila, docking at the Shanghai and Hongkew Wharf Company's Pootung Wharf, where she will discharge more than 3,000 tons of general cargo. The Sea Witch, operated by the American President Line, is scheduled to leave harbour again after three days, sailing for Manila and the U. S. A.

Vessels Arriving To-day

The following particulars in connection with vessels due to arrive today are based upon information available yesterday evening.

From NAGASAKI: Shanghai Maru, with mail, due 3 p.m., Yangtszepoo Wharf.

From DAIREN: Dairen Maru, with mail, due 3 p.m., Whangpoo Wharf.

Due at Future Dates

All vessels are listed under their terminal port. The first date is that of the ship's departure from that port, and the second is the date she is due to arrive in Shanghai. Where a ship's name is duplicated it indicates the port of call last visited.

On account of the present international situation there is considerable interference with movements of ships, especially those from Europe. In cases where it is definitely known that the vessel is not running to schedule the Shanghai arrival date is omitted.

AMERICA AND JAPAN

From New York		From Honolulu	
P G'field	29/8 14/10	P C'field	27/9 14/10
Vasaholm	— 20/10	K'kura M	3/10 8/11
From Los Angeles		**From Manila**	
Dona A'ra	— 9/10	Nitta M	8/10 13/10
P C'lidge	30/9 22/10	**From Yokohama**	
Dona Nati	— 22/10	Ta'ta M	13/10 17/10
K'kura M	25/9 8/11	**From Kobe**	
From San Fco.		H'kawa M	— 15/10
P C'lidge	4/10 22/10	Taiyo M	15/10 17/10
From Seattle		**From Nagasaki**	
W Cuseta	30/9 27/10	N'saki M	9/10 16/10

CHINA PORTS

From Dairen		
Kinai M	4/10	9/10
T'tao M	8/10	10/10

Vessels Discharging

TAMERLANE. The ms. Tamerlane from New York via ports is now discharging her cargo at The Shanghai & Hongkew Wharf Co.'s Old Ningpo Wharf. Consignees are requested to send in their bills of lading for countersignature and take immediate delivery of their cargo. All risk of fire at the wharf and godowns is to be borne by Consignees. Any claims against this vessel must be sent in within fifteen (15) days after vessel's arrival, otherwise they will not be recognized. Examination of broken and ship-damaged cargo will be held at The Shanghai & Hongkew Wharf Co.'s Old Ningpo Wharf at 9 a.m. on 15th instant when Messrs. Paulsen & Bayes-Davy will be in attendance. Dodwell & Co., Ltd., Agents 17 Canton Road, Telephone 11369. 8-10

Yesterday's Arrivals

Name	From	Consignees
Matue M.	Calcutta	N.Y.K.
P. Cleveland	Hongkong	A.P.L.
Antai	Hsinkong	Dah Hsing
Nord	Keelung	Wallem
Kinai M.	Japan	O.S.K.
Tawha	T'tungkong	Quen Kee
Heini	Sungmen	Kayser Co.

Yesterday's Departures

Name	Flag	Despatcher
Nagasaki M.	Jap.	T.K.K.
Hoten M.	Jap.	D.K.K.
Taityu M.	Jap.	T.K.K.
Tamerlane	Nor.	Dodwell
Ryoya M.	Jap.	M.B.K.

Men-of-War in Port

Name	Flag	Type	Berthed
Augusta	Am.	Ca.	S.N.B.
Guam	Am.	Gbt.	F.N.B.
Isabel	Am.	Gbt.	U.S.N.B.
Luzon	Am.	Gbt.	F.N.B.
D. de Lagree	Fr.	Gbt.	K.S.D.
Fran. Garnier	Fr.	Gbt.	F.N.B.
E. Carlotto	Itl.	Gbt.	1-2 B
Lepanto	Itl.	Gbt.	1-2 B

TRAVEL AND SHIPPING

N. Y. K. LINE

Orient-California Line via Honolulu
NITTA MARU ..... Oct. 18
TATUTA MARU ..... Oct. 24
YAWATA MARU .... Nov. 7
KAMAKURA MARU .. Nov. 15
ASAMA MARU .... Nov. 24

Orient-Seattle Line via Vancouver
From Kobe
HIKAN MARU ..... Oct. 18
HIKAWA MARU .... Oct. 29
HIE MARU ..... Nov. 12

Orient-New York Line via Los Angeles and Panama
SANUKI MARU ..... Oct. 12
SADO MARU ..... Oct. 27

Japan-Australia Line via Hongkong and Manila
From Nagasaki
KITANO MARU ..... Oct. 25

European Mail Line For Liverpool via Straits, Colombo Bombay, Durban, Cape Town and Lisbon.
SUWA MARU ..... Dec. 1
Beyond Bombay Suspended

Japan-Bombay Line Singapore, Colombo, Bombay, Kundla and Karachi
HARUNA MARU .... Oct. 24

Orient-South America Line West coast ports via San Francisco from Kobe
YASUKUNI MARU .. Oct. 28

Shanghai-Kobe-Yokohama Line
YASUKUNI MARU .. Oct. 16
ANYO MARU ..... Oct. 12
NITTA MARU ..... Oct. 14
TATUTA MARU ..... Oct. 24

At The Bund **NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA** Telephone 12862
General Passenger Agents, Cunard—White Star Line

BLUE FUNNEL LINE
Two conveniently-placed sailings each month to UNITED KINGDOM PORTS

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Regular service to AUSTRALIA from HONGKONG

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Frequent and regular sailings by modern and comfortable passenger and cargo liners serving:
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Information relating to sailing, ports of call, freight and passage rates will be gladly given on request to intending passengers and shippers.

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MAERSK LINE
Homeward:
Swedish ms. SAGOLAND Loading 19/20. October
Swedish ms. VASAHOLM Loading 18/19. November
Via Japan for Los Angeles and via Panama to New York and Boston direct, Philadelphia and Baltimore.

OUTWARDS:

	Arr. Shanghai
ms. VASAHOLM	Oct. 26
ms. BARDALAND	Dec. 2

From New York, Norfolk, Savannah, Panama, and Los Angeles.

MAERSK LINE Shanghai Agency
210-214 Kiukiang Road — Telephone 15566

D. K. K.
For Passage and Freight apply to DAIREN KISEN KAISHA
110 Szechuen Road Telephone 19646
SHANGHAI-TSINGTAO-DAIREN LINE
Connecting with South Manchuria and Trans-Siberian Railways
Shortest route between Europe and Far East.

	Arrival (Whangpoo Wharf)	Departure (Shanghai Time.)
ss. DAIREN MARU	Oct. 8	Oct. 10 at 9 a.m.
ss. TSINGTAO MARU	Oct. 10	Oct. 12 at 9 a.m.
ss. HOTEN MARU	Oct. 13	Oct. 15 at 9 a.m.
ss. DAIREN MARU	Oct. 16	Oct. 18 at 9 a.m.
ss. TSINGTAO MARU	Oct. 18	Oct. 20 at 9 a.m.
ss. HOTEN MARU	Oct. 21	Oct. 23 at 9 a.m.
ss. DAIREN MARU	Oct. 24	Oct. 26 at 9 a.m.

DAIREN-TIENTSIN LINE (Sailing from Dairen)
ss. HOKKAI MARU ..... Departure: Oct. 13 at 5 p.m.
ss. MANZYU MARU ..... „ Oct. 16 at 11 a.m.
SHANGHAI-TSINGTAO-TIENTSIN-DAIREN-LINE (Freight only)
ss. HAKKA MARU ..... Oct. 10
ss. KOGA MARU ..... Oct. 16

BARBER-WILHELMSEN

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To New York and Boston via Los Angeles and Panama Canal
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First week in December — Second week in February
TO HONGKONG AND MANILA—
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NEW YORK
VIA HONGKONG MANILA LOS ANGELES AND PANAMA CANAL
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61 Canton Road — General Agents — Telephone 15044

AMERICAN MAIL LINE
REGULAR FORTNIGHTLY FREIGHT SERVICE
Between Puget Sound—Shanghai—Hongkong—Philippine Islands.

Vessel	Sails Seattle	Shanghai Arr./Sails	Hongkong arrives	Manila Arr./Sails
ms. CROWN CITY*	Sailed	Omits	Oct. 29	Oct. 22/26
ms. WEST CUSSETA	Sailed	Oct. 27/29	Nov. 1	Nov. 6/14
ss. COLLINGSWORTH**	Oct. 15	Nov. 21	Nov. 16	Nov. 9/13

*Calls Taku Bar, Nov. 6
**Calls Taku Bar, Nov. 26
Subject to change without notice
EVERETT STEAMSHIP CORPORATION
17 The Bund — AGENTS — Telephone 12634

TŌA K. K.
Nagasaki Express Service

	Arrival	Departure (Shanghai Time)
SHANGHAI MARU	Oct. 8	Oct. 9 at 8.30 a.m. (Yangtzepoo Wharf)
NAGASAKI MARU	Oct. 10	Oct. 11 at 8.30 a.m. (Yangtzepoo Wharf)
SHANGHAI MARU	Oct. 13	Oct. 14 at 8.30 a.m.
NAGASAKI MARU	Oct. 15	Oct. 16 at 8.30 a.m.

Kobe Express Service

	Departure (Shanghai Time)	
TAIYO MARU	Oct. 5 (Wayside Wharf)	Oct. 6 at 4 p.m. (Wayside Wharf)
TAIYO MARU	Oct. 17	Oct. 21

For passage apply to the ticket office of Toa Kaiun Kaisya at Astor House Hotel. Telephones 42350, 44064
TOA KAIUN KAISYA
5 The Bund — Telephone 19600

PRESIDENT LINER Sailings

TRANS-PACIFIC: Fortnightly service via Japan and Honolulu to San Francisco and Los Angeles.
PRES. PIERCE ..... Nov. 1
PRES. COOLIDGE ..... Nov. 6
PRES. TAFT ..... Nov. 15
TO HONGKONG AND MANILA
PRES. GARFIELD ..... Oct. 14
PRES. COOLIDGE ..... Oct. 24
ROUND-THE-WORLD: New York and Boston via Hongkong, Manila, Singapore, Penang, Colombo, Bombay, Capetown and Trinidad.
PRES. GARFIELD ..... Oct. 14
And monthly thereafter.
Agents For:—
Transcontinental and Western Airlines
United Air Lines — American Pioneer Line
American Gulf Orient Line — United States Lines

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Round World Services

51 CANTON ROAD Tel. 15309

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FOR SAILINGS TO JAPAN, HONGKONG, AUSTRALIA, CALCUTTA, BOMBAY, STRAITS AND UNITED KINGDOM.
All vessels may call at any ports on or off the route and the route and all sailings are subject to cancellation, change or deviation with or without notice.
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27 The Bund — Telephone 11428

GLEN & SHIRE LINES
Sailings to and from
UNITED KINGDOM
For details of freight and passage apply to:
JARDINE, MATHESON & CO., LTD.
Agents
27 The Bund — Telephone 15290

O.S.K.
FOR NEW YORK
Via Panama Canal
MS. KINAI MARU
Sailing Shanghai October 9
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20 Canton Road — Telephone 15323-15324

PRINCE LINE and SILVER LINE
Joint Round-the-World Express Service
ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES ON APPLICATION TO AGENTS
Fortnightly sailings for Hongkong, Philippine Islands, Java, Straits, Colombo and Atlantic Coast ports via Cape of Good Hope
All vessels have accommodation for limited number of first-class passengers
Silver Line vessels have refrigerated space
For further particulars regarding.
PRINCE LINE — *Apply to* Jardine Matheson & Co., Limited
SILVER LINE — *Apply to* Java-China-Japan Lijn Agentschap Shanghai N. V.

COMMERCE AND FINANCE

Money and Exchange

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANK

MONDAY, OCTOBER 7, 1940

BANK'S SELLING RATES 10 A.M.

£1 @ 3 1/16d.	$ 66.78
U.S. $100 @ 5 9/16	$1,797.75
Yen 23 5/16	$100
Guilders 10 5/8	100
Rupees 19 1/16	100
Pesos 11 1/16	100
Hongkong $23 1/16	100

BANK'S BUYING RATES 10 A.M.

£1 @ 3 1/16d.	$ 65.08
U.S. $100 @ 5 1/16	$1,758.00
London—demand, $1=	3 1/16d.
4 months' sight credits	3 1/16d.
4 months' sight docts.	3 1/16d.
6 months' sight credits	3 1/16d.
6 months' sight docts	3 1/16d.
New York—demand, $100=	U.S. $5 1/16
4 months' sight credits	U.S. $5 3/16
4 months' sight docts	U.S. $5 1/16

NEW YORK/LONDON CASH RATES

£1=U.S. $4.03 3/16 U.S. $1=£9.44d.

INTERBANK CLOSING SELLING RATES

Sterling 3 1/16d. U.S. $5 1/32
Hongkong/London 1/2 1/32

NETHERLANDS TRADING SOCIETY

Java Guilders Selling 10 3/16

AMERICAN EXPRESS CO., INC.

Buying U.S.$100=$1,758.241 £1=$6.641
Selling U.S.$100=$1,797.752 £1=$67.389

HUA HSING COMMERCIAL BANK

Sterling Selling Rate @ 6d per	H.H.$ 1
" Buying " @ 6 1/32 "	H.H.$ 1
U.S.$ Selling " @ 9 1/32 "	H.H.$100
" Buying " @ 9 1/32 "	H.H.$100
Local$ (Fapi) selling @ 164 per	H.H.$100
buying @ 169 "	H.H.$100

CUSTOMS OFFICIAL RATES FOR DUTY PAYMENTS

Gold Unit 1.00—Hua Hsing	$3.792
Gold Unit 1.00—Local Dollar	$4.775

Local Exchange Report

Messrs. Drakeford, Davis & Wilson

INTER BANK CASH DELIVERY

£	Highest 3 3/8	Lowest	3 1/8
U.S. G.$	5 3/4		5 9/16

MERCHANT CLOSING RATES

	SELLING		BUYING
Oct.		Oct./Nov.	
£ T.T.	3 3/8	4 m/s. l.c.	3 1/8
G.$ T.T.	5 1/4	4 m/s. l.c.	5 1/8
Rs. T.T.	29 3/8	15 d/s.	21

BAR SILVER

	READY	FOR'D
Bombay Rs. per 100 tolas	62.14	—
Bombay offtake 25 bars.		

NEW YORK/LONDON CASH RATES

New York closing rate for Oct. 5 4.03 3/4
Local Sellers of U.S.$ against £ at the close 3.72
Local buyers of U.S.$ against £ at the close 3.73

The market was steady on renewed selling of U.S. dollars from speculative sources inspired by political uncertainty. Sterling quotations rose 1/32d. and U.S. dollars 1/32. The relatively large rise in quotations was accounted for in part by the reluctance of Banks to buy in view of the restricted amount of merchant cover in the market. During the afternoon there were periods of uncertainty when speculative sellers were temporarily absent from the market. At the close there were sellers at:—

3 1/16 sterling 5 1/8 U.S.$ Cash/Oct.
3 1/16 " 5 1/8 " Nov.

Singapore Weekly Rubber Report

Singapore, Sept. 19.

The Singapore market has been steady but quiet, while in London prices have only been nominal and very little business has been transacted. New York remains steady and more active with buying interest in nearby, and improved speculative demand.

Latest quotations to hand are as follows:—

Spot 37 5/8 cents up 1/8 cent.
London 11 7/16d. down 3/64d.
New York 19 1/8 U.S.A. cents up 1/16 U.S.A. cent.

The following are details of American statistics for last month (in tons):

	Aug. 1940	July 1940	Aug. 1939
Stocks on last day of month	212,900	190,200	161,400
Afloat on last day of month	141,300	139,600	66,700
Consumption	50,500	47,000	50,500
Consumption of Reclaimed Rub.	14,200	14,300	16,800

At the Auctions held yesterday, there was a good demand for all grades. Of 915 tons catalogued, 741 tons were offered and 529 tons sold.

The following is the course of values:—

In Singapore per lb.

Ribbed Smoked Sheet:—	
Standard quality	37 3/8—37 5/8
Good average quality	36 1/4—37 1/4
Fair average quality	34 3/8—36 1/4
Off Quality	33 —34 1/2
Sheet Cuttings	31 3/8—31 3/4
Crepe:—	
Fine Quality Pale	No Sales
Standard and slightly inferior	33 1/2—34 3/8
Off-Colour Latex	32 1/4—33
Light Brown and Brown (Clean)	31 3/4—32 3/8
Milling Grades:—	
Cuprashings and Skimmings	31 —30
Tree Scrap	28 1/4—28 3/4
Brown and Dark Crepe	25 1/4—31 5/8
Bark Crepe (Earth Rubber)	24 7/8—25
Virgin Lump	23 3/8—28 1/4

Local Commodities

Yesterday's Price

Cotton yn. 20's, D.H., per bale	$1,167
Tungchow cotton .. per picul	205
Wheat .... per picul (50 kilos)	$24.65
Flour, local .. per bag (49lb.)	16.50
	picul
Raw silk, Steamfil, 20/22 78%	$5,300
	nom.

Manila Gold Shares

(Bids in Pesos)

Oct. 7	Bid Prices a.m. Closing	p.m. Closing
Afoks	.185	.19 S
Baguio Gold	.1425	.1425
Batong Buhay	.01 S	.01 S
Big Wedge	.21	.235 S
Coco Grove	.0625	.0625
Consolidated Mines	.0019	.0019
Demonstration	.075	.0775 S
East Mindanao	.0775	.075
I. X. L.	.23	.25 S
Ipo Gold	.06	.06
Itogen	.17	.17
Masbate Consolidated	.07	.0725 S
North Camarines	.023	.023
Paracale Gumaus	.16	.16
Surigao Consolidated	.18	.185
Suyoc	.0625 S	.065 S
United Paracale	.165	.165 S
Mindanao Motherlode	.10 S	.10 S
Manila Hal-Alai	7.50	7.50

Turnover for the Morning: 17,600 Pesos.

Shares Index: (Morning Session) 51.33. —Reuter.

Silver Quotations

London, Oct. 7.

"Spot" silver remained unchanged today, while "forward" advanced 1/16d. from Friday's levels.

	Oct. 4	Oct. 7
London spot	23 1/16d.	23 1/16d.
" forward	23 1/16d.	23 3/16d.
" gold	168/—	168/—

—Reuter.

Shanghai Stocks

Yesterday's Business

It was generally expected that the market would open weak yesterday, which in fact it did, but the subsequent extreme weakness that was seen resembled something of a landslide, with holders trying to retain what was left of some of their profits by lightening their holdings. Short selling helped the decline and while there were bright periods, the undertone was definitely weak at the close. General nervousness rather than definite bad news was said to be the reason for the decline, but sentiment, from being bullish, seems to have turned the other way for the time being.

Official Averages

High	Low		Today's Average	Change
456.55	105.33	General	279.29	—15.25
485.40	95.55	Rubbers	241.92	—20.10

Total 815,433 shares, 600 bonds.

Morning Session

Yangtsze Finance	2000	13.00	500	13.20	
	500	*13.10	3000	12.50	1000	12.70
	1000	12.20	500	*12.40	1000	12.30
	1000	12.40				
S'hai Loan			500	29.00	500	*28.50
	1000	28.60	2500	27.00	500	26.50
	1000	27.25	1000	*27.00		
I. I. Trust			4500	21.25	500	*21.25
	500	21.00	3000	21.50	1000	*21.50
	1500	21.75	1000	20.75	2000	20.00
	500	19.50	1500	19.00	1000	18.50
	1500	19.80	500	*20.00	500	20.00
	1000	19.50	500	19.70	1000	19.30
	500	19.00	500	19.10	3000	19.20
	500	19.50	500	19.30		
S'hai Securities			500	*4.95	1000	*5.00
	3000	5.00	1000	4.90	1500	4.00
	500	4.50	500	4.75	500	4.70
	500	*4.60	2000	4.60	2500	4.50
	5000	4.60	1500	4.55		
S'hai Land			2000	*11.20	500	11.00
	2000	10.80	1000	10.70	500	10.50
	1500	10.40	1000	*10.40	2500	10.50
Dockyard			100	32.25	1100	32.00
	200	31.50	200	*31.75	800	31.75
	1700	32.25	700	*32.25	3900	32.50
	400	32.75	200	*32.75	1200	*32.25
	900	32.25	700	32.00	2500	31.50
	1600	32.25	800	*31.25	200	31.75
	2000	31.00	600	*31.00	1100	29.75
	500	30.25	1300	29.25	600	29.50
	900	*29.00	1500	28.75	1500	29.00
	200	*29.00	300	29.25	100	*29.50
	100	29.75	200	30.00	500	30.25
	2000	30.50	500	30.75	2400	31.00
	300	*31.00	200	31.25	800	30.75
	200	30.50	100	30.25	800	30.00
	500	29.75	3100	29.50	400	*30.00
	200	*29.50	600	29.75	100	30.00
	1100	30.25	1000	*30.25	800	30.50
	3000	30.00	1400	30.25	100	*30.25
	300	*30.00	300	29.25	300	29.75
S. & H. Wharf			25	430.00	25	425.00
	25	420.00				
Wheelock			100	82.00	1900	81.50
	800	81.00	800	*81.00	200	*82.00
	4800	82.00	700	82.50	700	81.50
	3300	81.00	1000	*80.00	200	*78.50
	1000	78.50	300	*78.00	400	78.00
	100	78.00	400	78.50	100	*78.50
	100	77.50	300	77.00	2100	76.50
	300	*76.00	400	76.00	400	77.00
	700	78.00	100	*78.50	1100	79.00
	300	*79.50	100	79.50	400	77.50
	100	77.00	100	*77.50	600	*77.00
	300	*76.50	2000	76.50	200	*77.00
	1800	77.00	100	*76.50	700	*77.00
	300	77.50	1300	77.00	300	78.00
	300	*78.00	300	77.50	100	*76.50
Int. Assurance			500	16.00	1000	16.20
Ewo Mills (Ord)			2100	41.75	2100	41.50
	3000	42.00	100	*42.00	300	42.25
	300	*49.50	500	42.00	100	42.75
	1500	42.50	100	42.25	700	*41.75
	1400	41.75	100	42.00	400	41.50
	300	41.25	2000	41.00	200	*41.00
	800	40.75	1000	40.50	500	40.25
	600	*40.25	100	*40.50	100	*40.00
	200	40.00	200	39.50	1100	39.00
	700	*39.00	300	38.75	900	*38.50
	1500	38.50	1900	39.50	100	39.25
	500	*40.00	400	40.00	2000	40.50
	700	40.25	100	*40.50	1100	39.00
	600	39.50	600	38.75	1300	39.00
	800	*38.75	900	39.25	200	*39.50
	500	39.50	500	*39.25	100	39.50
	3200	39.25	100	39.00	500	*39.50
	200	39.00	100	39.25		
China Textile			500	8.95	500	*9.00
	500	*9.85	2000	9.05	2500	9.00
	18000	9.10	3000	*9.10	500	9.05
	1000	9.15	2500	9.10	500	9.05
	1000	*9.00	4000	8.90	2500	8.85
	1000	8.80	500	*8.85	1500	*8.80
	1000	8.50	500	8.70	1000	8.60
	3500	8.80	500	8.75	8000	8.70
	500	*8.65	2500	8.75	2500	8.70
	500	8.65				
C. G. Omnibus			100	20.75	200	*20.50
	1600	20.50	300	20.25	200	*20.25
	400	20.00	100	19.90	400	20.00
	100	*19.90	1900	20.00		
Telephone			2000	44.25	900	*44.25
	400	44.50	100	44.00	300	43.50
	100	43.00	400	42.00	600	40.00
	700	41.50	400	41.25	200	*41.25
	500	*42.50	100	42.25	1000	42.00
	700	41.75	600	42.00	200	*41.75
	600	41.50	100	41.75	100	42.00
	500	41.50				
S'hai Gas (Old)			700	19.00	400	18.60
	200	*18.60	600	18.50	200	18.60
Metal			2200	30.00	200	29.75
	100	*30.00	1200	30.50	700	30.25
	800	29.50	300	29.00	300	28.25
	600	28.00	100	*27.50	800	27.50
	400	27.75	1500	28.00	1400	28.50
	100	*28.25	100	*28.75	100	27.25
	200	*27.25	200	27.25	600	27.50
	100	29.00	3000	27.75	100	*27.50
	200	28.00	200	27.50		
Lumber			100	42.00	200	*41.50
	200	40.00	600	40.50	100	40.75
	100	40.25	200	40.00		
Kaiping					100	40.50
Exploration			1500	*25.25	3000	25.50
	11000	26.00	500	*26.00	3000	25.75
	1000	*25.50	3500	25.25	2000	*26.00
	1500	25.00	500	*24.75	500	24.75
	1000	24.25	6000	24.00	1500	23.75
	2000	23.50	2500	23.00	3000	23.25
	4000	23.00	500	*23.25	500	*23.00
	1000	24.00	1000	*24.00	3500	24.50
	500	24.75	500	*24.75	3500	24.25
	2500	23.50	500	*23.25	3000	23.75
	5500	24.00	500	*23.75	500	*24.00
	500	24.25	2500	23.75		
Power (Pref)					40	135.00
Anglo Dutch			700	18.00	100	17.60
	100	17.50				
Anglo Java			100	32.00	200	32.50
	300	33.00	500	32.25	300	32.00
	100	31.75				
Chemor					1000	2.40
Cheng		1000	0.79		1000	0.79
Java Consolidated					1000	3.10
Langkat			100	*24.50	500	*25.50
	400	25.50	500	25.25	100	*25.25
	500	24.00	100	*24.00	500	23.75
	200	23.25	1800	23.50	100	*23.50
China Finance			2000	1.00	1000	1.06
Semambu					8000	1.10
Kelantan			1000	1.00	2000	0.98
Tebong			5000	*1.30	2000	1.[illegible]
	1000	1.32	1000	1.36	1000	1.34
Ziangbe			100	21.75	100	*21.75
	100	21.50	200	21.25	200	21.00
	600	20.50	100	*20.00	100	19.80
	600	20.00	500	20.25		
Union Brewery					500	5.50
American Club 4% Debs.					6000	*50.00
Power 5 1/2% Debs.					7000	*91.50
	20000	91.50				

ODD LOTS

China Textile	100	9.00	300	9.00	
	200	8.80	300	8.65	100	8.65
	100	*8.90	100	8.75	
I. I. Trust					100	*21.25
Exploration			300	*35.00	200	25.50
	100	*24.75				
S. & H. Wharf					18	467.50
China Textile					300	8.65
S'hai Land					100	10.40

*—Direct Business
†—Outport Business

Afternoon Session

China Finance					2000	1.00
Yangtsze Finance					1000	12.20
	500	12.00	1500	11.50	1000	11.60
	500	11.80	500	*11.40	1000	11.30
	500	11.40	500	11.40		
S'hai Loan			500	26.00	500	*26.00
	500	25.50	500	25.00	500	24.00
	500	25.00				
I. I. Trust			3500	18.50	500	18.60
	500	18.70	500	18.20	1500	18.30
	3500	18.00	500	18.10	1000	17.50
	2000	17.80	500	17.90		
S'hai Securities			1500	4.55	1000	4.50
	1000	4.35	2000	4.15	500	4.30
	500	*4.25	1500	4.10	500	4.05
	4000	4.00				
China Realty					1000	7.50
S'hai Land			500	10.60	500	10.40
	500	10.00	1000	*10.10	500	10.10
	500	10.20	2500	10.00	500	*10.00
	1000		300	29.25	308	29.00
Dockyard			2200	28.00	200	*28.00
	300	28.25	2000	28.75	1000	29.00
	100	*29.00	700	*28.75	1600	28.50
	200	*28.50	400	28.75	800	28.25
	400	*28.25	6900	28.00	1300	*28.00
	3300	27.75	1200	*27.75	900	28.00
	1500	28.50	1900	29.00	100	28.25
	500	*40.00	400	40.00	2000	40.50
	700	40.25	100	*40.50	1100	39.00
	600	39.50	600	38.75	1300	39.00
	800	*38.75	900	39.25	200	*39.50
	500	39.50	500	*39.25	100	39.50
	3200	39.25	100	39.00	500	*39.50
	200	39.00	100	39.25		
S. & H. Wharf					25	410.00
Wheelock			100	75.50	200	75.00
	100	73.00	300	72.50	800	73.50
	200	*73.00	200	74.00	100	*74.00
	600	74.50	400	75.00	100	74.00
	1300	73.50	200	*74.00	300	*73.50
	900	73.00	1100	72.00	500	*72.00
	100	*71.50	400	71.50	600	71.00
	1200	72.00	800	72.50	600	72.00
Ewo Mills (Ord)			1000	*39.25	100	39.50
	100	39.50	500	38.00	400	*39.00
	800	37.50	800	37.75	1200	37.25
	100	*37.00	2000	37.00	1200	37.50
	100	38.00	2300	37.75	400	*38.00
	3300	37.50	100	*37.50	500	*37.50
	200	37.25	300	*37.25	700	*37.00
	800	37.00	1200	36.50	200	36.25
	100	*36.75	500	36.75	1300	37.00
	100	*37.00				
China Textile			4500	8.75	3000	8.70
	1000	*8.70	1000	8.65	500	8.60
	2500	8.50	7000	8.45	500	*8.40
	2000	8.45	1500	8.40	2000	8.30
	1500	8.20	1000	8.10	1500	*7.90
	500	7.95	500	8.05	2000	8.00
	3000	8.10				
C. G. Omnibus			100	19.90	100	19.50
	100	19.40	100	19.50		
Telephone			600	41.50	100	40.50
	400	40.75	100	*40.50	100	40.00
	300	39.50	200	39.00	900	38.00
S'hai Gas (Old)					100	18.00
Metal			300	27.50	100	*27.25
	100	*26.75	600	*27.00	1600	26.00
	400	25.50	400	25.75	200	*25.75
	200	26.25	300	*26.25	200	26.50
	100	26.00	500	25.75	700	25.25
	1000	25.50	1600	25.00	500	*25.50
	200	*25.00	1200	25.50		
Lumber			200	39.25	100	39.00
	300	38.00				
Kaiping					200	41.50
Exploration			1000	23.50	1000	23.25
	500	*23.25	1000	22.50	1000	22.75
	1000	*22.50	500	22.25	4000	23.00
	500	23.25	500	*23.00	2000	22.75
	500	*22.75	500	22.50	3500	22.25
	1000	*22.00	4500	22.00	1000	*21.50
	2000	21.75	1000	22.25		
Anglo Dutch			500	17.00	500	17.[illegible]
	100	17.20	200	*17.00	300	16.50
Anglo Java			400	29.50	500	30.00
	100	*30.00	100	30.25	500	29.75
Cheng			1000	0.75	2000	0.70
Java Consolidated					1000	3.10
	1000	3.00				
Kroewoek			5000	2.10	2000	2.0[illegible]
	1000	3.00				
Langkat			500	*23.50	500	23.50
	100	23.25	500	23.00	200	22.75
	600	22.50	800	22.25	700	*22.25
	600	22.00	400	*22.00	100	*21.[illegible]
Rubber Trust			1000	8.50	500	8.00
Kelantan			1000	0.85	1000	0.9[illegible]
	1000	0.88	1000	0.80		
Tebong			1000	1.34	1000	*1.30
	3000	1.26				
Ziangbe			500	20.00	500	19.80
	100	19.70	600	19.50		
Power 5 1/2% Debs.					3000	*91.25
	24000	91.00				

ODD LOTS

Metal					50	25.75
China Textile		250	8.65	300	8.[illegible]
	150	8.35	250	8.15	400	*8.50
	300	8.05	75	8.45		
S'hai Land					200	10.30
Exploration		100	21.75	100	21.25

Britain Making Every Effort To Boost S. American Trade

Importance of Keeping Trade Routes Open; Importers Obtaining Satisfactory Deliveries

THE importance of British trade with the Americas, stressed from London at the outbreak of war, has become more apparent since the greater part of Europe was sealed by Nazi conquest, states the "Christian Science Monitor."

For South Americans there remain two spheres of overseas commerce—the United States and the British Empire, Japan has not been able to profit to the extent anticipated. More war-time trade was expected with this Far Eastern neutral. Lack of it is attributed to China war attrition.

The British are interested in buying and selling—a balance of accounts with South America, so as to avoid the transfer of gold or dollar exchange, required to pay for war purchases from the United States.

Southern capitals are receiving continual visits of emissaries from the Overseas Trade Department, the Ministry of Information, the Admiralty and the Bank of England in the promotion of this British drive. Local merchants and the general communities are reminded of their patiotic duty to co-operate. British manufacturers have sent more sales catalogues to South America in the last three months of war than in three years of peace.

Route is Safe

Provided the Atlantic can be kept free from raiders, the route to British ports is regarded as comparatively safe except within the radius of submarines and planes operating from the European continent.

Shipping to and from the eastern ports of South America can take either the direct voyage or be routed diagonally for the protection of British naval forces in North and Central America. There is also the additional security of the 400 mile Pan American belt, which both Germany and Italy are expected to respect in view of the present New World mood.

On the direct voyage, preferred by the meat carriers, British ships can be provided with naval protection sent out from Gibraltar when entering the danger zone. Spanish intervention would make this route more difficult if the Canary Islands provided hostile bases for submarines and aircraft.

These are the strategic considerations for the British in boosting their South American trade with the east coast of South America. Their trade with the west coast, substantial but less important, is subject to no greater dangers than that with the United States, because of the sheltered route through the Caribbean Sea and the Panama Canal.

Up until recently, appearances suggested and figures confirmed that Anglo-South American trade is normal. About 150,000 tons of German, Italian and European continental tonnage is paralyzed in Argentine ports alone, but blue ensign tonnage movement continues. Arrivals and sailings are neither advertised nor regular, but no actual deficiency is noted.

British importers declare there is no competition in the market. They concede first place to the United States in virtually every country—even in Argentina, long considered a sterling preserve—but hold that South America absorbs all the special and supplementary manufactures that Britain can provide.

At this time special attention is being given to coal and textiles. It is a fact that more British colliers have appeared in southern ports since shipments were stopped to Italy and France. This class of fuel is specially needed in Argentina, where a shortage has arisen.

Little Competition

There is no Anglo-American competition in either of these lines. The field is big enough for both with the absence of other competitors. South Americans, however, are not elated, claiming that the rise in the value of their produce does not compensate the higher charges for British manufactures, freight and insurance. The British point out they have the task of naval protection. The South American could retort that it is a British war—but they don't. The majority admit the cause is their own and are prepared for sacrifice.

Importers generally state they are obtaining satisfactory delivery from England but complain of lack of a direct air mail service. For years they relied on the French line whose operations are suspended. Air mail is now routed via New York. Ordinary mail takes about a week longer than the prewar average. If German and Italian importers could do actual business they might have a laugh at the expence of British, because, due to Spanish co-operation, they run a joint weekly air service to this continent. A few urgent orders have been executed in this way, but for purposes of propaganda rather than for business.

The importance attached to the South American market by the British is seen in the refusal to accept young men as volunteers for the defence services if their employers certify they are required for business maintenance. Community life is being invigorated to impart patriotic emphasis to the trade drive. In some countries, Chile for example, the communities are sectioned, a leader being appointed to maintain contact with each dozen or so members.

Empire Buys About Half U.S. Exports

Result of Expanded War Purchases and Blockade Of Europe

British Empire markets are taking about half the United States' total exports as a result of expanded war purchases and the closing of most of continental Europe to shipping, foreign trade sources said recently, according to an associated press report published in New York.

One trade authority said the percentage of exports now going to England, Canada and other British Empire markets probably is the highest since the United States became an important trading nation. Before the war, approximately one third of foreign sales went to England and her dominions and possessions.

Trade trends and announcement of British plans for widening war purchases in the United States, it was said, indicate England and Canada may take an even larger share of the exports in coming months provided the British Isles hold out against the threatened Nazi attack and counter blockade.

Out of about $2,000,000,000 in war orders placed by British agents, an informed source said, less than half actually have been shipped. The bulk of the unfilled business is aircraft orders.

Importance of Empire Trade

Because of the overshadowing importance of trade with England and Canada, business and financial circles anxiously have watched sea and air attacks on British supply lines. Some analysts contend closing of United Kingdom markets, on top of the cessation of dealings with the continent, might be a hard blow temporarily for certain industries, such as steel.

The "Iron Age" reported Great Britain was buying steel here at the rate of 500,000 to 600,000 tons a month, or nearly 10 per cent. of the current output.

Out of $350,000,000 in exports in June, the United Kingdom took $77,868,000 compared with $36,066,000 in June, 1939 and Canada $66,796,000 against $39,829,000 in the 1939 month.

The chief British Empire markets together, including Australia and South Africa, took about $164,000,000 of this country's exports and sold here $87,613,000, leaving a wide gap to be covered by transfer of gold and other liquid assets to the United States.

Japanese Trade With N.E.I. Shows Increase

American Imports Also Rise

Tokyo, Oct. 6.

A huge increase in Japan's trade with the Netherlands East Indies during the first six months of this year is revealed in official figures released by the Netherlands Indies Government and published here today by the Asahi.

Japan's imports from the Netherlands East Indies during the first half of this year totalled 23,725,000 guilders, while her exports to that country amounted to 44,832,000 guilders. Figures for the same period in 1939 were 90 per cent. and 20 per cent. lower respectively.

Another country whose trade with the Netherlands East Indies has shown a large increase is the United States, who imported 166,668,000 worth of goods from the Netherlands East Indies during the first six months of this year. U.S. exports during the same period totalled 77,440,000 guilders as against 35,705,000 for the first half year of 1939.

Total exports from the Netherlands East Indies during the first half of 1940 totalled 540,000,000 guilders, while her imports amounted to 290,000,000. Havas.

Canada's War Paid By Small Man

War Loans Not Taken Up By Banks; Public Given Chance to Invest

It's the little fellow—the man with the $1 and $10 subscription—who's coming through in a big way with the money needed to finance Canada's war needs, a study of the Dominion's current borrowing showed S. F. Porter of the "New York Post."

Recently Canada placed on the market its second war loan, amounting to $300,000,000, bearing 3 per cent. interest and due October 1, 1952. At midnight two days later, subscriptions totalled $201,949,000; orders were running between $20,000,000 and $40,000,000 a day.

Contrasted with the U. S. government's billion-dollar borrowings in 12 hours, this record may not appear impressive. But that first reaction fails to consider one pivotal point: the difference in the buyers.

Canada is asking private citizens to buy the war bonds, is appealing to individuals in every section of the Dominion to "Make Your Dollars Fight for Freedom."

The U. S. Treasury in recent years has relied almost entirely upon the country's banks and insurance companies for funds. The distinction is vital not only from a financial, but also from a social viewpoint.

All Types

The trend of Canadian war financing is highly significant to American citizens, for it well may be that the experience of the Dominion with its war borrowing may foretell the experiences the U. S. is to have with its national defence financing.

There's no question that Canada is aiming at the private citizen and is trying to hold to a minimum bank subscriptions. On the first war loan, for instance—it was for $200,000,000, carried 3¼ per cent. interest and was sold in January—large subscribers received only 40 per cent. of the amounts bid for.

Small buyers received the full amounts asked for.

On this current one, the same procedure may be followed to secure what the Finance Minister called "a type of distribution which will make the issue an unquestioned success."

When the first war loan was floated, he remarked that "the books on the issue will be kept open as long as possible to assure purchasers of small amounts full opportunity to do their bit on the economic front in this war."

Instalment Buying

Report is Canadian banks are working out arrangements with private citizens to permit them to buy the bonds on credit and to pay back the banks in instalments.

It's similar to the programme U. S. banks followed during the Liberty Loan drives of the first World War. That's another thought-provoking point.

No Interest

Perhaps even more indicative is the Dominion's sale of "registered non-interest-bearing certificates" due June 15, 1945.

Thousands of citizens offered to lend money to the Dominion without interest, it is said, so Canada tendered a $10,000,000 issue of these non-interest-bearing certificates in denominations ranging from $1 up.

Not only has the $10,000,000 been subscribed, but $5,000,000 more has been sent in, according to reports.

Books on the loan probably will remain open indefinitely.

Policy

It's a matter of fundamental financial policy—whether a government is to go to its citizens for money during an emergency, or whether it is to rely on bank credit and to risk encouraging inflationary forces.

So far, the U. S. has chosen the bank credit method for its financings, but if our emergency is prolonged and national defence expenditures continue over many years, it is highly likely that this government will follow the same policies adopted by Canada.

"A people's loan"—as William Gibbs McAdoo put it in 1917—"is the main

FROM DAY TO DAY

THE Municipal Offices will be closed to public business on Thursday, October 10.

MR. J. V. Crowe, manager of Ford Motors of China, arrived here yesterday from the south.

DR. F. Weinberg, M.D., has returned from holiday and has resumed his practice at Apt. 17 153G Route des Soeurs.

DR. H. E. Suessbach has returned from his holiday in Japan and has resumed his practice with Dr. W. E. O'Hara.

MR. D. M. Biggar, manager of the Chase Bank in Hongkong, was among those who arrived here in the ss. President Cleveland.

MR. W. R. Roemer, passenger traffic manager of the American Express Co. in Manila, arrived in Shanghai yesterday in the President Cleveland.

THE Shanghai Missionary Association will meet today in Union Church Hall. Tea at 5 p.m. and the meeting will commence at 5.45 p.m. Mr. K. E. Soderbom will give an address on "Mongolia."

MR. J. H. Taggert, managing director of the Hongkong & Shanghai Hotels Ltd., was a through passenger in the ss. President Cleveland en route to San Francisco. Mr. Joseph Fisterre, manager of the National and Aniline Chemical Co. in China, arrived here in the same ship.

MEMBERS of the Western Circle of The King's Daughters' Society are reminded of a meeting to be held on Wednesday October 9th at 10 a.m. in the home of Mrs. D. Wheldon, 891 Rue Ratard. All members are requested to attend.

ARMED with a pistol, two Chinese bandits became $930 richer when they held up two Chinese pedestrians in Pingliang Road, near Thorburn Road at 6.50 a.m. yesterday. The criminals intimidated their victims with the fire arm and took all the cash they had on their persons.

LIEUT.-Col. Lewis Beebe, of the United States Army, and Mrs. Beebe, were among those who arrived in Shanghai in the ss. President Cleveland yesterday. Others were Mrs. W. T. Goodwin, the wife of the American President Line's General Agent in Manila, and Mr. and Mrs. Han-shen Sha and daughter. Mr. Sha is attached to the Chinese Legation in Rio de Janeiro.

COMMANDER John M. Creighton, U. S. Attaché to the Embassy in Peiping, and Mrs. Creighton arrived in Shanghai yesterday in the ss. President Cleveland. Mr. Willys R. Peck, First Secretary to the U. S. Embassy in Chungking, and Mrs. Peck, and Mr. Karl de G. MacVitty, American Consul in Amoy, were through passengers on the liner en route to San Francisco.

THE central district came in for its share of armed robberies when four armed men entered 51 Museum Road at 12.10 p.m. yesterday. The robbers proceeded to the second floor where they intimidated four assistants and got away with $750 in cash and several fountain pens. No alarm was raised by the occupants and the bandits made good their escape.

THE same situation prevailed at the French Tramway Company where no additional trams or buses were put on the run yesterday. An official of the company stated yesterday that he had hopes for an early settlement, but could not say just when that will realize. More than half of the employees were back on their jobs, but police precautions, taken on the first day of the strike, were still applied.

THE Committee of the A.D.C. announces that the postponed performances of "Tony Draws a Horse" will take place on October 30 and 31 and November 1 and 3 at 9.15 p.m. at the Lyceum Theatre. Tickets purchased for the week ending on October 12 will be available for the corresponding days in the week ending on November 2. If desired, money will be returned at Messrs. Moutrie & Co's or at the theatre.

MEMBERS of the Royal Society of St. George, and particularly subscribers, toward the parting gift to the 2nd Bn. The East Surrey Regiment, are invited to inspect the gift which is being presented to the Regimental Mess and which is on view at Alexander Clark & Co., Sassoon House. After the payment of the gift, the balance is being sent to Colonel Swinton for the Regimental Comforts Fund.

A TOTAL of 16 foreigners and 584 Chinese died from various causes last week, tuberculosis, as usual taking the highest toll. Two foreigners and 30 Chinese died of this disease. Typhoid fever claimed 27 out of 30 Chinese cases reported in the week. Deaths from non-communicable diseases and other causes numbered 13 foreigners and 492 Chinese. Influenza afflicted 30 foreigners, one of whom died, but there were only two cases of notification of this disease by natives.

THE weekly health report of the French Concession Health Authorities indicates that 2 foreigners and 173 Chinese have died in the past week from various causes. Tuberculosis victims among the Chinese numbered 15, and typhoid 11. The only foreigner who died in the month of a communicable disease was a victim of typhoid. Among the Chinese population 14 contracted beri-beri, 4 dying as a result of the disease. Pneumonia claimed 3 native victims.

THIS week's meeting of the Rotary Club of Shanghai will not be held on Thursday at 12.15 p.m. on account of the holiday, which falls on October 10. Rotarians from all parts of China, who are in the city, will gather on the eve of the Double Ten festival, however, for an Inter-City meeting sponsored by the Shanghai Rotary Club and the Outport Rotarians' Tiffin Club, which will be held at the Park Hotel, 2nd. floor, on Wednesday evening, October 9, from 7.30 p.m. Chinese Dinner will be served, from 8 p.m. but any Rotarian preferring foreign food is asked to please make the necessary reservation with the secretary of the Shanghai Rotary Club, by telephoning 16450. An interesting Rotary programme is assured.

Death of Governor Of Illinois

State Loses Colourful Personality by Death Of Mr. Henry Horner

Springfield, Ill., Oct. 7.

Mr. Henry Horner, Governor of Illinois, died yesterday at his Winnetka home at the age of 61.

Mr. Horner, who had been in a coma since early Saturday, was known as the "lone wolf" of Illinois Democratic politics and was unexcelled in state history as a personal vote-getter because of his ability to appeal to individuals.

He was the son of Solomon A. Levy and Dilah Horner, whose parents were Chicago pioneers.

Horner, a bachelor, once explained that as a boy he grew up with an invalid mother, devoting so much of his time to her that he did not have an opportunity to mingle in social parties and affairs with other young people.

He twice was elected governor of Illinois, serving two consecutive terms, being the first Democrat to do so since 1870.

His parents separated by mutual agreement when he was 4 years old, and he and his brother, Sidney, were taken by the mother and James, another brother, by the father. His grandfather was Henry Horner, who founded a wholesale grocery business in Chicago.

17 Years as Judge

The firm, originally known as Henry Horner & Co., later changed names at various times. Horner always retained an interest in the company.

After his mother's death Horner devoted virtually all his life to the study of law and positions of public office. He became a lawyer in 1889, served 17 years as Cook county probate judge and took office as governor in January, 1933.

He was a liberal, and rarely ever turned a deaf ear to a mercy plea. He granted clemency to the first woman sentenced to death in the electric chair in Illinois, commuting her sentence to one of life imprisonment.

Later he refused to interfere with execution of another condemned woman and she died in the electric chair.

He was a friend of Clarence Darrow, who staked his reputation as a lawyer who never lost a death case, on a plea to Horner for commutation of a death sentence against a 17-year-old boy who pleaded guilty to a murder charge. Mr. Horner commuted the sentence.

Library on Lincoln

His education was obtained in the public schools of Chicago and at the Kent College of Law in the same city. He obtained his degrees at the college and began the practice of law in partnership with another young lawyer, Frank Whitney.

Mr. Whitney's father was a prominent lawyer in the Civil War period and had been associated with Abraham Lincoln in practice. Mr. Horner gained access to many of the Lincoln letters and manuscripts which came into his partner's possession.

They proved the basis for one of the most extensive collections of Lincolniana in the world. Mr. Horner's library on Lincoln contained more than 6,000 volumes and was said to surpass even that of the Library of Congress.

In addition to the many Lincoln volumes, Mr. Horner's collection also comprised a number of manuscripts and letters written by the Emancipator as well as a life mask of Lincoln made in 1855 by Leonard W. Volk, a Chicago sculptor.

Changes in Procedure

During the 17 years Mr. Horner served as probate judge of Cook county he was credited with having handled approximately $3,000,000,000 worth of cash and property in settling estates for widows and orphans without a loss.

During his long tenure of office in the probate court Mr. Horner introduced many changes in procedure that were followed in other states, including the "Horner Plan" for handling the estates of war veterans without legal costs, expenses or attorney's fees to the beneficiaries.

Mr. Horner's refusal to permit guardians and conservators to invest in speculative stocks brought him high praise when the stock market crash occurred in October, 1929. Prior to that some of them had looked upon his policy as being "too conservative."

Record Voting

When Mr. Horner first was elected in 1932 he polled 1,930,230 votes, up to that time the highest ever received by a gubernatorial candidate in Illinois. At the same election President Roosevelt received 1,882,304 votes.

In the November, 1936, election, Mr. Horner went on to win re-election over C. Wayland Brooks, Chicago, by a plurality of 38,176. He received a total vote of 2,067,861 to set another record vote for governor, but ran behind President Roosevelt, who had 2,282,999 votes.

Mr. Horner was elected governor mostly through the efforts of Mr. A. J. Cermak, then mayor of Chicago, and later victim of an assassin's bullet in Florida—a bullet that was intended for President-Elect Franklin D. Roosevelt, whom Mr. Cermak had been visiting.

With Mr. Cermak dead, Mr. Horner more or less became a "lone wolf" in politics. He disagreed with the Chicago leaders, support of whom was necessary to insure political success as a Democrat. He vetoed legislation even though it was sponsored by them. —United Press.

Wendell Willkie Attacks "Whispering Campaign"

Brooklyn, N. Y., Oct. 7.

Mr. Wendell Willkie, Republican Presidential candidate, asserted in a series of five campaign speeches here last night that he is being made the victim of a "whispering campaign."

He said the alleged whispering campaign had been launched against him on the grounds that one of his parents was born in Germany.

"Any man, no matter how high his position, who impugns the completeness of my patriotism," Mr. Willkie said, "is a coward and a cur."—United Press.

Contrast Between King George and Dictators

New York, Oct. 7.

A vivid contrast between the dictators' "two monstrously armoured trains trundling to the Brenner," and King George "riding through the streets of his bomb-ridden capital, escorted by two motor-cycle policemen," is drawn by the New York "Herald-Tribune."

"The Royal couple are doing much by their example of unwavering courage, smiling self-discipline and genuine heartfelt interest. They are, as it were, a Ministry of Morale," the newspaper declares.—Reuter.

German Raider's Tactics

Rescued Crew of British Steamer Describe Change Of Flags and Name

London, Oct. 7

Tricks of a German commerce raider in the Atlantic to disguise its appearance by using a telescopic funnel and frequently changing its flags and name, were told by members of the crew of the sunken British steamer Haxby (West Hartlepool, 5,207 tons), who were landed at a Scottish port on Saturday.

The Haxby was sunk on April 24 and the captain and 23 men were transferred by the raider to a captured Norwegian vessel. They were dramatically rescued by the British submarine Truant, which came to the surface off Cape Finisterre and ordered the ship to stop. The submarine took the crew to Gibraltar.

Members of the crew of the Haxby said the British ship refused to obey the order to heave to by the raider, which started shelling. The first shell killed a gunner and successive hits smashed the deckhouse and lifeboats. They clung to wreckage and the Germans put out boats and took them aboard.

"The raider was a dirty-looking ship. For upwards of two months, we were prisoners, when a Norwegian merchantman was taken and we were transferred to it. For a further two months, the prize ship stealthily made its way towards German territory."

Food on the raider—black bread, potatoes, coffee and a little butter—was telling on their health, one of the British seamen reported. "We had almost given up the hope of being rescued when the Truant unexpectedly appeared." Although the crew of the raider gloated over them, he added, not all were Hitler's worshippers. One of the hospital staff stated openly that Hitler was "crazy and many Germans did not want to fight." —Reuter.

Britain to Aid Jews After Victory

Mr. Arthur Greenwood's Promise to U.S. Rabbi

New York, Oct. 7.

An assurance to the Jews of America of Great Britain's good intentions towards Jewry after the war has been sent to Rabbi Wise by Mr. Arthur Greenwood, British Minister without Portfolio, it was revealed here last night.

The message is described by the American press as the first public declaration on the Jewish question since the start of the war.

It states that when victory is achieved, an effort will be made to found a new world order based on "ideals of justice and peace," in which the conscience of civilized humanity would demand that the wrongs suffered by the Jewish people in so many countries should be righted.

Reuters learn in London that Mr. Greenwood sent this message about a month ago through a close personal friend who was going to America on a lecture tour.—Reuter.

Anti-Jewish Laws in France

Madrid, Oct. 7.

The military administration in occupied France has just published an ordinance in regard to Jews, who "will no longer constitute a privileged minority," says a Paris dispatch to the newspaper "ABC."

All Jews, it is stated, must register with the police, and posters must be affixed to their business premises, declaring in French and German the identity of their proprietors.

The ordinance applies to all persons of Jewish faith or whose ancestry includes two Jewish grandparents.

The correspondent remarks it is a curious coincidence that at the same time as the ordinance was published in the occupied zone, Marshal Petain, head of the French State, called his Cabinet to draft a law regulating the position of Jews in unoccupied France.—Reuter.

French Battleship Escapes Nazis

Thrilling Story of How 35,000-ton Vessel Left Before Completion

Vichy, Oct. 6.

It was officially revealed today that the 35,000 ton French battleship, Jean Bart, succeeded in leaving the dry dock where she was being completed and escaped from the battle zone, thus avoiding almost certain destruction, shortly before the hostilities between France and Germany ended. The vessel is the sister ship of the Richelieu which played a major role at Dakar.

The terse announcement of the vessel's escape covers one of the most amazing feats in French naval history.

On June 17 this year the battleship was still in dry dock in the Saint Denis docks at Saint Nazaire, not completed.

On the morning of the 18th the German forces had reached Andenis-sur-Loire, a point about twenty miles from Saint Nazaire.

After a day of frenzied work by sailors and dock-hands, the huge ship was floated in the evening of the 18th and took to the high seas, where she received further supplies and equipment.

At dawn the next day the Jean-Bart engaged three German bombers in action.

After sailing through seas in which German submarines were known to be active, the battleship finally arrived at Casablanca, five days after having sailed from France.

Credit for this feat must go to the French sailors and longshoremen who worked heroically to save the ship from certain destruction. The amount of work put in may be judged from the fact that a few days before the warship left Saint Nazaire, only one propeller out of four had been fitted.

Captain Ronarch commanded the Jean-Bart during her trip from France to Casablanca.—Havas.

Petain Visits French Wounded Soldiers

Sympathy Expressed for Men's Sufferings

Vichy, Oct. 6.

Marshal Philppe Petain, the Chief of State, visted today several hospitals here filled with wounded soldiers who had recently been brought back from the occupied areas of France.

Several of the most seriously wounded men were introduced to the Marshal. He expressed sympathy for their sufferings and praised their spirit of sacrifice.

"You have all won a large place in my heart, and my thoughts will always be with you," Marshal Petain told them.

A second group of wounded French soldiers from England arrived in Marseilles this morning on the steamer, Canada.

These soldiers, like their comrades who arrived yesterday on the Sphinx, took part in the retreat from Flanders.—Havas.

THE Chefoo Club, now one of the most modern institutions of its kind in the North, recently celebrated its 75th anniversary with a cocktail party, dinner and speeches in the club grounds. The chief decoration was an illuminated sign reading "1856-Chefoo Club-1940." The occasion brought to the Club the largest attendance ever seen at one time, including many Chinese members. The exact day on which the club was founded is not known as all records prior to 1935 were stated to have been destroyed.

Ever seen a "different" show?

"COQ d'OR"

is one

NOTICE

Notice is given herewith that Mr. J. Spalter is no longer connected with our Company.

HYGIENA MANUFACTURING COMPANY
MODERN ADVERTISING DEP.

Shanghai, October 7, 1940.

-5354

NOTICE

Notice is given herewith that no debts whatever contracted by Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Spalter will be acknowledged by the undersigned.

VICTOR EBSTEIN.

Shanghai, October 7, 1940.

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The 2 G-men

Wednesday, October 9

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Beauty Culture, etc.

Advertisements under this heading are carefully scrutinized before acceptance, and though no guarantee can be given readers may be reasonably assured of their bona fides.

LADY gives general massage, manicure 10-7 p.m. 205 Peking Road, Apartment 30, Second Floor. -5364

MRS. Mac gives massage. General-medical and special face massage, at client's home. Latest method. Telephone 23575. -4977

Houses and Land

WANTED to buy, residence with garden, area 2-3 mow, in Settlement or Concession. State price and particulars to Box 2968, NCDN. -5402

ATTRACTIVE site for apartment or residence, vicinity Seymour and Sinza Roads, area 1.372. Reasonable price. Apply Chuin Yih Co. Room 409, 255 Peking Road. -5392

WANTED to invest US$50,000 on apartment houses and or godowns including land. Reply Box 2948, NCDN. -5361

A beautiful piece of vacant land, 7 funs, best part of whole Avenue Joffre, suitable for high-class shops and apartments. Apply National Lands Co., 149 Yuen Ming Yuen Road. -5321

BARGAIN (price below present construction cost). Avenue Joffre: Modern 5-storied apartment building (concrete), US$16,000; Lincoln Avenue: one mow, $6,500; Route Pichon: one fun lot (including plans ready for building), $11,000; Great Western Road: mow 0.8, $12,000. Apply Krivoss Realty, 1331 Joffre, telephone 73953. 11629

Medical

Dr. A. A. FISHBEIN
DENTAL SURGEON
Former Assistant of Berlin Dental Institute
453 Avenue Joffre, 47 Bearn Apt.
Office hours: 10-1 and 3-6.30 p.m.
Telephone 85815

SEXUOLOGICAL CLINIC
Dir. Dr. J. KASSOFF, M.D.
Debility, Gland Disorders, Neurasthenia
HAMILTON HOUSE, Suite 226
Hours: 11-1 and 4-6 p.m. Tel. 14379

Dr. R. HOLPER, M.D.
Specialist in
Urology and Skin
Consulting hours: 11-1, 4-6
59 Peking Road Telephone 10734

Dr. I. M. STEINMANN, M.D.
Specialist in
Urology and Internal Diseases
Hours: 10-1 and 4-6 or by appointment
120 Nanking Road, 4th Floor
(corner Szechuen Road)
Tel. Office 14422; Residence 71133

Dr. J. KASSOFF, M.D.
(New York and Berlin Clinics)
Specialist in
Urology and Skin Diseases
Hamilton House, Office 218
Hours: 11-1 and 4-6 p.m. Tel. 14379
Also at 587 Bubbling Well Road
Hours: 8-10 and 6-8 p.m. Tel. 37622

Dr. L. NEUMANN, M.D.
Specialist in Urology and Skin Diseases
(Universities of Paris and Berlin)
119 NANKING ROAD
Apt. 5B Second floor
Tel. 13272 Hours 8 a.m.-7 p.m.

Dr. A. LESNIK, M.D.
Specialist in
Urology and Dermatology
320 Szechuen Road, Arnhold Building
Hours: 10.30-1, 3-6 Telephone 17779
86 Bearn Apts., 475 Ave. Joffre
Hours: 8-10, 6-8. Telephone 83992

HOUSE CLEANERS
G. H. PARKES & CO.
TELEPHONE 72245

To Advertisers

The following replies are being held at this office, and the owners of the undermentioned Box numbers are requested to call for same before October 15, after which date they will be destroyed. Nos. 1560, 1682, 1898, 2036, 2060, 2103, 2106, 2116, 2212, 2224, 2229, 2244, 2250, 2278, 2356, 2365, 2460, 2471, 2496, 2519, 2559, 2561, 2583, 2592, 2602, 2603, 2645, 2646, 2683, 2694, 2734, 2752.

Furnished Apartments

THREE-ROOMED, furnished apartment to be taken over. French Concession. Very cheap rent. Telephone 76351. 11684

JUBILEE Court, four-roomed duplex apartment with garden, rental US$50. Furniture must be taken over. Telephone 76480, 8-11, 5-7 p.m. -5391

TWO roomed apartment; furniture to be taken over. Centre French Concession. Apply 9-12 noon. Telephone 71889. No brokers. -5366

TO LET from November 15, furnished 3-4 roomed apartment near the American School. Rent US$40 including heating, hot and cold water, refrigerator, garage. Furniture to be taken over at US$250. Box 2942, NCDN. -5342

FIVE-ROOMED, beautifully-furnished apartment to let for six months. French Concession. Address Box 2949, NCDN. -5363

THREE-ROOMED apartment, two baths, French Concession, low rental. Furniture, piano, radio combination, refrigerator, etc., to be taken over. Address Box 2943, NCDN. -5343

TENANCY four-roomed apartment, Concession. Rental US$30 to buyer of furniture including refrigerator. Price US$250. Telephone 74311. -5271

FRENCH Concession, very attractive 2½-roomed apartment, kitchen, bath, garage, refrigerator. Furniture to be taken over, U.S.$300. Address Box 2900, NCDN. -5266

OCTOBER 15, two-roomed flat, nicely-furnished, all conveniences. 600/1 Avenue Haig, near Edinburgh. -5269

Unfurnished Apartments

TO LET, four and five-roomed flats. bath, kitchen, for immediate occupation. 160 Route Destelan, House 1. View any time. -5350

TWO rooms, bath, kitchen, steamheating, hot and cold water. Telephone for appointment, 73168. -5359

TO LET: three-roomed apartment. bath, kitchen. Concession. No key-money. Apply General Investment Co. -5302

TO LET three-room, south flat. US$30. Address Box 2936, NCDN. -5331

TWO-ROOMED, selfcontained flat. Concession. Reasonable rent. No key-money. Shanghai Realty Co. -4971

Offices, Shops, Godowns

TO LET, furnished office with telephone, best location. Nanking Road. Apply General Investment Co. -5404

TO LET: 10,000 sq. ft. godown space (ground floor) Yangtszepoo district. Immediate possession. Reply Box 2925. NCDN. 11692

AVAILABLE immediately on Great Western Road 6,000 square feet godown space, also 450 square feet suitable for apartment. Apply: Asia Realty Company, 110 Szechuen Road. Telephone 18770. 11666

Animals

LOST. Wire-haired terrier, white, with brown markings, one pink, one brown eye. Answers name Jerry. Reward. Telephone 76210. 625 Route de Sieyes. -5368

FOR SALE to good home West Highland white terrier. Pedigreed bitch 18 months old. Imported. Owner leaving. Apply Oliver, Gas Co. 11702

PEDIGREED cocker spaniel at stud. No charge. Telephone 71437, tiffin time. -5221

Furnished Houses

HOUSE for rent: Route Dupleix, five separated rooms, conveniences. Telephone 50283, Shanghai Investment Company. -5335

FURNISHED house to let. A comfortable and well-furnished detached house with garden in western district is to let to responsible foreigner from November 1 for six months. Seven rooms, three bathrooms and two garages. Address Box 2930, NCDN. 11677

Unfurnished Houses

NEAR Joffre 3 big, 3 small rooms, kitchen, 2 baths, garage, telephone. Rent $120. Telephone 76904. -5367

NOVEMBER 1, delightful eight-roomed modern house Hungjao, near Fraser. Partly furnished. US$50. Telephone 29689, 12.30 to 1.30. -5348

FOR RENT, large, unfurnished, foreign house, on Columbia Road, six bedrooms, four bathrooms, large garden, two-car garage, available November 15, rent and takes about U.S.$100 monthly, no key-money. Address Box 2924. NCDN. 11667

LARGE house and garden available in the western district, 8 rooms, 5 bathrooms. Apply The Shanghai Land Investment Co., Ltd. 11643

NICE big foreign residence next Dauphine Apartment, rent US$65. No key-money, private garden, garage servants' quarters and all modern conveniences. Immediate occupation. For inspection telephone 73276. -5323

Wanted to Rent

BRITISH couple require two/three-roomed, furnished apartment, private bathroom/kitchen. Box 2957, NCDN. -5380

WANTED to rent, one or two rooms, furnished, near Edinburgh Road or bus 14. European Plating Works, 102 Edinburgh Road, telephone 23261. -5382

WANTED by responsible party, 5/6-roomed house or 3/5-roomed apartment, in French Concession. Address Box 2941, NCDN. -5338

WANTED for immediate occupation by American family, small 5-6 room house. All modern conveniences. Telephone 22141 or write Post Office Box 1221. -5141

Radios

HIRE, sale and reliable repairs, every kind of radio. Universal Radio Co., 232 Nanking Road, telephone 19225. 11644

QUALIFIED foreign radio service. New sets of mark. Radio & Electrical Industries, 145 Route Sayzoong, Telephone 78644. -4521

Chinese Servants

EXCELLENT cook-boy or No. 1 house-boy, speaking English well, vast experience, hardworker, excellent references. Box 2963, NCDN. -5392

WANTED, good cook-boy. Must be recommended by British family. Box 2951, NCDN. -5389

COOK-BOY and amah (husband and wife) recommended by American and British family. Address Box 2950, NCDN. -5364

COOK-BOY seeks position, with recent reference, well-recommended by former local employer. Address Box 2940, NCDN. -5334

72782. General Employment Agency. Reliable cooks, boys, amahs, chauffeurs, coolies, rickshaws, 1272 Avenue Joffre. -5169

CAN anyone recommend efficient, honest boy-coolie. Must sleep in. Wages $50. No commissions. Box 2937, NCDN -5353

Wanted to Purchase

FOREIGN-made rowing machine in good working condition. Full particulars and price to Box 2931, NCDN. 11678

WANTED to buy secondhand suits, dresses, shoes, carpets, clothing, etc. 125 Kiaochow Road, House 7. Telephone 34663, Mr. Engel. -5275

WANTED to purchase, one rocking chair. Reply stating price and where chair may be seen to Box 2889, NCDN. -5243

Dancing

MISS Lillian Grey, qualified instructress in ballroom dances, gives private lessons at Waldemar's Dancing Academy, 1272 Avenue Joffre. -5329

DANCING is an indispensable accomplishment which Ellan Sisters can teach you to perfection. Inquire: Ellan's Dancing Academy, 152 Route Destelan. -5148

Boats

YACHT, Spook, for sale, 26 ft. A-class Byrne boat, including dinghy, insurance, $600. Telephone Palmer, office 11430, home 71220. -5357

Rooms Without Board

NICELY-furnished room, suitable also for office. Separate entrance. Bubbling Well Road. Telephone 37838. 11717

BIG southern room. All modern conveniences. Single person. 12 Rue Consulat, Apartment 301. 11710

UNFURNISHED rooms for rent. Airy, roomy, bathrooms, hot water. No key money. Reasonable terms. Married couples or families. Apply Apt. 7, 36G, Brenan Road. 11704

BRIGHT, comfortable, furnished room in modern apartment for single lady or gentleman. No refugee. Telephone 75252. -5344

TO LET, two large, well-furnished rooms in modern apartment, French Concession. Private bath, kitchen, heating, south. Private entrance. Box 2822, NCDN. -5337

TO LET, large, unfurnished room with bathroom and boxroom. Centre Concession. Rent $200 per month. Box 2960, NCDN. 11707

LARGE room in modern apartment, single gentleman only. Address 9/12 Route Paul Henry, telephone 77024. -5406

FIRST-CLASS furnished room, separate bathroom, board optional. Gentleman only. 5/36G Brenan Road, telephone 23396. -5340

GARDEN Bridge. Large, furnished or unfurnished room for single person. Private family, bathroom, telephone, foreigner only. Loewenthal, 225 Broadway. -5341

TWO-ROOMED unfurnished flat, bathroom. Near Jessfield Park. 35G Brenan Road, House 4. -5362

TO LET, furnished room, private home. Route Mayen, single person, $135. Telephone 76941, 9-3. -5229

WEIHAIWEI Road, three-roomed flat to let, for gentlemen only, in private residence. Address Box 2872. NCDN. -5219

NICELY-furnished room, private bath. arcola; small room attached. For gentleman. 506 Roi Albert. -5191

Rooms with Board

LARGE, nice, south room. Board. Suitable couple. Also small. Tramcar 7, 188 Route Dupleix. -5401

COMFORTABLE room with or without board, bath attached, steamheat, in house with garden. 117 Rue Massenet. -5376

BELMONT House, 15 Kelmscott Gardens. Available October 15, large, well-furnished room, bathroom. Excellent food. English-owned and supervised. 11715

SMALL well-furnished room in new house, excellent food, $200. 188 Route Dupleix. -5351

TUNSIN Lodge. Double rooms, newly furnished, with all conveniences. First class cuisine. European management. Garden, garage. Two minutes from bus stop 14 and 2. 42 Tunsin Road, House 28, Telephone 22946. -5339

THE Towers, 1182 Avenue Road. Comfortable double room, private bathroom, garden. Telephone 33534. -5324

For Sale — Miscellaneous

AMERICAN double waffle-iron and iron that heats in half a minute, 470 Seymour Road, House 12. -5397

A BIG quantity of grey and black plush at a low price. Telephone 46711. -5396

NEW Corona portable typewriter, US$20, for quick sale. Owner leaving. Box 2966, NCDN. -5393

STAMP-collectors. 2 Chinese collections for sale. 200 different, $20; 300 different, $60. For cheap sale. All stamps in good condition. Mr. Gerson, Post Office Box 1096. -5316

RARE stamps for sale, Kingdom Sicilies, excellent condition, guaranteed. Box 2956, NCDN. -5377

LIFE-SIZE bust, finest Carrara marble. Genuine work of art. 1310 Avenue Joffre, European Art. -5377

BRITISH advertiser leaving Shanghai wishes to sell furniture of 3-roomed flat, consisting of bedroom, dining room and living room. Also G.E. refrigerator in good working condition. Apply Box 2953, NCDN. 11702

ONE Hanau lamp, one diathermy apparatus, one instrument case, one instrument table. 21 Route Doumer, Room 1. -5336

SECONDHAND iron file for sale. 14 Kelmscott Gardens, telephone 72385. -5365

COMPLETE Pathe baby movie outfit. Super projector with motor, motocamera F3.5 Berthiot lens, screen with stand, four dozen printed 100 meter movie films (at ½ hour duration), and complete accessories, ready for show. Also motor sewing machine, phonograph records and pair riding-boots, for sale. Telephone 35888. -5119

PILLOW-CASES $5; huck towels 70 cents; aprons $1.50; laundry bags $2.90; Lace & Linen Syndicate, 114 Peking Road. 11689

SHIRTS: correctly made to measure, guaranteed English materials, from $22.50: genuine silk, $25. Razon's, Central Road. 11682

KIMBALL, well-known American make upright grand-piano for sale $1,200. Inspection between 9-12 noon only. St. Paul's Apartment 409. 11631

"SEIFERT" billiard table (cannon), chrome-steel beds with best "Schlaraffia" mattresses and A-1 eider-down quilts. Telephone 37801. -5311

EXHIBITION of gorgeous dinner-, tea-, small cup-sets and heavy crystal-ware. Dr. Weiss, 1823/A Avenue Joffre. -5264

NICK'S secondhand furniture shop. Buying selling: furniture, carpets, refrigerators, etc. Telephone 73937, 146 Route des Soeurs. House 3. -5029

SECONDHAND. Whether you want to purchase cheap furniture, carpets, or sell them, call Feiner, 306 Rue Bourgeat. Telephone 73597. -2909

ELECTRIC range, AEG, new. Three rings with roasting and baking space. Box 2902, NCDN. -5269

SILVER foxes, blue, cross, red foxes, otters, all kinds of furcoat-materials, imported directly, bargain prices. Box 2481, NCDN. -4514

ALL kinds of porcelain, crystalware, household implements for sale. "Bargain", 781 East Seward Road, Sundays open. -4033

SINGER sewing machines, new and slighly used, at very low prices. 138 Hamilton House. -4984

SERGE: navy-blue/brown pinstripes, suitable suits and costumes, 58 inches wide, $45 yard. Razon's, 12 Central Road. 11683

FIRST-class Persian carpet (Tebris), beautiful design, 9.8x12 ft. Further several fine Persian rugs. For sale, privately. No brokers. Box 2904, NCDN. -5268

SHIRLEY TEMPLE, fully dressed, with a large company of other nice dolls and toys arrived at Doll Store Rosette, 135 Seymour Road. -5047

PORCELAIN, crystalware, oil paintings, bronzes, gift objects from Europe, always in stock at our standard low rates. Please look out for our special offers appearing every Saturday in this column. Martin Futter, Wolff and Cohn, 908 East Seward Road. Mind the house number. -4479

Educational

RUSSIAN lady, experienced teacher, university graduate, gives Russian lessons. Address Box 2971, NCDN. -5409

FOREIGN Y.M.C.A. radio operators class starting October 16, 6.30 p.m. Apply Educational Office, Telephone 92250. -5373

PIANO lessons by well experienced piano pedagogue (Berlin). At pupil's home. Box 2946, NCDN. -5355

CHINESE lady well-educated, teaches Shanghai dialect. Box 2969, NCDN. -5403

MANDARIN lessons wanted from Pekingese gentleman, four hours weekly. State remuneration. Post Office Box 2184. -5393

WANTED, experienced English conversation teachers, for evening lessons. Address Box 2927, NCDN. -5322

DRAWING and painting lessons. Consultation 5-7 p.m. M. Kitchiquin, 10 Avenue Dubail. -4168

FIGUEIREDO'S School. Dependable. Day/evening. Shorthand, typewriting. English. 54 Garden Apartments, 1173/11 Bubbling Well. 11540

ENGLISH family requires young lady speaking pure French as nurse to two children, either by the day or to sleep in. Afternoon and evenings only will be considered. Address Box 2928, NCDN. 11671

ITALIAN, French, English lessons, conversation and grammar. Translations, commercial correspondence. Box 2894, NCDN. -5280

COMPLETE commercial course, shorthand (Gregg/Pitman), typewriting English, commercial correspondence, bookkeeping, coding, filing. Students prepared for Pitman, Gregg and London Chamber of Commerce examinations. Class or individual tuition. Moderate fees. Apply Mrs. Sweeney, Steno-Typist Academy, 173-301 Seymour Road. 11649

Personal

WILL Mr. and Mrs. Heidi Popper who arrived here by ss. Conte Rosso, May 9, kindly communicate at once with Mr. Panday, care Cathay Hotel. -5346

JOIN Social Correspondence Club: boon to the lonely; local/outport. Several languages. Inquiries Box 2955, NCDN. -5376

YOUNG Italian desires exchange English-Italian conversation with attractive lady. No refugees or gold-diggers. Box 2972, NCDN. -5409

THE "NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

Classified Advertisement Order Form

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Signature and Address .....
(not for publication)
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One insertion per word 25 cts.
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Seven or more „ „ 15 cts.
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No. of insertions .....
Heading .....
Cash enclosed .....

More Classified Ads. Overleaf

TO-DAY'S WEATHER PROBABILITIES

Fine weather, cloudy at places with morning fogs and variable breezes in China and at Sea.

	At Cathedral	At Siccawei
Temperature yesterday	min. 64.0 max. 81.0	min. 60.1 max. 79.5
„ same date last year	min. 66.0 max. 83.0	min. 66.7 max. 83.1

NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS ★

SHANGHAI, TUESDAY, OCTOBER 8, 1940 (8th day of 9th moon)

AIR AND OCEAN MAILS

Pan American Airways Service per steamer on Oct. 10, at 10 a.m. for registered and ordinary due San Francisco on Oct. 22. Air mails for Europe may be sent by this service to U.S.A. for connection with the P.A.A. Trans-Atlantic Air Service.

Imperial Airways (H'kong, Bangkok, S. Africa, Australia) per steamer on Oct. 8, at 3 p.m. for registered and at 4 p.m. for ordinary.

Dairen and Japan Air Mails close daily at 8 p.m.

Next steamership mails for America and Europe: Oct. 13 and 22, 1940.

LEGAL AND OFFICIAL ANNOUNCEMENTS

NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS

Single copies 30 cents

Shanghai delivery .....6 mos. $42
China, Korea and Japan ..... „ 46
Hongkong and Macao ..... „ 55
Postal Union Countries ..... „ 104

NORTH-CHINA HERALD

EVERY WEDNESDAY

Weekly Edition of the "North-China Daily News"

Single copies $3

Shanghai, China and Japan ..6 mos. $42
Hongkong and Macao ..... „ 46
Postal Union Countries ..... „ 54

North-China Daily News & Herald, Ltd. (Incorporated in Hongkong)
Reg. Office: North-China Building, S'hai.
Telegrams: Herald Shanghai
P.O. Box 707 Telephone 11059

Letters should be addressed to the Secretary, North-China Daily News & Herald, Ltd., to whom all remittances should be made payable.

Personal announcements in this column, $15 per insertion, including insertions in the North-China Herald.

To-day's Events $4 per line, which includes all insertions till date of event.

BIRTH

McQUEEN.—On October 6, 1940, at the Country Hospital, Shanghai to Georgina, wife of F. A. McQueen, a son—Hugh Alexander. -5291

DEATHS

ROOPE.—On Monday, October 7, 1940, at the Shanghai General Hospital, Edith Roope, aged 73 years, the mother of Mrs. M. Gater, Mrs. W. T. Bertenshaw and Mrs. C. E. Reardon (San Francisco). Removed to the parlours of the International Funeral Directors 207 Kiaochow Road. Funeral services will be held on Thursday, October 10, at the Bubbling Well Cemetery, at 4 p.m.

ATKINSON.—On Monday, October 7, 1940, at 455 Rue Lafayette, Henry Albert Atkinson, aged 80 years, the beloved husband of Mrs. H. A. Atkinson and father of Mary Charles, Frank and Arthur. Removed to the parlours of the International Funeral Directors, 207 Kiaochow Road. Requiem Mass will be celebrated at St. Peter's Church, Avenue Dubail, on Thursday, October 10, at 8 a.m., to be immediately followed by interment at the Lokawei Cemetery.

CARD OF THANKS

Mrs. J. Taylor and Miss L. Walker return grateful thanks for the many expressions of sympathy shown them in their bereavement.

TO-DAY'S EVENTS

OCTOBER

8 Am. Women's Cb., Civics Dept. 2.30. Home Ec. Dept., 4.45
8 Cold Dew (Han-lu)
8 Chinese-American Commercial Treaty signed (1903)
8 China elected to League of Nations Council (1938)

COMING EVENTS

OCTOBER

9 Trio Baer, Wittenberg, Schoenbach. Chamber Music, American School, 10 Avenue Petain, 9
10 Russ. Lt. Op. 'Columbine,' Lyc. 8.45
12 Vocal Recital by Prof. Chao Mei-Pa's pupils, A.W.C., 9
13 Concert Louis Levinee, A.W.C., 8.30
15 B.W.A. Jumble sale, 9.30 a.m.
17 Le Ballet Russe in 'Coq d'or' fantastic and amusing ballet in 3 acts, Lyc. 9.15
19 Ballet Russe 'Coq d'or' Lyc. 9.15
19 5th Rover Ball, aid of British Red Cross, Am. Women's Club, 9
20 Ballet Russe 'Coq d'Or' Lyc. 2.15, 9.15
21 Engineering Society Meeting, 5.45
26 B.W.A. concert, 9.30 a.m.
29 Vladimir Havsky, farewell concert, Lyc., 9.15
30 A.D.C. 'Tony Draws a Horse,' Lyc. 9.15
31 A.D.C. 'Tony Draws a Horse,' Lyc. 9.15

NOVEMBER

1 A.D.C. 'Tony Draws a Horse,' Lyc. 9.15
2 A.D.C. 'Tony Draws a Horse,' Lyc. 9.15
7 Jumble UC hall, Limb. Fd. 9.30 a.m.

G. R.

NOTICE

It is hereby notified that the name of the Industrial Investment Corporation Limited has been struck off the Register.

Dated at the office of the British Registrar of Companies, Shanghai this Seventh day of October, 1940.

A. H. GEORGE,
H. B. M. Consul-General and Registrar of Companies, at Shanghai
11712

CUSTOMS NOTIFICATION No. 1647

DRAWBACK CHEQUES DATED BEFORE JANUARY 1, 1938 TO BE INVALIDATED AFTER JANUARY 31, 1941.

In accordance with instructions from the Inspector General of Customs, the public is hereby notified that all unclaimed cheques dated between January 1 and December 31, 1937, will be destroyed unless claimed before February 1, 1941. Similarly, Drawback cheques dated between January 1, and December 31, 1937, which have been issued but not cashed, will become invalid after January, 31, 1941.

L. H. LAWFORD,
Commissioner of Customs.

CUSTOM HOUSE,
Shanghai, October 7, 1940.
11716

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES

Notice is hereby given that cargo stored at present in godowns No. 6 and 10, French Bund, will be shifted to godown No. 2, third floor, and oil cargo stored in Godown No. 11 will be shifted to godown No. 15 on Friday, October 11.

Consignees are therefore warned to arrange alteration of their insurance covers accordingly.

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE

Shanghai, October 8, 1940.
41711

EWO COTTON MILLS, LTD.

(Incorporated under the Companies' Ordinances of Hongkong)

Notice is hereby given that Certificate No. 588 for 100 Shares numbered 798162/261 in the name of Mrs. Virginia T. Lindsley is declared to have been lost and unless its existence is notified to the undersigned within thirty days hereof the same will be cancelled in the Books of the Company and a new certificate issued in its place.

JARDINE, MATHESON & CO., LTD.
General Managers.

Ewo Cotton Mills, Ltd.

Shanghai, September 14, 1940.
11289

SHANGHAI FOREIGN EXCHANGE BANKERS ASSOCIATION

NATIONAL FESTIVAL

The Member Banks of the above Association will be closed for the transaction of Public Business on Thursday, October 10, 1940, on account of the above.
11701

LOST

Our Identification card issued in the name of Mr. Hwang Chuan Kwen dated May 14, 1940, is hereby declared to have been stolen and the public is warned not to honour same. A new Identification card has been issued bearing date October 7, 1940.

THE TEXAS COMPANY (CHINA) LTD.
11705

LOST

Our Identification Card issued in the name of Mr. Han Chao Feng dated November 2, 1939, is hereby declared to have been stolen and the public is warned not to honour same.

A new Identification card has been issued bearing date October 5, 1940.

THE TEXAS COMPANY (CHINA) LIMITED
11662

GODOWN AND LAND FOR SALE

Excellent reinforced concrete building B. C. Lot, 1M-9F-8L-5H-B, conveniently located in Wayside district. Three floors: area each floor 15,000 sq. ft., Total area: 45,000 sq. ft. Massive heavy type structure. Present tenants willing to remain, or arrangements can be made for own use. Will sell reasonable. Owner Box 2817, NCDN.
11611

AUSTIN

NEW SHIPMENT "8s"

JUST ARRIVED

COME IN AND SEE

THEM BEFORE THEY GO

AUTO PALACE

100 Route Cardinal Mercier
Telephone 70180
11549

TO LET

626 Avenue Haig/Edinburgh Road corner—Formerly occupied by a European Embassy—large modern residence, 3 garages, garden, private drive, vegetable garden, hot house, etc. Immediate occupation or within one month. Inspection by appointment. Further particulars. Apply to Brandt & Rodgers, Ltd. 331 Kiangse Road. Telephone 11169.
11668

TEETH

WHICH DO NOT DECAY

2,000 teeth constitute the Dunlop tread, the most powerful non-skid design ever produced.

FIT

DUNLOP TYRES

WITH TEETH

Office:
117 Hongkong Road, Telephone 13413
11590

"WAITER,

bring me a dry ginger ale." "Pale, Sir?" "No, thanks, just a glass." Your request for particulars of reliable All Risks insurance on jewellery and furs will be promptly complied with.

C. E. SPARKE
INSURANCE OFFICE

Agents:
PHOENIX ASSURANCE CO., LTD.
Established 1782 Assets £30,000,000
18 The Bund Telephone 11303

NORGE

for refrigeration

COLUMBIA RADIO

British and Best

ELECTRIC AND MUSICAL INDUSTRIES (CHINA) LTD.
678 Bubbling Well Road
Telephone 36865
11887

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At your finger tips, the responsive and flexible control of 84 horsepower. Plymouth for Performance!

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Federal Inc., U.S.A.

80 Avenue Edward VII
Telephone 13083

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Chicago, U.S.A.

FILMO CAMERAS AND PROJECTORS

8 mm. and 16 mm.

17 Canton Road (Union Building)
Third Floor, Telephone 10131
11703

U. B. BEER ORDER DEPT. 30087

11543

IF YOU WERE IN ENGLAND

you would wonder if friends in Shanghai were really doing their share by sending all the money they can possibly give to the Lord Mayor's Red Cross and Air Raid Relief Funds.

The Central British War Fund will send your gifts to London. Hon. Treasurer, Mr. G. H. Stacey, c/o Hongkong & Shanghai Bank.

DR. H. E. SUESSBACH

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11714

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Chinese Government 23rd Year (1934) 6% Sterling Indemnity Loan

OFFICIAL LIST OF DRAWN BONDS

Thirteenth Semi-Annual Drawing
October 1, 1940

五十鎊債票

Bonds of £50:—

0007 0045 0046 0064 0066 0111 0122 0125 0183 0193 0212 0216 0224
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1580 1593 1604 1640 1659 1682 1692 1712 1761 1769 1778 1793 1801
1803 1856 1893 1896 1918 1971 1979 1980 1985

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2543 2547 2576 2599 2619 2636 2645 2674 2692 2720 2730 2749 2772
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3031 3037 3054 3108 3125 3166 3179 3187 3215 3252 3253 3259 3290
3305 3306 3349 3363 3376 3416 3432 3433 3474 3483 3518 3555 3580
3587 3600 3631 3649 3657 3677 3696 3712 3741 3761 3771 3785 3827
3841 3855 3860 3877 3911 3925 3957 3978 3990 4010 4023 4049 4069
4082 4115 4119 4127 4130 4132 4224 4235 4237 4263 4267 4328 4338
4349 4386 4400 4424 4467 4471 4472 4475 4510 4553 4564 4569 4580
4616 4655 4657 4695 4700 4738 4767 4775 4777 4799 4801 4814 4832
4867 4896 4905 4933 4943 4946 4963 5016 5024 5046 5060 5062 5126
5150 5177 5185 5197 5212 5221 5273 5296 5297 5304 5308 5349 5379
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5913 5944 5982 5989 5997

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6824 6835 6838 6839 6846 6902 6949 6973 6980 6988

本屬抽簽由有關各部及各銀行派員監視執行
本公債基金保管委員會啓 民國二十九年十月一日

The drawing was conducted in the presence and under the supervision of competent authorities.

THE LOAN SERVICE COMMITTEE.

October 1, 1940.
11713

WEATHER, TIME AND TIDE

Meteorological Reports	Oct. 6 16.00	Oct. 6 21.00	Oct. 7 4.00	Oct. 7 9.00
Barometer (inches)	30.00	30.05	30.05	30.10
at 32 F. (variation for 24 hrs.)	+0.01	0.00	+0.03	+0.03
„ „ 12 hrs.)	+0.22	−0.02	+0.05	+0.05
Wind (direction)	WNW	NNE	NNE	NNE
„ (miles per hour)	8.7	8.7	6.8	8.1
Temperature (Fahr.)	78.3°	68.5°	65.1°	68.2°
Humidity (per cent)	52	93	88	70
Nebulosity (0 to 10)	0	0	0	4
Rainfall (inches)	—	—	—	—

Siccawei Abridged Report Oct. 6	Mean 1940	24 hrs. variation	67 years average
Barometer (mean 4 obs.)	30.04	0.00	30.04
Temp. min. 56.3° Max. 84.6°	70.4°	+0.5°	66.9°
Total rainfall January 1 to midnight before last (inches)	37.48	—	38.98

Time and Tide	8/10	9/10	10/10	11/10	12/10	13/10	14/10
Sun rises at Shanghai	5.51	5.52	5.53	5.53	5.54	5.55	5.56
Sun sets at Shanghai	17.31	17.29	17.28	17.27	17.26	17.25	17.24
Moon rises at Shanghai	12.30	13.15	13.57	14.35	15.10	15.44	16.18
Moon sets at Shanghai	23.25	—	0.21	1.16	2.09	3.02	3.54
Flood makes Shai. (day)	14.50	16.15	5.55	7.13	8.05	8.40	9.05
Ebb makes Shai. (day)	7.15	8.25	10.39	13.07	13.45	14.19	14.50
H.W. W'sung Bar (day)	17.02	5.50	7.52	9.15	9.52	10.34	11.00
Ht. above LLW. (feet)	7.02	6.00	6.40	7.30	8.20	8.90	9.70

The above are zone times. Daylight saving time is one hour later.

THE WEATHER

(See top of page, left)

State on the morning of the 6th:—Pressures high over China. Rather low over Japan. Fine weather with morning fogs and variable breezes in China and at sea.

State on the morning of the 7th:—Normal anticyclone over China. Low pressures over north Japan.—Siccawei Observatory.

POST OFFICE NOTICES

(See top of page, right)

The following times apply to the Head Post office Szechuen Road Bridge. Earlier posting at Sub-Offices is needed.

TUESDAY, October 8.	Reg.	Ord.
Formosa via Keelung	*20.00	8.00
Chefoo and Tientsin	10.00	10.30
Amoy and Hongkong	13.30	14.00
Nantung	14.30	15.00
Aust. N.Z. and Indo-China	x 15.00	16.00
Hongkong and Canton	x 15.30	16.00
Japan and Korea via Nagasaki	19.30	20.00
Kiangpei offices south and east of Jukao	19.30	20.00
Hongkong and Canton ...	19.30	20.00
WEDNESDAY, October 9.		
Shenkaimen and Tinghai	x 9.30	10.00
Amoy	14.30	15.00
Aust. N.Z. Indo-China S.S. Ceylon India and Suez (via Colombo)	Ax15.00	16.30
Hongkong and Canton	x 16.00	16.30
Kiangpei offices south and east of Jukao	19.30	20.00
Amoy	19.30	20.00
Hongkong and Canton	19.30	20.00
Tsingtao and Dairen	20.00	20.00
THURSDAY, October 10.		
Shenkiamen and Tinghai..	9.30	10.00
Aust. N.Z. Indo-China		
Manila and Java Ports..	BX10.00	10.00
Amoy Hongkong and Canton	x 10.00	10.00
U.S.S.R. and Europe via Siberia	18.30	19.00
Kiangpei offices south and east of Jukao	19.00	19.00

* The night before
A Parcel mail for India, closes at 12.00 on 9th.
B Parcel mail for Netherlands India, closes at 16.00 on 9th.
(Next parcel mail for U.S.A. closes on October 31, 1940.)

Canton-Hanoi-Bangkok Air Mail

Air mails close every Sunday and Wednesday at 8 p.m. for registered and ordinary for transmission per Shanghai-Canton Air Line to connect with the aeroplane leaving Canton on Friday. The air mails may also be sent per available steamer to Canton via Hongkong.

Royal Netherlands Indies' Airways K.N.I.L.M. (Saigon-Batavia-Sydney) per available steamer to Saigon via Hongkong.

Light Train Mail

Via N.S.R. 10 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.
Kiangpei offices north and west of Jukao 10 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.
Via S.H.N.R. 1.30 p.m.; for Sungkiang and Hangchow 1.30 p.m. and 10.30 p.m.
North Pinghan and Lunghai Line (Chenghsien and east thereof) 10 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.
Wuhu, Tatung, Hwaining, Kiukiang and Hankow 10 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.
Remark: For Europe via Siberia:—Mails for Europe and U.S.S.R. via Siberia despatched per trains via Nanking and T'sin to connect with the Trans-Siberian trains, (for time of closing, see above).

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Acknowledgments

Contributions received by the "North-China Daily News" will be forwarded to the societies or charities concerned, by whom acknowledgment in these columns will be made in due course.

(Continued from Yesterday)

Central British War Fund (Shanghai)

Proceeds of the Exhibition Tennis Matches on 24/8/40 at the Shanghai Race Club, Summer Sports Section	5,800
Two White Russian Friends ..	30
McTier,Miss D.E.	25
Hilborne,C.K.G.	5
Huddleston,Herbert	10
Cox,Mrs.Daisy A.	50
Anonymous "B"	150
Anonmous "P"	250
Kendall,F.G.I.	100
Jenkins,Mrs.J.C.	25
Hancock,Mrs.Anna	25
Some Chinese Friends	1,500
Millar,Mr/Mrs.J.F.	10
Shirazee,Miss S.V.	5
Thomson,Mr/Mrs.W.	50
Wilson,Mr/Mrs.A.W.	20
Williams,Miss Nellie	40
Paynter,Miss Emily	25
Dodds,Miss Mary Lillias	16
Shekury,Miss E.F.	25
Callie,John I.	100
Kibble,Mr K.M.P.—sale of goods	57
Runge & Co., Ltd.	500
Ross,D.P. 150	Keswick,J.H. 1,000
Lorgden,P.E. ..25	Tolmie,G.W. 50
Kearton,W.A. ..100	J.C.L. 200
Une Francaise ..50	Anon 25
Perrin,C.M. 130	Anon 25
Grondahl,A.K. ..25	Moalem,Mrs.G. 10
Symons,Mrs.L. ...5	J.M.C. 200
D.R.G./E.H. 5	Anon 510
IN MEMORY OF MR. STAR TALBOT	
Waller,Mrs.E.L.	5
IN MEMORY OF DENYS H. COOKE	
Howells,Mrs.M.	10
IN MEMORY OF H. J. P. SMITH	
Mr/Mrs.J.L.W.	25
IN MEMORY OF H. J. P. SMITH	
B. H. Smith, Mr/Mrs.	10
C. J. Smith, Mr/Mrs.	10
J. C. Jenkins, Mr/Mrs.	10
IN MEMORY OF MISS L. W. WALKER	
Lee,Mrs.Dorothy	10
Haas,Miss C.	5
IN MEMORY OF MRS. GERTRUDE MARY CLEMENTS	
D.O.M.E.	20
IN MEMORY OF FRED BOULTON	
Pettitt,A.V.	250
IN MEMORY OF MR. J. R. MAUGHAN	
Rayden,Mr/Mrs.F.	10
Riggs,Mr/Mrs.S.C.	25
Davidson,Alec,Mr/Mrs.	50
T.A.T.B. and F.F.B.	50
Dumbar'on,Mr/Mrs.G.F.	15
Wilson,Mr/Mrs.J.Haynes	25
Shanghai Golf Club	25
Bungey,W.Slade	10
Whyte,Mrs.G.B.	25
Collins,Miss B.J.	10
Turnbull,Mr/Mrs.Wm.Alston ..	25
Bowden,Mr/Mrs.V.G.	25
Lee,Mrs.Dorothy 10	Laycock,C. 20
H.H.R. 10	J.H.J 25
Earle,H.G. 50	Farmbrough,L.J.. 10
Stewart,M.T. 25	Ovadia,L. 35
Parkhill,A. 25	Anon 25
	$1,234.53

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Balance Brought Forward..£20,656.13.10	
Wilson,Capt.G.	0.10. 0
Swettenham,G.F.	0.10. 0
Baker,Mrs.E.C.Palmer	1. 0. 0
Sassoon Interests	1,215. 5. 7
Certain British Members of the Staff of the Imperial Chemical Industries China Ltd.	19. 0. 0
Chalmers,Mr/Mrs.A.	1. 0. 0
J.G.J. 1. 0. 0	P.W.W. 1. 0. 0
Anon 2. 0. 0	Knight T.S. 5. 0. 0
Bowden,V.G. 4. 0. 0	Booth,E.S. .1. 0. 0
Turner,M.W. 5. 0. 0	

Quarterly Contributions

Allen,W.D. .2.10. 0	Dobbs,F.E.L. 5. 0. 0

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Sir A. Noble Bt.	50. 0. 0
G.B.S. Hkg.$80 at 1/23¼d ..	4.19. 9
MacCurdy,Miss Hattie R. ..	1. 0. 0
Lewis,Mrs.L.N.	10. 0. 0
Shanghai Race Club Summer Sports Section Proceeds of the Exhibition Tennis Matches 24/8/40 U.S.$20 at 384	5. 4. 2
Nanking British War Charities Fund	45. 0. 0
Brown,Mr/Mrs.Joseph	2. 2. 0
D.M.R. 1.12. 0	Dean,A.V.T. 25. 0. 0
	£22,068. 0.10

B.W.A. War Work Fund

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Mrs. Dolores Morgan	15
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Mrs. Bertha Neves	10
Mrs. Flavia Viera Sauer	10
Mrs. Marie Remedios Davis	6
Miss Anna Andreef	5
Miss Tamara Kwachadze	5
Miss Anna Letchford	5
Miss Eugenie Borodine	5
Miss Tamara Markitant	5
Miss Barbara Gutterres	5
Miss Cissy Rozario	5
Miss Elsa Figueiredo	5
Miss Evelina Lopes	5
Mrs. Tamara Voisky Makarov	5
Mrs. Agnes Helberg Roche	5
Miss Fanny Helberg	5
Mrs. Helena Collins	3
Miss Libania Favacho	2
Miss Margaret Helberg	2
Miss Sarah Remedios	1
Miss Gertrude Remedios	1
Mrs. Marie Remedios Fine	1
Mrs. Beatrice Remedios Moore ..	1
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